









SLLSEW6B-NOVEMBER 2016-REVISED AUGUST 2017

TUSB422 USB Type-C[™] Port Control with Power Delivery

1 Features

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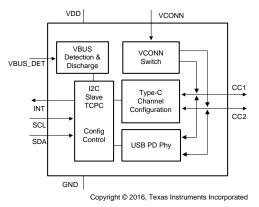
Instruments

- Supports USB Type-C[™] 1.2 and Power Delivery (PD) Specifications
- USB PD Phy with I²C Interface (TCPCi) Supporting:
 - 5 24 V Power Sourcing and Sinking
 - 2.5 Watt VCONN switch
 - Alt Mode Negotiations
- Optimized for Portable Applications with Autonomous Dual Role Port (DRP) Support
- Software Configurable as Dedicated Host, Dedicated Device, or Dual-Role
 - DFP, UFP and DRP
 - Attach/Detach of USB port
 - Cable Orientation Detection
 - Current Mode Advertisement and Detection
 - Debug and Audio Accessory Support _
 - Active Cable Detection
 - VCONN for Active Cable
- **Dead Battery Support**
- Integrated over-temperature sensing diode (OTSD)
- VBUS Detect and Discharge Control
- VDD Supply Voltage: 2.7 V 5.5 V
- Low Current Consumption
- Industrial Temperature Range of -40°C to 85°C

Applications 2

- Smartphones
- Tablets, Notebooks, Desktops
- Wall Charger, Power Banks

Simplified Schematic



3 Description

TUSB422 is a USB PD PHY that enables a USB Type-C port with the Configuration Channel (CC) logic needed for USB Type-C ecosystems. It integrates the physical layer of the USB BMC power delivery (PD) protocol to allow up to 100-W of power and support for alternate mode interfaces. An external microprocessor, containing USB Type-C Port Manager (TCPM), communicates with the TUSB422 through an I²C interface.

Under control of the TCPM, TUSB422 uses the CC pins to determine port attach/detach, cable orientation, role detection, and port control for USB Type-C current mode. The TUSB422 can be configured as DFP, UFP, or DRP, depending on the application. The TUSB422 implements VBUS detection and discharge for the implementation of a compliant USB Type-C port.

The TUSB422 integrates 2.5 Watt switch to provide VCONN power for an active cable. The device also provides VCONN discharge function. The TUSB422 also supports USB Type-C optional features such as audio and debug accessory.

The device operates over a wide supply-range and has low power consumption. The TUSB422 is available in industrial temperature ranges.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TUSB422		1.335mm x 1.380mm at 0.4mm pitch

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

USB Type-C Smartphone





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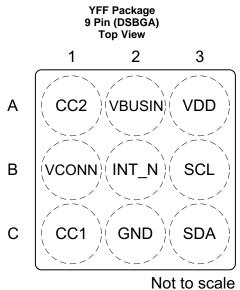
4 Revision History

Changes from Revision A (April 2017) to Revision B	Page
Changed Bit TX_BUFF_OBJx_BYTE_x From: Read Only To Read/Wright in Figure 54 and Table 51	51
Changes from Original (November 2016) to Revision A	Page
Deleted text: "Following sentence optional" from the ESD Ratings table notes	4



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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



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Pin Functions

	PIN	- I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME	1/0	DESCRIPTION
A1	CC2	I/O (FS)	Type-C Configuration channel signal 2. Used for connector orientation, connection detection and removal, current capabilities, and PD communication. This pin requires an external $C_{RX(SHUNT)}$ capacitor.
A2	VBUSIN	I	5-24 V VBUS input voltage. Tie directly to VBUS at Type-C connector.
A3	VDD	Р	2.7 V to 5.5 V Positive supply voltage
B1	VCONN	Р	2.7 V to 5.5 V VCONN. VCONN voltage should be at a valid stable value before software closes the VCONN switch.
B2	INT_N	O (FS)	Open drain output. Asserted low to indicate status change occurred. Requires an external pull-up resistor.
B3	SCL	I/O Open- drain (FS)	SCL - I2C communication clock signal. Requires an external pull-up resistor.
C1	CC1	I/O (FS)	Type-C Configuration channel signal 1. Used for connector orientation, connection detection and removal, current capabilities, and PD communication. This pin requires an external $C_{RX(SHUNT)}$ capacitor.
C2	GND	G	Ground
C3	SDA	I/O Open- drain (FS)	SDA - I2C communication data signal. Requires an external pull-up resistor.

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	6	V
VCONN Switch voltage	VCONN	-0.3	6	V
	INT_N, SDA, SCL	-0.3	6	V
Control pins	CC1, CC2	-0.3	6	V
	VBUSIN	-0.3	26	V
Storage temperatu	ire, T _{stg}	-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	±1500	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾	±1500	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{DD}	Supply voltage range	2.7	3.7	5.5	V
VCONN	VCONN voltage range	2.7	5	5.5	V
VBUSIN System VBUS voltage		0	5	24	V
V _{I2C_SYS}	V _{I2C SYS} System I2C voltage range that SDA and SCL are pulled up to		1.8	3.6	V
-	Operating Free air temperature with VCONN not supported in the system	-40	25	105	°C
IA	Operating Free air temperature with VCONN supported in the system	-40	25	85	°C
TJ	Junction temperature	-40		125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		TUSB422	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	YFF (DSBGA)	UNIT
		9 PINS	
$R_{\Theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	114.3	°C/W
R _{@JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	0.7	°C/W
$R_{\Theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	24.9	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.3	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	24.9	°C/W
R _{@JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	NA	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power Consu	mption					
I _{(UNATTACHED_} UFP)	UFP Current consumption in Unattached.SNK when port is unconnected and waiting for connection	VDD = 3.7V		10		μΑ
I _{(UNATTACHED_} DRP)	DRP Current consumption while toggling between Unattached.SNK and Unattached.SRC when port is unconnected and waiting for connection.	VDD = 3.7V		12		μA
I _{(UNATTACHED_} DFP)	DFP Current consumption in Unattached.SRC when port is unconnected and waiting for connection	VDD = 3.7V		11		μΑ
I(ACTIVE_UFP)	UFP Current consumption in attached.SNK Active Mode. PD Disabled.	VDD = 3.7V		330		μΑ
I _{(ACTIVE_UFP_P} D)	UFP current consumption in attached.SNK with PD enabled and transmitting continuous BIST Carrier Mode 2.	VDD = 3.7V; TX_CARRIER_MODE2_SEL = 1;		5.2		mA
CC pins (CC1	and CC2)					
V _{CC(USB_DB)}	Voltage on both CC pins when in dead battery and the attached DFP is presenting default current advertisement	VDD = 0V	0.25		1.5	V
V _{CC(MED_DB)}	Voltage on both CC pins when in dead battery and the attached DFP is presenting medium current (1.5A) advertisement	VDD = 0V	0.45		1.5	V
V _{CC(HIGH_DB)}	Voltage on both CC pins when in dead battery and the attached DFP is presenting high current (3.0A) advertisement	VDD = 0V	0.88		2.18	V
R _(CC_RD)	Pull-down resistor when in UFP or DRP mode	VDD = 2.7V to 5.5V	4.6	5.1	5.6	kΩ
R _(CC_RA)	Pull-down resistor for active cable	VDD = 2.7V to 5.5V	0.8	1	1.2	kΩ
I _{CC(LKG)}	Leakage current through CC pins	VDD = 0V; VCONN = 0V; CC pin = 5.5V			1.36	mA
V _{(UFP_CC_USB})	Voltage level range for detecting a DFP attach when configured as a UFP and DFP is advertising default current source capability		0.25		0.61	V

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{(UFP_CC_MED})	Voltage level range for detecting a DFP attach when configured as a UFP and DFP is advertising medium (1.5A) current source capability		0.7		1.16	V
V _{(UFP_CC_HIG} h)	Voltage level range for detecting a DFP attach when configured as a UFP and DFP is advertising high (3.0A) current source capability		1.31		2.04	V
V _{TH(DFP_CC_U} sb)	Voltage threshold for detecting a UFP attach when TUSB422 is advertising default current source capability.		1.51	1.6	1.64	V
V _{TH(DFP_CC_M} ed)	Voltage threshold for detecting a UFP attach when TUSB422 is advertising medium current (1.5A) source capability.		1.51	1.6	1.64	V
V _{TH(DFP_CC_HI} GH)	Voltage threshold for detecting a UFP attach when TUSB422 is advertising high current (3.0A) source capability.		2.46	2.6	2.74	V
V _{TH(AC_CC_US} B)	Voltage threshold for detecting a active cable attach when advertising default current		0.15	0.2	0.25	V
V _{TH(AC_CC_ME} D)	Voltage threshold for detecting a active cable attach when advertising medium current		0.35	0.4	0.45	V
V _{TH(AC_CC_} HI GH)	Voltage threshold for detecting a active cable attach when advertising high current.		0.76	0.8	0.84	V
I _{CC(DEFAULT_P})	Default mode pull-up current source when advertising default current.		64	80	96	μΑ
I _{CC(MED_P)}	Medium (1.5A) mode pull-up current source when advertising medium current.		166	180	194	μΑ
I _{CC(HIGH_P)}	High (3.0A) mode pull-up current source when advertising high current.	VDD > 3.0V	304	330	356	μΑ
R _{TX(PD)}	Output impedance of CC1/CC2 during TX when operating in PD mode and driving the CC line.	At 750KHz	33	48	75	Ω
$R_{TX(FRS_PD)}$	Fast Role Swap request transmit driver resistance (excluding cable resistance)				5	Ω
V _{OH(PD)}	Transmit high voltage when operating in PD mode		1.05	1.125	1.2	V
V _{OL(PD)}	Transmit low voltage when operating in PD mode.				0.07	V
R _{RX(PD)}	Receiver input impedance. Does Not include pull-up or pulldown resistance from cable detect.	TX is Hi-Z	1			MΩ
V _{RX(FRS_PD)}	Fast role swap request voltage detection threshold		0.49	0.52	0.55	V
V _{IH(PD_SRC)}	Input high voltage when sourcing power. Selected when POWER_ROLE = 1.		0.8925		1.5325	V
V _{IH(PD_SNK)}	Input high voltage when sinking power. Selected when POWER_ROLE = 0.		0.6425		1.5325	V
VIL(PD_SRC)	Input low voltage when sourcing power. Selected when POWER_ROLE = 1.		-0.3325		0.4825	V



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

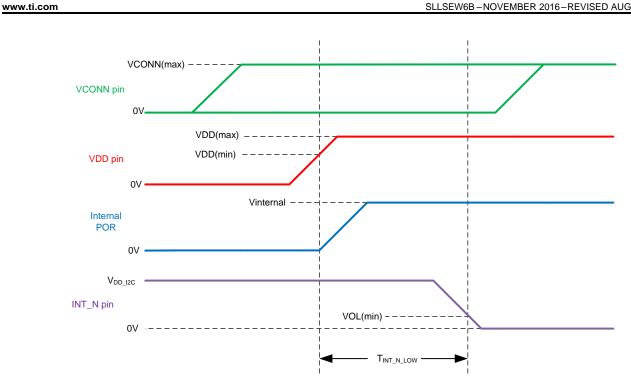
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IL(PD_SNK)}	Input low voltage when sinking power. Selected when POWER_ROLE = 0.		-0.3325		0.2325	V
C _{RX(SHUNT)}	External shunt capacitance on both CC1 and CC2.		200		450	pF
Control pins:	INT_N					
I(INTN_LEAK)	INT_N leakage	VDD = 0V; 0 < INT_N < 3.3V	-1		1	μA
V _{OL}	Low-level signal output voltage	IOL = -2mA			0.4	V
I2C (SDA and	SCL). VDD must be above 3V to operation	ate at 3.3V I2C levels				
V _{IH(I2C)}	High-level input signal voltage		1.2			V
V _{IL(I2C)}	Low-level input signal voltage				0.4	V
V _{OL(I2C)}	Low-level signal output voltage (open- drain)				0.4	V
I _{OL(I2C)}	Low level output current		6			mA
I(I2C_LKG)	Leakage through SDA and SCL pins	VDD = 0V; pin pulled up to 3.6V	-1		1	μA
C _(I2C)	Capacitance for SDA and SCL pins				10	pF
C _{(I2C_FM+_BUS})	I2C bus capacitance for FM+ (1MHz)				150	pF
C _(I2C_FM_BUS)	I2C bus capacitance for FM (400KHz)				150	pF
R _{(EXT_I2C_FM+})	External resistors on both SDA and SCL when operating at FM+ (1MHz)	$C_{(I2C_{FM+}BUS)} = 150pF$	620	820	910	Ω
R _(EXT_I2C_FM)	External resistors on both SDA and SCL when operating at FM (400KHz)	C _(I2C_FM_BUS) = 150pF	620	1500	2200	Ω
VCONN				l		
R _{DS(ON)}	ON resistance of the VCONN power FET.			0.4	0.75	Ω
V _(PASS)	Voltage to pass through VCONN power FET				5	V
I _(VCONN)	VCONN current limit; VCONN is disconnected above this voltage.		500	650	850	mA
V _{(VCONN_PRES})	Threshold for detecting Vconn present.		2		2.4	V
C _(VCONN)	Bulk capacitance on VCONN; Placed on VCONN pin supply		10		200	μF
R _(VCONN_DIS)	Resistance to GND when Vconn discharge is enabled		4.6	5.1	5.6	KΩ
VBUSIN						
C _(BULK_SRC)	Source External bulk capacitance when operating as VBUS Source.		10		150	μF
C _(SNK)	Sink External bulk capacitance on VBUS at connector		1		10	μF
C _(SNKPD)	Sink External bulk capacitance on VBUS after success PD negotiation		1		100	μF
R _(BLEED)	Resistance to gnd when bleed discharge is enabled		8	10	12.5	KΩ
V _{(SRCSLEWNE} G)	VBUS discharge maximum slew rate				-30	mV/µs
V _{(VBUS_MEASU} RE_ACC)	VBUS_VOLTAGE register measurement accuracy		-2		2	%
OTSD						
T _(OTSD1)	TJ over temperature trip threshold resulting in VCONN turn off and flag set.			150		°C



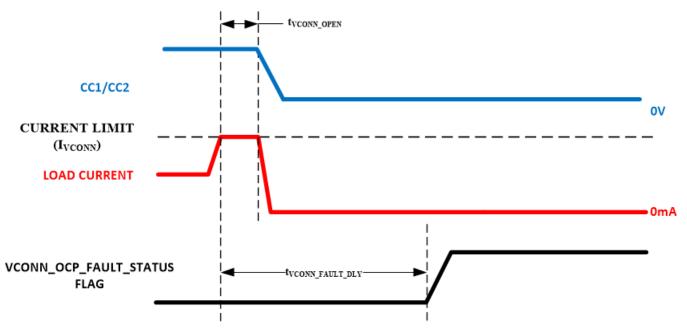
6.6 Timing Requirements

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
CC pins in PI	D mode					
F _{br_PD}	Bit Rate		270	300	330	Kbps
t _{UI_PD}	Unit Interval		3.03	3.3	3.7	μs
t _{RISE_PD}	Rise time	10% to 90%; C _{RX(SHUNT)} = 200pF	300			ns
t _{FALL_PD}	Fall time	90% to 10%; C _{RX(SHUNT)} = 200pF	300			ns
t _{RxFilter}	Rx Bandwidth limiting filter		100			ns
t _{InterFrameCap}	Time from the end of last bit of a frame until the state of the first bit of the next pre-amble		25		50	μs
t _{StartDrive}	Time before the start of the first bit of the preamble when the transmitter shall start driving the line.		-1		1	μs
t _{EndDriveBMC}	Time to cease driving the line after the end of the last bit of a frame				23	μs
t _{HoldLowBMC}	Time to cease driving the line after the final high-to-low transition		1		23	μs
nTransitionC ount	Transitions for signal detect	Number of transitions to be detected to declare bus non-idle	3			
t _{FRSWAPTX}	Fast Role Swap request transmit duration		60		120	μs
t _{FRSWAPRX}	Fast Role Swap detection time		30		50	μs
I2C (SDA and	SCL)		1			
FSCL	SCL clock frequency		0.001		1	MHz
tHD;STA	Hold time (repeated) start condition		0.26			μs
tLOW	Low period of SCL		0.5			μs
tHIGH	High period of SCL		0.26			μs
tSU;STA	Setup time for a repeated start condition		0.26			μs
tHD;DAT	Data Hold Time		0			μs
tSU;DAT	Data setup time		50			μs
tSU;STOP	Setup time for STOP condition		0.26			μs
tBUF	Bus free time between STOP and START condition		0.5			μs
tVD;DAT	Data valid time				0.45	μs
tVD;ACK	Data valid acknowledge time				0.45	μs
tR_I2C	Rise time of both SDA and SCL	30% to 70%			120	ns
tF_I2C	Fall time of both SDA and SCL	70% to 30%	14		120	ns
VCONN Fault						
t _{VCONN_FAULT} _DLY	Delay from Vconn fault detected to Vconn fault status flag set				20	μs
t _{VCONN_OPEN}	Delay from Vconn fault detected to Vconn switch opened				50	ns
Power-Up Re	quirements				<u>.</u>	
t _{INT_N_LOW}	Time from VDD (min) to TUSB422 asserts INT_N low.	Measured from VDD(min) to INT_N pin at VOL(min).			4	ms
t _{VDD_RISE}	VDD rise time	Measured from 0V to VDD(min)			40	ms
Sampling tim	ings					
t _{CC_SAMPLE_R} ATE	Delay from Vconn fault detected to Vconn fault status flag set	CC_SAMPLE_RATE = 2'b01		2		ms
t _{VBUSINRATE}	The sampling interval of VBUS Voltage	CC_SAMPLE_RATE = 2'b01			2.2	ms









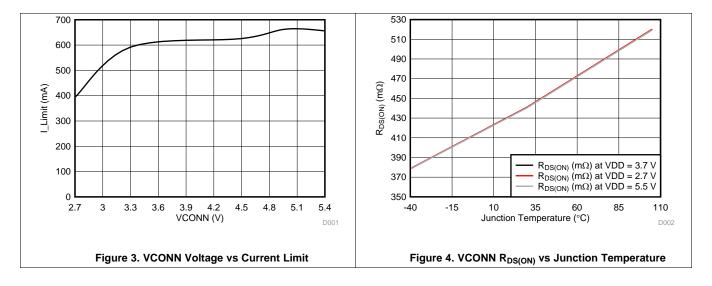


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6.7 Typical Characteristics





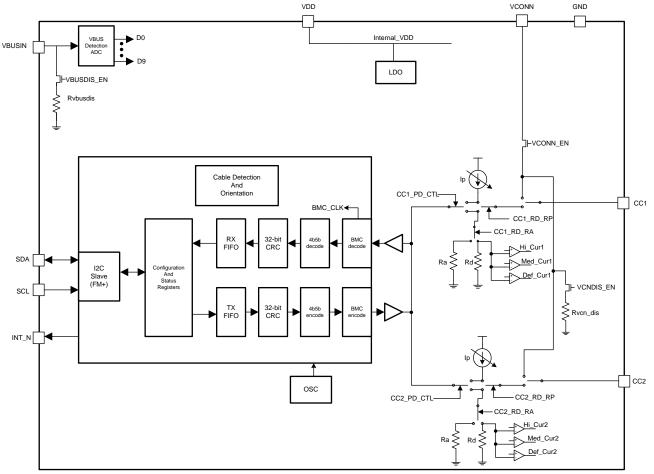
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The USB Type-C ecosystem operates around a small form factor connector and cable that is flippable and reversible. Due to the nature of the connector, a scheme is needed to determine the connector orientation. Additional schemes are needed to determine when a USB port is attached, determine the acting role of the USB port (Source, Sink, active cable, audio accessory, debug accessory), and communicate Type-C current capabilities. These schemes are implemented over the CC pins according to the *USB Type-C Specification 1.2*. The TUSB422 provides Configuration Channel (CC) logic for determining USB port attach and detach, role detection, cable orientation, and Type-C Current detection/advertisement. The TUSB422 also contains several features such as VCONN sourcing, VBUS enable, VBUS discharge enable, detection of vSafe0V, and low standby current.

The TUSB422 provides a USB Type-C Port Controller Interface (TCPCi) allowing the USB Type-C Port Manager (TCPM) residing in an external microprocessor the ability to determine when a port partner is attached or removed, cable orientation, enable or remove power to the Type-C port. The TUSB422 implements a USB PD BMC physical layer and protocol layer for communication over the Type-C port for purposes like power negotiations, alternate mode enablement (ie DisplayPort over Type-C), and data role negotiations just to mention a few. The TUSB422 takes a message provided by external processor, calculate and append a 32-bit CRC, encode, and transmit the encoded message over the CC wire in the cable. The TUSB422 also receives data from the CC wire and determined if packet is valid or not, respond with GoodCRC, and notify external processor of its arrival by asserting the interrupt (INT_N).

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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Functional Block Diagram (continued)

7.2.1 Cables, Adapters, and Direct Connect Devices

Type-C Specification 1.2 defines several cables, plugs and receptacles to be used to attach ports. TUSB422 supports all cables, receptacles, and plugs.

7.2.1.1 USB Type-C receptacles and Plugs

- USB Type-C receptacle for USB2.0 and USB3.1 and full-featured platforms and devices
- USB Full-Featured Type-C plug
- USB2.0 Type-C Plug

7.2.1.2 USB Type-C Cables

- USB Full-featured Type-C cable with USB3.1 full featured plug
- USB2.0 Type-C cable with USB2.0 plug
- Captive cable with either a USB Full featured plug or USB2.0 plug

7.2.1.3 Direct Connect Devices

TUSB422 supports the attaching and detaching of a direct connect device such as a cradle dock or captive cable.

7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 USB PD I2C Type-C Port Controller Interface (TCPC)

The TUSB422 provides up to 1Mbps I2C USB Type-C Port Controller Interface (TCPC) interface and register set allowing for control by external processor. The TUSB422 implements the following optional TCPC features.

- Up to 24 V VBUS Measurement and Alarms
- Default, 1.5 A, and 3 A Source Resistor (Rp) advertisement
- Source VCONN
- VCONN overcurrent fault detection

7.3.2 USB PD BMC PHY

The TUSB422 contains a USB Power Delivery BMC (Bi-phase Mark coded) Baseband phy. The TCPM can enable the TUSB422's USB PD BMC phy for any of the following conditions when the TUSB422 is in Attached.SNK, Attach.SRC, DebugAccessory, or PoweredAccessory state:

• Receiver Detect Register is non-zero

The USB PD phy will always be disabled when the TUSB422 is in the unattached mode.

The TUSB422 PD BMC phy receiver threshold will be set based on the value of the POWER_ROLE field in the *Message Header Info* register. The default receiver threshold can be changed by setting the VIX_PD and VIX_PD_OVERRIDE fields in the *PHY BMC RX Control* register.

POWER-ROLE	V _{IH}	V _{IL}			
0	V _{IH(PD_SRC)}	V _{IL(PD_SRC)}			
1	V _{IH(PD_SNK)}	V _{IL(PD_SNK)}			

Table 1. Power Role

7.3.3 DFP (Downstream Facing Port)

The TUSB422 can be used in applications in which USB devices are connected too. For example, in a desktop application the Type-C port(s) must be able to determine when a device is attached and enable both power (in the form of VBUS) and datapath (either USB data and/or Alternate Mode data like DisplayPort) to attached device. The TUSB422 can be used in a DFP application by programming the *Role Control* register to 0x05. This presents Rp on both of TUSB422 CC pins. When configured as a DFP, the TUSB422 can be used to control the sourcing of VCONN. Control of VBUS source path must be handled outside of the TUSB422.



Upon enabling TUSB422 for DFP, the TUSB422 will continuously monitor both CC1 and CC2 for a connection. After a connection has been determined, the TUSB422 will notify system of event by asserting the INT_N pin low. Upon detecting assertion of INT_N, the external microprocessor should read and clear the appropriate *Alert* registers.

The following steps are for initialization of the TUSB422 for DFP operation.

- 1. Upon TUSB422 power-up, the Power Status flag in *Alert* Register should get set indicating TUSB422 is initialized. When set, this flag will cause the INT_N pin to be assert low.
- 2. SW read the Alert Registers to determine reason for INT_N assertion. The expectation is Power Status bit (Reg10h bit 1) is set.
- 3. SW read Power Status register and notice that TCPC_INIT_STATUS flag is cleared. This indicates TUSB422 is ready.
- 4. SW clear Power Status bit in Alert register by writing a 1'b1 to the bit.
- Program the TUSB422 to present Rp on both CC pins. This is done by writing 0x05 to the *Role Control* register. If advertising greater than default Type-C current is desired, then write 0x15 for 1.5 A current or 0x25 for 3 A current advertisement
- 6. Write Look4Connection command to the *Command* register.
- 7. The TUSB422 now presents Rp on both CC pins and look for a connection.

NOTE

Because TUSB422 supports Dead Battery Mode, a dedicated DFP application (like a Car Charger) which uses the TUSB422 should incorporate a diode in the source power path circuitry to block VBUS from being received by another attached DFP/DRP that is providing VBUS.

7.3.4 UFP (Upstream Facing Port)

A UFP is a port that will present Rd on its CC pins and sink VBUS. The TUSB422 functions as a UFP by programming the *Role Control* register to 0x0A. This will cause TUSB422 to present a Rd on both CC pins.

The following steps are for initialization of the TUSB422 for DFP operation.

- 1. Upon TUSB422 power-up, the Power Status flag in *Alert* Register should get set indicating TUSB422 is initialized. When set, this flag will cause the INT_N pin to be assert low.
- 2. SW read the Alert Registers to determine reason for INT_N assertion. The expectation is Power Status bit (Reg10h bit 1) is set.
- 3. SW read Power Status register and notice that TCPC_INIT_STATUS flag is cleared. This indicates TUSB422 is ready.
- 4. SW clear Power Status bit in *Alert* register by writing a 1'b1 to the bit.
- 5. Program the TUSB422 to present Rd on both CC pins. This is done by writing 0x0A to the *Role Control* register
- 6. Write Look4Connection command to the Command register.
- 7. The TUSB422 now presents Rd on both CC pins and look for a connection.

7.3.5 DRP (Dual-Role Port)

A Dual-Role port functions as both a DFP and a UFP. The TUSB422 supports DRP either autonomously or manually. In autonomous DRP mode, the TUSB422 state machine toggles between UFP (Rd) and DFP (Rp) on both its CC pins. Autonomous DRP is enabled by programming *Role Control* register to 0x4A and writing Looking4Connection command to the *Command* register. Manual mode is under complete control of external processor. External processor must toggle between writing 0x0A and 0x05 to *Role Control* register at interval defined by Type-C specification summarized in Table 2.

PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	DESCRIPTION
t _{DRP}	50 ms	100 ms	The period a DRP shall complete a Source (Rp) to Sink (Rd) and back advertisement

Table 2. USB Type-C DRP Toggle Requirements

NSTRUMENTS

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Table 2. USB Type-C DRP Toggle Requirements (continued)

PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	DESCRIPTION
dcSRC.DRP	30%	70%	The percent of time that DRP shall advertise Source (Rp) during t_{DRP} .

The following steps are for initialization of the TUSB422 for DRP operation.

- 1. Upon TUSB422 power-up, the Power Status flag in *Alert* Register should get set indicating TUSB422 is initialized. When set, this flag will cause the INT_N pin to be assert low.
- SW read the *Alert* Registers to determine reason for INT_N assertion. The expectation is Power Status bit (Reg10h bit 1) is set.
- 3. SW read Power Status register and notice that TCPC_INIT_STATUS flag is cleared. This indicates TUSB422 is ready.
- 4. SW clear Power Status bit in *Alert* register by writing a 1'b1 to the bit.
- 5. Program the TUSB422 to present Rd on both CC pins. This is done by writing 0x4A to the *Role Control* register
- 6. Write Look4Connection command to the Command register.
- 7. The TUSB422 now presents Rd on both Rp pins and look for a connection.

The TUSB422 autonomously toggles between Rd and Rp according to the setting of the CC General Control register. If a value other than default value is desired, then CC General control should be programmed to desired value before performing Step 6.

7.3.6 Type-C Current Mode Advertising

Once a valid cable detection and attach have been completed, the TUSB422 has the option to advertise thru CC1/CC2 pins the level of Type-C current a UFP can sink. The TUSB422 supports all three possible Type-C current options: Default (500 mA / 900 mA), Medium(1.5 A), and High (3 A). The current advertisement used by TUSB422 is determined by the value programmed in the *Role Control* register.

NOTE

V_{DD} must be greater than 3.0 V to advertise 3 A current.

7.3.7 VBUS Source Enable/Disable Control

The TUSB422 is unable to directly control VBUS enable due to no GPIO support. For this reason, external microprocessor must directly control the Vbus enable. If it wishes, the external microprocessor may notify the TUSB422 when Vbus has been enable/disabled, or raised above vSafe5V value. Notification to TUSB422 comes in the form of writing to the *Command* register any of the following commands: SourceVbusDefaultVoltage (that is, vSafe5V enable), SourceVbusHighVoltage (that is, greater than vSafe5V), or DisableSourceVbus. If these commands are issued to the TUSB422, the TUSB422 ignores these commands.

7.3.8 VBUS Sink Enable/Disable Control

The TUSB422 cannot directly control VBUS Sink path, and therefore; VBUS sink path control is handled externally. Software may write the SinkVbus command to TUSB422 *Command* register, but the TUSB422 ignores this command.

7.3.9 VBUS Monitoring

One of the features of USB PD is the ability to raise VBUS above the default vSafe5V level. The ability to monitor the VBUS voltage level is critical to determining when VBUS is at desired level as well as when VBUS is no longer present. The TUSB422 implements measuring of VBUS and the results are stored in the VBUS Voltage register. The VBUS voltage measurement is enabled by setting the VBUS_VOLTAGE_MONITOR bit in the Power Control register.

7.3.10 VBUS Discharge

The TUSB422 implements internal VBUS discharge. The TUSB422 can be setup to discharge VBUS automatically based on Type-C conditions or software can force a VBUS discharge by setting the FORCE_DISCHARGE bit in the *Power Control* register.



The TUSB422 cannot directly control the enable of external VBUS switch. Therefore, software must disable VBUS switch before or immediately after discharge of VBUS is required.

The TUSB422 meets the USB PD standard with a bulk capacitance defined by $C_{(BULK_SRC)}$. If bulk capacitance greater than $C_{(BULK_SRC)}$ is required, then external VBUS discharge must be used. If an external VBUS discharge is desired, the TUSB422 internal VBUS discharge circuit can be disabled by setting the INT_VBUSDIS_DISABLE bit in the *VBUS and VCONN Control* register.

7.3.11 VBUS to CC Short Detection from Legacy Charger

A legacy Type-A charger will always have VBUS active. When customer plugs a Type-A to Type-C cable into both charger and TUSB422, the TUSB422 immediately detects Rp and then detects VBUS. If for some reason, there is a short between VBUS and CC, the TUSB422 the CC pin is exposed to VBUS voltage. The TUSB422 implements a detection of VBUS to CC short by monitoring voltage level on each the CC pin. If the initial voltage is above 3.5 V and TUSB422 is presenting Rd, then the TUSB422 will set the CC_FAULT status flag. The TUSB422 keeps the CC1_STATE and CC2_STATE flags in the open state. This indicates a invalid connection exist and user should be notified. The TUSB422 continues to look for a valid connection. Once user removes the fault condition (for example, selects a new cable), the TUSB422 indicates a valid connection by updating CC1_STATE and CC2_STATE to appropriate value.

7.3.12 VBUS Power Source Requirements

The TUSB422 is a Source if MESSAGE_HEADER_INFO POWER_ROLE = 1. As outlined in the USB TCPCi specification, the TUSB422 when operating as a source discharges VBUS under any of the following conditions when Auto Discharge (AUTO_DISCHARGE_DISCONNECT = 1) is enabled.

- Disconnect (Removal of Rd by port partner) is detected. The TUSB422 discharges VBUS to vSafe0V.
- Upon setting Force Discharge bit, the TUSB422 discharges VBUS to either vSafe0V or to the voltage specified by VBUS Stop Discharge register.

The TUSB422 does not automatically discharge VBUS upon reception of a Hard Reset.

7.3.13 VBUS Power Sink Requirements.

The TUSB422 is a Sink if MESSAGE_HEADER_INFO POWER_ROLE = 0. As outlined in the TCPC specification, the TUSB422 when operating as a sink must discharge VBUS to vSafe0V under any of the following conditions when Auto Discharge (AUTO_DISCHARGE_DISCONNECT = 1) is enabled.

- If VBUS present detection is enabled and VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold register is zero and VBUS present bit in the Power Status register transitions from a 1 to 0.
- VBUS crosses the threshold programmed in the VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold register.

7.3.14 VCONN

VCONN is required by active cables, emarker, and VCONN powered accessories like Alt Mode adapters. These types of devices or cables present Ra on one CC pin and Rd on the other CC pin. VCONN must be enabled when any of device or cable requiring VCONN is connected to a Type-C port and the TUSB422 is operating as a DFP or DFP in DRP mode. Software can also enable the VCONN switch when the TUSB422 is a UFP during a VCONN_SWAP sequence. The TUSB422 implements a VCONN switch which is controlled by software. The default state of this switch is open. By setting the ENABLE_VCONN bit in *Power Control* register, the TUSB422 removes closes the switch resulting in VCONN power to be connected to the CC pin indicated by value of PLUG_ORIENTATION bit in *TCPC Control* register.

Once the VCONN switch is closed, the switch can be opened by any of the following conditions.

- Software clear ENABLE_VCONN bit in *Power Control* register.
- VCONN overcurrent fault condition occurs resulting in TUSB422 opening VCONN switch and setting the VCONN_OCP_FAULT_STATUS bit in *Fault Status* register.
- Over temperature condition detected by TUSB422. Must be enabled in OTSD Control register.
- Hard Reset ordered set is received.
- Cable is removed (Rd no longer present) results in TUSB422 opening VCONN switch and discharging VCONN to vSafe0V



The TUSB422 discharges VCONN to vSafe0V by enabling Rd at designated CC pin anytime the VCONN switch transitions from closed to open state. Once at vSafe0V, the TUSB422 disables the discharge circuit by removing Rd and then re-enable Rp (assuming it is still enabled in *Role Control* register).

If an external VCONN discharge is desired, the TUSB422 internal VCONN discharge circuit can be disabled by setting the INT_VCONNDIS_DISABLE bit in the VBUS and VCONN Control register.

Before closing the VCONN switch, the TCPM must make sure the voltage on VCONN pin is at a valid level. When opening the VCONN switch by clearing the ENABLE_VCONN bit, the TCPM software must make sure voltage on VCONN pin is at valid level until after VCONN switch is opened and then, if desired, can remove the voltage from the VCONN pin. Removing the voltage on VCONN pin before Vconn switch is opened will result in a false VCONN fault condition.

7.3.15 Interrupts

The TUSB422 asserts the INT_N pin low anytime an unmasked event occurs. Upon assertion of the interrupt, the TCPM should read the *Alert* Registers to determine the reason for interrupt. Upon reading the *Alert* register, the TCPM should clear the interrupt by writing a 1'b1 to the appropriate field in the Alert register.

If the FAULT flag is set in the *Alert* register, the TCPM must first read the *Fault Status* register to determine reason for fault. Then clear the appropriate field in the *Fault Status* register by writing a 1'b1. Once all fields in *Fault Status* register are cleared, the TCPM can then clear the flag in the *Alert* Register by writing a 1'b1.

The TUSB422 also has Vendor Defined Interrupt registers which is not part of the USB TCPC specification. These vendor defined interrupts are masked by default. Software can enable vendor interrupts by setting the appropriate bit in the Vendor Interrupts Mask Register and setting the VENDOR_IRQ_MASK field in the Alert Mask register.

7.3.16 Fast Role Swap

The TUSB422 supports Fast Role Swap as defined in the USB Power Delivery 3.0 specification. Fast Role swap detection is disabled by default but can be enabled by setting the FASTROLE_RX_EN bit in the PHY BMC RX Control Register. After FastRole swap detection is enabled, the TUSB422 monitors PD communication for a pulse duration that meets the T_{FRSWAPRX} requirement. If FastRole swap is detected, the TUSB422 sets the FAST_ROLE_SWAP_STAT bit in the Vendor Interrupts Status register. Assuming Vendor defined interrupts are enabled, the TCPM will notice the Fast Role swap by the assertion of INT_N pin. If the TUSB422 was in the process of transmitting over PD when Fast Role Swap is detected, the TUSB422 sets either the TX_SOP_DISCARD or TX_SOP_FAIL alert flag. The TCPM must perform the necessary steps as defined by the USB PD 3.0 specification once it is notified of the Fast Role Swap event.

The TUSB422 can also transmit a FastRole swap pulse. This is done by writing a 1'b1 to the TX_FAST_ROLE_SWAP bit in the PHY BMC TX Control register. Upon setting this bit, the TUSB422 generates a FastRole swap pulse as defined by $T_{FRSWAPTX}$ parameter. The TUSB422 clears the TX_FAST_ROLE_SWAP bit after it has completed the transmission.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Unattached Mode

Unattached mode is the primary mode of operation for the TUSB422 since a USB port can be unattached for a lengthy period of time. In this mode, the TUSB422 may be configured as UFP (present Rd on both CC pins), DFP (present Rp on both CC pins), or DRP (alternate between Rp and Rd on both CC pins) operation and waiting for a connection. The TUSB422 remains in this mode until a connection is detected. Upon detection of a connection, the INT_N pin will be asserted low.

In Unattached mode, VDD is available, and all IOs are operational. VCONN is disabled. USB PD BMC phy is disabled.



Device Functional Modes (continued)

7.4.2 Active Mode

The TUSB422 is in the Active mode when either CC1_STATE field or CC2_STATE field in the *CC Status* register are non-zero, the TCPM has completed the required Type-C debounce of CC pins, and the TCPM has set the AUTO_DISCHARGE_DISCONNECT in the *Power Control* register. In active mode, all IOs are operational, and VCONN is available for an active cable. The USB PD phy can be enabled in this mode by setting the *Receiver Detect Register* to a non-zero value. The USB PD BMC PHY functionality can only be used if the TUSB422 is in any of the following active states: Attached.SRC, Attached.SNK, DebugAccessory, or PoweredAccessory. Use of TUSB422 USB PD BMC PHY in any other active state is not permitted.

7.4.3 Power Role Swap

Upon entering the active mode, the power provider and consumer is determined by whether or not TUSB422 is presenting a Rp or a Rd on CC pins. If TUSB422 is presenting a Rp, then TUSB422 is a power provider. If TUSB422 is presenting a Rd, then TUSB422 is a power consumer. Once in the active mode, it may become necessary change power role through performing a power role swap. Key requirements for performing a power role swap by the software are listed below. For additional details on power role swap, consult the USB PD specification.

Transition from power provider to power consumer:

- 1. TCPM state machine needs to transition from Attached.SRC to Attached.SNK.
- 2. Disable VBUS source. TCPM should send DisableSourceVbus command to TUSB422 Command register.
- 3. Once VBUS is at vSafe0V, change *Role Control* register to present a Rd.
- 4. Upon reception of PS_RDY message from port partner, update message header information and send PS_RDY back to port partner.
- 5. Enable Sink VBUS and VBUS presence detection. TCPM should send SinkVbus and EnableVbusDetect commands to TUSB422 *Command* register.

Transition from power consumer to power provider:

- 1. Disable AUTO_DISCHARGE_DISCONNECT in the *Power Control* register
- 2. Disable VBUS presence detection. TCPM should send DisableVbusDetect command to TUSB422 *Command* register.
- 3. Disable system sink VBUS. TCPM should also send DisableSinkVbus command to TUSB422 Command register.
- 4. TCPM state machine needs to transition from Attached.SNK to Attached.SRC.
- 5. Upon reception of PS_RDY message from port partner, change *Role Control* register to present a Rp.
- 6. Enable system source VBUS. TCPM should send SourceVbusDefaultVoltage command to TUSB422 *Command* register.
- 7. Once VBUS is at vSafe5V, the TCPM should then send PS_RDY to its port partner.
- 8. Upon successful completion of power-role swap, enable AUTO_DISCHARGE_DISCONNECT in the *Power Control* register

7.4.4 Debug Accessory

A Debug accessory is a device which presents Rd on both of TUSB422 CC pins or Rp on both of TUSB422 CC pins. The TUSB422 upon detecting either of these two conditions on its CC pins performs the required Type-C debounce. If either condition is still present at end of the debounce, the TUSB422 sets the DEBUG_ACC_CONNECTED bit in the Power Status Register.

The TCPM is required to determine cable orientation by reading the CC1_STATE and CC2_STATE in the CC *Status* register and writing the orientation to the PLUG_ORIENTATION bit in the *TCPC Control* register.

CC1_STATE	CC2_STATE	TCPM Writes to PLUG_ORIENTATION bit
2'b10 (Rd)	2'b01 (Ra)	1'b0. PD communication over CC1
2'b01 (Ra)	2'b10 (Rd)	1'b1. PD communication over CC2

Table 3. DebugAccessory Attached as a Sink

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Table 4. DebugAccessory Attached as a Source

CC1_STATE	CC2_STATE	TCPM Writes to PLUG_ORIENTATION bit	
Voltage is greater than CC2_STATE.	Voltage is less than CC1_STATE.	1'b0. PD communication over CC1	
Voltage is less than CC2_STATE	Voltage is greater than CC1_STATE.	1'b1. PD communication over CC2	

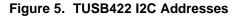
7.4.5 Dead Battery Mode

Low battery power could cause conditions in which communication over USB Type-C can no longer be maintained. When this situation occurs, it is critical to transition to attached.SNK state so that power from VBUS can be used to charge the battery back to an operational level. This condition is known as Dead Battery Mode. The TUSB422 supports dead-battery mode by presenting Rd to both CC pins when V_{DD} is no longer active.

In the dead-battery mode access to TUSB422 registers is not available. Upon exiting dead-battery mode, the TUSB422 enters mode dictated by the value of *Role Control* register.

7.5 Programming

The TUSB422 is controlled using I2C. The TUSB422 local I2C interface is available for reading/writing after T_{INT_NLOW} after the device is powered up. The SCL and SDA terminals are used for I2C clock and I2C data respectively.



7 (MSB)	6	5	4	3	2	1	0 (W/R)
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0/1

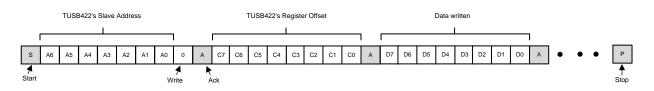
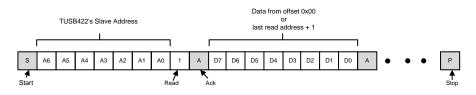


Figure 6. I2C Write With Data

The following procedure should be followed to write data to TUSB422 I²C registers (refer to Figure 6):

- 1. The master initiates a write operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB422 7-bit address and a zero-value "W/R" bit to indicate a write cycle.
- 2. The TUSB422 acknowledges the address cycle.
- The master presents the sub-address (I²C register within TUSB422) to be written, consisting of one byte of data, MSB-first.
- 4. The TUSB422 acknowledges the sub-address cycle.
- 5. The master presents the first byte of data to be written to the I^2C register.
- 6. The TUSB422 acknowledges the byte transfer
- 7. The master may continue presenting additional bytes of data to be written, with each byte transfer completing with an acknowledge from the TUSB422.
- 8. The master terminates the write operation by generating a stop condition (P).







The following procedure should be followed to read the TUSB422 I²C registers without a repeated Start (refer Figure 7).

- 1. The master initiates a read operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB422 7-bit address and a zero-value "W/R" bit to indicate a read cycle.
- 2. The TUSB422 acknowledges the 7-bit address cycle.
- 3. Following the acknowledge the master continues sending clock.
- 4. The TUSB422 transmit the contents of the memory registers MSB-first starting at register 00h or last read sub-address+1. If a write to the I²C register occurred prior to the read, then the TUSB422 shall start at the sub-address specified in the write.
- 5. The TUSB422 waits for either an acknowledge (ACK) or a not-acknowledge (NACK) from the master after each byte transfer; the I²C master acknowledges reception of each data byte transfer.
- 6. If an ACK is received, the TUSB422 transmits the next byte of data as long as master provides the clock. If a NAK is received, the TUSB422 stops providing data and waits for a stop condition (P).
- 7. The master terminates the write operation by generating a stop condition (P).

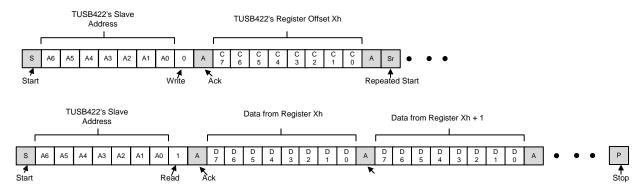


Figure 8. I2C Read With Repeated Start

The following procedure should be followed to read the TUSB422 I²C registers with a repeated Start (refer Figure 8).

- 1. The master initiates a read operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB422 7-bit address and a zero-value "W/R" bit to indicate a write cycle.
- 2. The TUSB422 acknowledges the 7-bit address cycle.
- 3. The master presents the sub-address (I²C register within TUSB422) to be written, consisting of one byte of data, MSB-first.
- 4. The TUSB422 acknowledges the sub-address cycle.
- 5. The master presents a repeated start condition (Sr).
- 6. The master initiates a read operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB422 7-bit address and a one-value "W/R" bit to indicate a read cycle.
- 7. The TUSB422 acknowledges the 7-bit address cycle.
- 8. The TUSB422 transmit the contents of the memory registers MSB-first starting at the sub-address.
- 9. The TUSB422 shall wait for either an acknowledge (ACK) or a not-acknowledge (NACK) from the master after each byte transfer; the I²C master acknowledges reception of each data byte transfer.
- 10. If an ACK is received, the TUSB422 transmits the next byte of data as long as master provides the clock. If a NAK is received, the TUSB422 stops providing data and waits for a stop condition (P).
- 11. The master terminates the read operation by generating a stop condition (P).



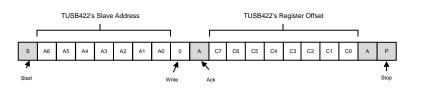


Figure 9. I2C Write Without Data

The following procedure should be followed for setting a starting sub-address for I²C reads (refer to Figure 8).

- 1. The master initiates a write operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB422 7-bit address and a zero-value "W/R" bit to indicate a write cycle.
- 2. The TUSB422 acknowledges the address cycle.
- 3. The master presents the sub-address (I²C register within TUSB422) to be written, consisting of one byte of data, MSB-first.
- 4. The TUSB422 acknowledges the sub-address cycle.
- 5. The master terminates the write operation by generating a stop condition (P).

After initial power-up, if no sub-addressing is included for the read procedure (refer to Figure 8), then reads start at register offset 00h and continue byte by byte through the registers until the I²C master terminates the read operation. During a read operation, the TUSB422 auto-increments the I²C internal register address of the last byte transferred independent of whether or not an ACK was received from the I2C master.



7.6 Register Maps

ADDRESS		RESET	DEFINITION				
0x00	VENDOR_ID_BYTE_0	0x51					
0x01	VENDOR_ID_BYTE_1	0x04					
0x02	PRODUCT_ID_BYTE_0	0x22					
0x03	PRODUCT_ID_BYTE_1	0x04					
0x04	DEVICE_ID_BYTE_0	0x00					
0x05	DEVICE_ID_BYTE_1	0x01					
0x06	USBTYPEC_REV_BYTE_0	0x11					
0x07	USBTYPEC_REV_BYTE_1	0x00					
0x08	USBPD_REV_VER_BYTE_0	0x11					
0x09	USBPD_REV_VER_BYTE_1	0x20					
0x0A	PD_INTERFACE_REV_BYTE_0	0x10					
0x0B	PD_INTERFACE_REV_BYTE_1	0x10					
0x0C 0x0F	Reserved	0x00	Reserved				
0x10	ALERT_BYTE_0	0x00					
0x11	ALERT_BYTE_1	0x00					
0x12	ALERT_MASK_BYTE_0	0xFFh					
0x13	ALERT_MASK_BYTE_1	0x0F					
0x14	POWER STATUS MASK	0xFF					
0x15	FAULT_STATUS_MASK	0x7F					
0x16 0x17	Reserved	0x00	Reserved				
0x18	CONFIG_STARDARD_OUTPUT	0x60					
0x19	TCPC_CONTROL	0x00					
0x19 0x1A	_						
		0x0A					
0x1B	FAULT_CONTROL	0x06					
0x1C	POWER_CONTROL	0x60					
0x1D	CC_STATUS	0x00					
0x1E	POWER_STATUS	0x00					
0x1F	FAULT_STATUS	0x00					
0x20 0x22	Reserved	0x00	Reserved				
0x23	COMMAND	0x00					
0x24	DEVICE_CAPABILITIES_1_BYTE_0	0x98					
0x25	DEVICE_CAPABILITIES_1_BYTE_1	0x1E					
0x26	DEVICE_CAPABILITIES_2_BYTE_0	0xC5					
0x27	DEVICE_CAPABILITIES_2_BYTE_1	0x00					
0x28	STANDARD_INPUT_CAPABILITIES	0x00					
0x29	STANDARD_OUTPUT_CAPABILITIES	0x00					
0x2A 0x2D	Reserved	0x00	Reserved				
0x2E	MESSAGE_HEADER_INFO	0x02					
0x2F	RECEIVE_DETECT	0x00					
0x30	RECEIVE_BYTE_COUNT	0x00	Number of Bytes in the RECEIVE_BUFFER that are not stale.				
0x31	RX_BUF_FRAME_TYPE	0x00	Type of received frame (with a reference to a description of the register)				
0x32	RX_BUF_HEADER_BYTE_0	0x00	Byte 0 (bits 70) of RX message header				
0x33	RX_BUF_HEADER_BYTE_1	0x00	Byte 1 (bits 158) of RX message header				

Table 5. Register Maps

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Register Maps (continued)

ADDRESS	REGISTER NAME	RESET	DEFINITION
0x35	RX_BUF_OBJ1_BYTE_1	0x00	RX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 1st data object
0x36	RX_BUF_OBJ1_BYTE_2	0x00	RX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 1st data object
0x37	RX_BUF_OBJ1_BYTE_3	0x00	RX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 1st data object
0x38	RX_BUF_OBJ2_BYTE_0	0x00	RX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 2nd data object
0x39	RX_BUF_OBJ2_BYTE_1	0x00	RX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 2nd data object
0x3A	RX_BUF_OBJ2_BYTE_2	0x00	RX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 2nd data object
0x3B	RX_BUF_OBJ2_BYTE_3	0x00	RX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 2nd data object
0x3C	RX_BUF_OBJ3_BYTE_0	0x00	RX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 3rd data object
0x3D	RX_BUF_OBJ3_BYTE_1	0x00	RX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 3rd data object
0x3E	RX_BUF_OBJ3_BYTE_2	0x00	RX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 3rd data object
0x3F	RX_BUF_OBJ3_BYTE_3	0x00	RX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 3rd data object
0x40	RX_BUF_OBJ4_BYTE_0	0x00	RX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 4th data object
0x41	RX_BUF_OBJ4_BYTE_1	0x00	RX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 4th data object
0x42	RX_BUF_OBJ4_BYTE_2	0x00	RX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 4th data object
0x43	RX_BUF_OBJ4_BYTE_3	0x00	RX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 4th data object
0x44	RX_BUF_OBJ5_BYTE_0	0x00	RX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 5th data object
0x45	RX_BUF_OBJ5_BYTE_1	0x00	RX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 5th data object
0x46	RX_BUF_OBJ5_BYTE_2	0x00	RX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 5th data object
0x47	RX_BUF_OBJ5_BYTE_3	0x00	RX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 5th data object
0x49	RX_BUF_OBJ6_BYTE_1	0x00	RX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 6th data object
0x4A	RX_BUF_OBJ6_BYTE_2	0x00	RX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 6th data object
0x4B	RX_BUF_OBJ6_BYTE_3	0x00	RX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 6th data object
0x4C	RX_BUF_OBJ7_BYTE_0	0x00	RX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 7th data object
0x4D	RX_BUF_OBJ7_BYTE_1	0x00	RX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 7th data object
0x4E	RX_BUF_OBJ7_BYTE_2	0x00	RX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 7th data object
0x4F	RX_BUF_OBJ7_BYTE_3	0x00	RX byte 3 (bits 3124) of 7th data object
0x50	TRANSMIT	0x00	Retry count and SOP* TX type
0x51	TRANSMIT_BYTE_COUNT	0x00	The number of bytes the TCPM will write
0x52	TX_BUF_HEADER_BYTE_0	0x00	Byte 0 (bits 70) of TX message header
0x53	TX_BUF_HEADER_BYTE_1	0x00	Byte 1 (bits 158) of TX message header
0x54	TX_BUF_OBJ1_BYTE_0	0x00	TX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 1st data object
0x55	TX_BUF_OBJ1_BYTE_1	0x00	TX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 1st data object
0x56	TX_BUF_OBJ1_BYTE_2	0x00	TX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 1st data object
0x57	TX_BUF_OBJ1_BYTE_3	0x00	TX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 1st data object
0x58	TX_BUF_OBJ2_BYTE_0	0x00	TX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 2nd data object
0x59	TX_BUF_OBJ2_BYTE_1	0x00	TX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 2nd data object
0x5A	TX_BUF_OBJ2_BYTE_2	0x00	TX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 2nd data object
0x5B	TX_BUF_OBJ2_BYTE_3	0x00	TX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 2nd data object
0x5C	TX_BUF_OBJ3_BYTE_0	0x00	TX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 3rd data object
0x5D	TX_BUF_OBJ3_BYTE_1	0x00	TX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 3rd data object
0x5E	TX_BUF_OBJ3_BYTE_2	0x00	TX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 3rd data object
0x5F	TX_BUF_OBJ3_BYTE_3	0x00	TX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 3rd data object
0x60	TX_BUF_OBJ4_BYTE_0	0x00	TX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 4th data object
0x61	TX_BUF_OBJ4_BYTE_1	0x00	TX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 4th data object
0x62	TX_BUF_OBJ4_BYTE_2	0x00	TX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 4th data object
0x63	TX_BUF_OBJ4_BYTE_3	0x00	TX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 4th data object



Register Maps (continued)

ADDRESS REGISTER NAME RESET DEFINITION						
0x64						
0x64 0x65	TX_BUF_OBJ5_BYTE_0 TX_BUF_OBJ5_BYTE_1	0x00 0x00	TX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 5th data object TX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 5th data object			
	TX_BUF_OBJ5_BYTE_1 TX_BUF_OBJ5_BYTE_2					
0x66		0x00	TX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 5th data object			
0x67	TX_BUF_OBJ5_BYTE_3	0x00	TX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 5th data object			
0x68	TX_BUF_OBJ6_BYTE_0	0x00	TX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 6th data object			
0x69	TX_BUF_OBJ6_BYTE_1	0x00	TX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 6th data object			
0x6A	TX_BUF_OBJ6_BYTE_2	0x00	TX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 6th data object			
0x6B	TX_BUF_OBJ6_BYTE_3	0x00	TX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 6th data object			
0x6C	TX_BUF_OBJ7_BYTE_0	0x00	TX Byte 0 (bits 70) of 7th data object			
0x6D	TX_BUF_OBJ7_BYTE_1	0x00	TX Byte 1 (bits 158) of 7th data object			
0x6E	TX_BUF_OBJ7_BYTE_2	0x00	TX Byte 2 (bits 2316) of 7th data object			
0x6F	TX_BUF_OBJ7_BYTE_3	0x00	TX Byte 3 (bits 3124) of 7th data object			
0x70	VBUS_VOLTAGE_BYTE_0	0x00	LSB of VBUSIN measured voltage in 25mV steps.			
0x71	VBUS_VOLTAGE_BYTE_1	0x00	MSB of VBUSIN measured voltage in 25mV steps.			
0x72	VBUS_SINK_DISCONNECT_THRESH OLD_BYTE_0	0x00				
0x73	VBUS_SINK_DISCONNECT_THRESH OLD_BYTE_1	0x00				
0x74	VBUS_STOP_DISCHARGE_THRESH OLD_BYTE_0	0x00				
0x75	VBUS_STOP_DISCHARGE_THRESH OLD_BYTE_1	0x00				
0x76	VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_HI_CFG_B YTE_0	0x00				
0x77	VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_HI_CFG_B YTE_1	0x00				
0x78	VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_LO_CFG_ BYTE_0	0x00				
0x79	VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_LO_CFG_ BYTE_1	0x00				
0x7A 0x7F	Reserved	0x00	Reserved			
	Vendor De	efined Space (0x80	thru 0xFF)			
0x80 0x8F	Reserved	0x00	Reserved.			
0x90	Vendor Interrupt Status	0x00				
0x92	Vendor Interrupt Mask	0x00				
0x94	CC General Control	0x04				
0x95	PHY BMC TX Control	0x00				
0x96	PHY BMC RX Control	0x00				
0x97	PHY BMC RX Status	0x00				
0x98	VBUS and VCONN Control	0x00				
0x99	OTSD Control	0x00				
0x9A 0x9F	Reserved	0x00				
0xA0	LFO Timer Low	0x00				
0xA1	LFO Timer High	0x00				
0xA2 0xFE	Reserved	0x00	Reserved.			
0xFF	Page Select	0x00	Page Select			

Table 5. Register Maps (continued)

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7.6.1 CSR Registers

Table 6. Register Definitions

ACCESS TAG	NAME	DESCRIPTION			
R	Read	The field may be read by software			
W	Write	The field may be written by software			
S	Set	The field may be set by a write of one. Writes of zeros to the field have no effect.			
С	Clear	The field may be cleared by a write of one. Write of zero to the field have no effect.			
А	Clear after Read	The field will be cleared by hardware upon software reading from the field			
U	Update	Hardware may autonomously update this field.			
NA	No Access	Not accessible or not applicable			

Unless otherwise noted, all undefined or reserved registers are read-only and return zeros when read. Also unless otherwise noted, writes to undefined or reserved registers will be acknowledged but data will be discarded.



7.6.2 Vendor ID Byte 0 Register (address = 0x00) [reset = 0x51]

Figure 10. Vendor ID Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VENDOR_ID_BYTE_0							
	R						

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 7. Vendor ID Byte 0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	VENDOR_ID_BYTE_0	R		Byte 0 of a 16-bit USB-IF defined Texas Instruments vendor ID of 0x0451.

7.6.3 Vendor ID Byte 1 Register (address = 0x01) [reset = 0x04]

Figure 11. Vendor ID Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VENDOR_ID_BYTE_0							
			I	R			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 8. Vendor ID Byte 1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	VENDOR_ID_BYTE_1	R		Byte 1 of a 16-bit USB-IF defined Texas Instruments vendor ID of 0x0451.

7.6.4 Product ID Byte 0 Register (address = 0x02) [reset = 0x22]

Figure 12. Product ID Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PRODUCT_ID_BYTE_0							
				R			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 9. Product ID Byte 0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	PRODUCT_ID_BYTE_0	R	0x22	Byte 0 of a TUSB422 16-bit Product ID of 0x0422.

7.6.5 Product ID Byte 1 Register (address = 0x03) [reset = 0x04]

Figure 13. Product ID Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PRODUCT_ID_BYTE_1							
			F	R			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 10. Product ID Byte 1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	PRODUCT_ID_BYTE_1	R	0x04	Byte 1 of a TUSB422 16-bit Product ID of 0x0422.

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7.6.6 Device ID Byte 0 Register (address = 0x04) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 14. Device ID Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Device_ID_BYTE_0									
			F	R					

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 11. Device ID Byte 0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	Device_ID_BYTE_0	R	0x00	Byte 0 of a 16-bit Device ID.

7.6.7 Device ID Byte 1 Register (address = 0x05) [reset = 0x01]

Figure 15. Device ID Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Device_ID_BYTE_0							
			F	र			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 12. Device ID Byte 1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type R		Description
7:0	Device_ID_BYTE_1	R	0x01	Byte 1 of a 16-bit Device ID.

7.6.8 USB Type-C Revision Byte 0 Register (address = 0x06) [reset = 0x11]

Figure 16. USB Type-C Revision Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
USBTYPEC_REV_BYTE_0									
			F	۲					

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 13. USB Type-C Revision Byte 0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	USBTYPEC_REV_BYTE_0	R		Byte 0 of a 16-bit USB Type-C Revision. Revision 1.1. The TUSB422 also supports USB Type-C Revision 1.2.

7.6.9 USB Type-C Revision Byte 1 Register (address = 0x07) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 17. USB Type-C Revision Byte 1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
	USBTYPEC_REV_BYTE_1										
			F	२							

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 14. USB Type-C Revision Byte 1 Descriptions

Bit	Field		Reset	Description
7:0	USBTYPEC_REV_BYTE_1	R	0x00	Byte 1 of a 16-bit USB Type-C Revision.



7.6.10 USB PD Revision Version Byte 0 Register (address = 0x08) [reset = 0x11]

Figure 18. USB PD Revision Version Byte 0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
USBPD_REV_VER_BYTE_0										
	R									

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 15. USB PD Revision Version Byte 0 Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description		
7:0	USBPD_REV_VER_BYTE_0	R	0x11	Byte 0 of a 16-bit USB PD version. Version 1.1.		

7.6.11 USB PD Revision Version Byte 1 Register (address = 0x09) [reset = 0x20]

Figure 19. USB PD Revision Version Byte 1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
	USBPD_REV_VER_BYTE_1									
				R						

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 16. USB PD Revision Version Byte 1 Descriptions

Bit	Field		Reset	Description
7:0	USBPD_REV_VER_BYTE_1	R	0x20	Byte 1 of a 16-bit USB PD Revision. Revision 2.0.

7.6.12 PD Interface Revision Byte 0 Register (address = 0x0A) [reset = 0x10]

Figure 20. PD Interface Revision Byte 0

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
	PD_INTERFACE_REV_BYTE_0									
			F	2						

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 17. PD Interface Revision Byte 0 Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	PD_INTERFACE_REV_BYTE_0	R	0x10	Byte 0 of a 16-bit PD Interface (TCPC) Version. Version 1.0

7.6.13 PD Interface Revision Byte 1 Register (address = 0x0B) [reset = 0x10]

Figure 21. PD Interface Revision Byte 1

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
	PD_INTERFACE_REV_BYTE_1									
			F	8						

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 18. PD Interface Revision Byte 1 Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	PD_INTERFACE_REV_BYTE_1	R	0x10	Byte 1 of a 16-bit PD Interface (TCPC) Revision. Revision 1.0



7.6.14 Alert Byte 0 Register (address = 0x10) [reset = 0x00]

This register is used to indicate a status change event. When a status change event occurs and its corresponding Alert mask is unmasked, the TUSB422 will assert the INT_N low. The INT_N remains asserted until all events are cleared by write of 1'b1. Once all events are cleared or corresponding Alert mask is masked, the INT N will be de-asserted high.

Figure 22. Alert Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VBUS_ALARM HI	TX_SOP_SUC CESS	TX_SOP_DISC ARD	TX_SOP_FAIL	RX_HARD_RE SET	RX_SOP_STA TUS	CC_STATUS	CC_STATUS
RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	VBUS_ALARM_HI	RCU	0	VBUS Voltage Alarm Hi. 0b: Cleared 1b: A high-voltage alarm has occurred
6	TX_SOP_SUCCESS	RCU	0	Transmit SOP* Message Successful 0b: Cleared 1b: Reset or SOP* message transmission successful. GoodCRC response received on SOP* message transmission. Transmit SOP* message buffer registers are empty.
5	TX_SOP_DISCARD	RCU	0	Transmit SOP* Message Discarded 0b: Cleared 1b: Reset or SOP* message transmission not sent due to incoming receive message. Transmit SOP* message buffer registers are empty.
4	TX_SOP_FAIL	RCU	0	Transmit SOP* Message Failed 0b: Cleared 1b: SOP* message transmission not successful, no GoodCRC response received on SOP* message transmission. Transmit SOP* message buffer registers are empty.
3	RX_HARD_RESET	RCU	0	Received Hard Reset. 0b: Cleared. 1b: Received Hard Reset message
2	RX_SOP_STATUS	RCU	0	Receive SOP* Message Status. Note RECEIVE_BYTE_COUNT being zero does not set this bit. 0b: Cleared. 1b: Receive buffer register changed.
1	PWR_STATUS	RCU	0	Power Status 0b: Cleared. 1b: Power Status Changed
0	CC_STATUS	RCU	0	CC Status. 0b: Cleared 1b: CC status changed

Table 19. Alert Byte 0 Register Descriptions



7.6.15 Alert Byte 1 Register (address = 0x11) [reset = 0x00]

This register is used to indicate a status change event. When a status change event occurs and its corresponding Alert mask is unmasked, the TUSB422 will assert the INT_N low. The INT_N remains asserted until all events are cleared by write of 1'b1. Once all events are cleared or corresponding Alert mask is masked, the INT_N will be de-asserted high.

Figure 23. Alert Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VENDOR_IRQ _STAT		Reserved		VBUS_SINK_D IS	RX_BUF_OVR	FAULT	VBUS_ALARM _LO
RCU		R		RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	VENDOR_IRQ_STAT	RCU	0	This field is set if a Vendor defined interrupt that is unmasked is set. TCPM SW should first clear the appropriate bit in Vendor Interrupt Status register before clearing this field. 0b: Vendor IRQ not asserted. 1b: Vendor IRQ asserted.
6:4	Reserved	R	0x0	Reserved
3	VBUS_SINK_DIS	RCU	0	VBUS Sink Disconnect Detected. 0b: Cleared 1b: A VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold crossing has been detected
2	RRX_BUF_OVR	RCU	0	Rx Buffer Overflow 0b: TUSB422 Rx buffer is functioning properly 1b: TUSB422 Rx buffer has overflowed Writing 1 to this register acknowledges the overflow. The overflow is cleared by writing to ALERT.ReceiveSOP*MessageStatus
1	FAULT	RCU	0	Fault 0b: No Fault 1b: A Fault has occurred. Read the FAULT_STATUS register
0	VBUS_ALARM_LO	RCU	0	VBUS Voltage Alarm Lo 0b: Cleared 1b: A low-voltage alarm has occurred



7.6.16 Alert Mask Byte 0 Register (address = 0x12) [reset = 0xFFh]

This register controls whether or not a status change event in Alert register will cause the INT_N to be asserted low. When a specific event is masked, its corresponding status change event will not cause INT_N to be asserted low.

Figure 24. Alert Mask Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VBUS_ALARM _HI_MASK	TX_SOP_SUC CESS_MASK	TX_SOP_DISC ARD_MASK	TX_SOP_FAIL _MASK	RX_HARD_RE SET_MASK	RX_SOP_STA TUS_MASK	PWR_STATUS _MASK	CC_STATUS_ MASK
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	VBUS_ALARM_HI_MASK	R/W	1	VBUS Voltage Alarm Hi 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
6	TX_SOP_SUCCESS_MASK	R/W	1	Transmit SOP* Message successful Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
5	TX_SOP_DISCARD_MASK	R/W	1	Transmit SOP* Message discarded Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
4	TX_SOP_FAIL_MASK	R/W	1	Transmit SOP* Message failed Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
3	RX_HARD_RESET_MASK	R/W	1	Received Hard Reset Message Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
2	RX_SOP_STATUS_MASK	R/W	1	Receive SOP* Message Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
1	PWR_STATUS_MASK	R/W	1	Power Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
0	CC_STATUS_MASK	R/W	1	CC Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked

Table 21. Alert Mask Byte 0 Register Descriptions



7.6.17 Alert Mask Byte 1 Register (address = 0x13) [reset = 0x0F]

This register controls whether or not a status change event in Alert register will cause the INT_N to be asserted low. When a specific event is masked, its corresponding status change event will not cause INT_N to be asserted low.

Figure 25. Alert Mask Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VBUS_AIRQ_M ASK		Reserved		VBUS_SINK_D IS_MASK	RX_BUF_OVR _MASK	FAULT_MASK	VBUS_ALARM _LO_MASK
R/W		R		R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	VBUS_IRO_MASK	R/W	1	Vendor Defined interrupt mask When this field is set to a 1'b1, the unmasked vendor interrupts can cause INT_N to be asserted. 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
6:4	Reserved	R	0x0	Reserved
3	VBUS_SINK_DIS_MASK	R/W	1	VBUS Sink Disconnect Detected Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
2	RX_BUF_OVR_MASK	R/W	1	Rx Buffer Overflow Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
1	FAULT_MASK	R/W	1	Fault Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
0	VBUS_ALARM_LO_MASK	R/W	1	VBUS Voltage Alarm Lo Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked

Table 22. Alert Mask Byte 1 Register Descriptions

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7.6.18 Power Status Mask Register (address = 0x14) [reset = 0xFF]

Figure 26. Power Status Mask Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DEBUG_ACCE SSORY_MASK	TCPC_INIT_ST ATUS_MASK	SRC_HIGH_VB US_STATUS_ MASK	SRC_VBUS_S TATUS_MASK		VBUS_PRES_I NT_MASK	VCONN_PRES _INT_MASK	SINK_VBUS_S TATUS_INT_M ASK
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 23. Power Status Mask Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description							
7	DEBUG_ACCESSORY_MASK	R/W	1	Debug Accessory Connected Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked							
6	TCPC_INIT_STATUS_MASK	R/W	1	TCPC Initialization Status Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked							
5	SRC_HIGH_VBUS_STATUS_MAS K	R/W	1	Sourcing High Voltage Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked							
4	SRC_VBUS_STATUS_MASK	R/W	1	Sourcing VBUS Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked							
3	VBUS_PRES_DET_STATUS_MAS K	R/W	1	VBUS Present Detection Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked							
2	VBUS_PRES_INT_MASK	R/W	1	VBUS Present Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked							
1	VCONN_PRES_INT_MASK	R/W	1	VCONN Present Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked							
0	SINK_VBUS_STATUS_INT_MASK	R/W	1	Sinking VBUS Status Interrupt Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked							



7.6.19 FAULT Status Mask Register (address = 0x15) [reset = 0x7F]

Figure 27. FAULT Status Mask Register	Figure 27.	FAULT	Status	Mask	Register
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7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	FORCE_VBUS _MASK	AUTO_DISC_F AIL_MASK	FORCE_DISC_ FAIL_MASK	VBUS_OCP_F AIL_STATUS_ MASK	VBUS_OVP_F AIL_STATUS_ MASK	VCONN_OCP_ FAULT_STATU S_MASK	I2C_INT_ERR_ STATUS_MAS K
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 24. FAULT Status Mask Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	Reserved	R/W	0	Reserved
6	FORCE_VBUS_MASK	R/W	1	Force Off V _{BUS} Interrupt Status Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
5	AUTO_DISC_FAIL_MASK	R/W	1	Auto Discharge Failed Mask Ob: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
4	FORCE_DISC_FAIL_MASK	R/W	1	Force Discharge Failed Mask Ob: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
3	VBUS_OCP_FAIL_STATUS_MASK	R/W	1	Internal or External OCP V _{BUS} Over Current Protection Fault Interrupt Status Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked For TUSB422 this field has no meaning.
2	VBUS_OVP_FAIL_STATUS_MASK	R/W	1	Internal or External OVP V _{BUS} Over Voltage Protection Fault Interrupt Status Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked For TUSB422 this field has no meaning.
1	VCONN_OCP_FAULT_STATUS_M ASK	R/W	1	V _(VCONN) Over Current Fault Interrupt Status Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked
0	I2C_INT_ERR_STATUS_MASK	R/W	1	I2C Interface Error Interrupt Status Mask 0b: Interrupt masked 1b: Interrupt unmasked

STRUMENTS

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7.6.20 Config Standard Output Register (address = 0x18) [reset = 0x60]

Figure 28.	Config	Standard	Output
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7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
HIGH_Z_OUTP UTS	DEBUG_ACC_ CONNECTED#	AUDIO_ACC_C ONNECTED#	_	MUX_	CTRL	CONNECTION _PRES	CONN_ORIEN T
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 25. Config Standard Output Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	HIGH_Z_OUTPUTS	R/W	0	High Impedance outputs Ob: Standard output control (default) 1b: Force all outputs to high impedance May be used to save power in Sleep. For TUSB422 this field has no meaning.
6	DEBUG_ACC_CONNECTED#	R/W	1	Debug Accessory Connected# 0b: Debug Accessory Connected# output is driven low 1b: Debug Accessory Connected# output is driven high Controlled by either the TCPM or TUSB422. For TUSB422 this field has no meaning.
5	AUDIO_ACC_CONNECTED#	R/W	1	Audio Accessory Connected# Ob: Audio Accessory connected 1b: No Audio Accessory connected (default) For TUSB422 this field has no meaning.
4	ACTIVE_CABLE_CONNECTED	R/W	0	Active Cable Connected Ob: No Active Cable connected (default) 1b: Active Cable connected For TUSB422 this field has no meaning.
3:2	MUX_CTRL	R/W	0	MUX Control 00b: No connection (default) 01b: USB3.1 Connected 10b: DP Alternate Mode – 4 lanes 11b: USB3.1 + Display Port Lanes 0 & 1 For TUSB422 this field has no meaning.
1	CONNECTION_PRES	R/W	0	Connection Present Ob: No Connection (default) 1b: Connection Controlled by the TCPM. For TUSB422 this field has no meaning.
0	CONN_ORIENT	R/W	0	Connector Orientation 0b: Normal (CC1=A5, CC2=B5, TX1=A2/A3, RX1=B10/B11) default 1b: Flipped (CC2=A5, CC1=B5, TX1=B2/B3, RX1=A10/A11) . For TUSB422 this field has no meaning.



7.6.21 TCPC Control Register (address = 0x19) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 29. TCPC Control Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Reserved		DEBUG_ACC_ CTL	I2C_CLOCK_STRETCHING_CT		BIST_TEST_M ODE	PLUG_ORIENT ATION
	R		R/W	R	R	R/W	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 26. TCPC Control Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:5	Reserved	R	000	Reserved
4	DEBUG_ACC_CTL	R/W	0	0b: Controlled by TUSB422 (power on default) 1b: Controlled by TCPM. The TCPM writes 1b to this register to take over control of asserting the DebugAccessoryConnected#. This field has no meaning for TUSB422.
3:2	I2C_CLOCK_STRETCHING_CTL	R	00	Clock Stretching Control 00b: Disable clock stretching. TUSB422 will not perform any clock stretching during I2C transfers. 01b: Reserved 10b: Enable clock stretching. TUSB422 is allowed limited clock stretching during each I2C Transfer. 11b: Enable clock stretching only if the Alert pin is not asserted. As soon as Alert is asserted, clock stretching is disabled by the TUSB422. TUSB422 does not support clock stretching
1	BIST_TEST_MODE	R/W	0	Setting this bit to 1 is intended to be used only when a USB compliance tester is using USB BIST Test Data to test the PHY layer of the TUSB422. The TCPM should clear this bit when a detach is detected. 0: Normal Operation. Incoming messages enabled by RECEIVE_DETECT passed to TCPM via Alert. 1: BIST Test Mode. Incoming messages enabled by RECEIVE_DETECT result in GoodCRC response but will not be passed to the TCPM via Alert.
0	PLUG_ORIENTATION	R/W	0	 Ob: When VCONN is enabled, apply it to the CC2 pin. Monitor the CC1 pin for BMC communications if PD messaging is enabled. 1b: When VCONN is enabled, apply it to the CC1 pin. Monitor the CC2 pin for BMC communications if PD messaging is enabled.

STRUMENTS

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7.6.22 ROLE Control Register (address = 0x1A) [reset = 0x0A]

Figure 30.	ROLE	Control	Register
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7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved.	DRP	RP_VALUE		CC2		CC1	
R	R/W	R/W		R/W		R/W	

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 27. ROLE Control Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	Reserved	R	0	Reserved.
6	DRP	R/W	0	0b: No DRP. Bits B30 determine Rp/Rd/Ra or open settings 1b: DRP
5:4	RP_VALUE	R/W	00	00b: Rp default current 01b: Rp 1.5 A 10b: Rp 3 A 11b: Reserved
3:2	CC2	R/W	2'b10	00b: Ra 01b: Rp (Use Rp definition in B54) 10b: Rd 11b: Open (Disconnect or don't care)
1:0	CC1	R/W	2'b10	00b: Ra 01b: Rp (Use Rp definition in B54) 10b: Rd 11b: Open (Disconnect or don't care)

7.6.23 FAULT Control Register (address = 0x1B) [reset = 0x06]

Figure 31. FAULT Control Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Reserved		FORCE_OFF_ VBUS	VBUS_DIS_FA ULT_DETECT_ TIMER	VBUS_OCP_F AULT	VBUS_OVP_F AULT	VCONN_OC_F AULT
	R		R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 28. FAULT Control Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:5	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
4	FORCE_OFF_VBUS	R/W	0	0b: Allow STANDARD INPUT SIGNAL Force Off V _{BUS} control (default) 1b: Block STANDARD INPUT SIGNAL Force Off V _{BUS} control. This field has no meaning for TUSB422.
3	VBUS_DIS_FAULT_DETECT_TIME R	R/W	0	0b: VBUS Discharge Fault Detection Timer enabled 1b: VBUS Discharge Fault Detection Timer disabled
2	VBUS_OCP_FAULT	R/W	1	0b: Internal and External OCP circuit enabled 1b: Internal and External OCP circuit disabled This field has no meaning for TUSB422.
1	VBUS_OVP_FAULT	R/W	1	0b: Internal and External OVP circuit enabled 1b: Internal and External OVP circuit disabled This field has no meaning for TUSB422.
0	VCONN_OC_FAULT	R/W	0	0b: Fault detection circuit enabled 1b: Fault detection circuit disabled



7.6.24 Power Control Register (address = 0x1C) [reset = 0x60]

Figure 32.	Power	Control	Register
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7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	VBUS_VOLTA GE_MONITOR	DISABLE_VOL TAGE_ALARM S	AUTO_DISCHA RGE_DISCON NECT		FORCE_DISC HARGE	VCONN_PWR_ SUPPORTED	ENABLE_VCO NN
R	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	RWU	RWU	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 29. Power Control Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
6	VBUS_VOLTAGE_MONITOR	R/W	1	0b: VBUS_VOLTAGE Monitoring is enabled. 1b: VBUS_VOLTAGE Monitoring is disabled. Controls only VBUS VOLTAGE Monitoring. VBUS_VOLTAGE will report all zeroes if disabled.
5	DISABLE_VOLTAGE_ALARMS	R/W	1	0b: Voltage Alarms Power status reporting is enabled 1b: Voltage Alarms Power status reporting is disabled Controls VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_HI_CFG and VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_LO_CFG.
4	AUTO_DISCHARGE_DISCONNEC T	R/W	0	0b: The TUSB422 shall not automatically discharge VBUS based on VBUS voltage. (Default) 1b: The TUSB422 shall automatically discharge
3	EN_BLEED_DISCHARGE	R/W	0	0b: Disable bleed discharge 1b: Enable bleed discharge of VBUS
2	FORCE_DISCHARGE	RWU	0	When this field is set, the TUSB422 will discharge VBUS to Vsafe0V or threshold programmed in the VBUS_STOP_DISCHARGE_THRESHOLD register. Once VBUS is discharged to desired level, the TUSB422 will disable the Force Discharge. 0b: Disable forced discharge 1b: Enable forced discharge of VBUS.
1	VCONN_PWR_SUPPORTED	R/W	0	0b: TUSB422 delivers at least 1W on VCONN 1b: TUSB422 delivers at least the power indicated in DEVICE_CAPABILITIES.VCONNPowerSupported
0	ENABLE_VCONN	RWU	0	0b: Disable VCONN Source 1b: Enable VCONN Source to CC indicated by PLUG_ORIENTATION in TCPC Control register.

7.6.25 CC Status Register (address = 0x1D) [reset = 0x00]

The CC pins are sampled based on the value CC_SAMPLE_RATE field but the TUSB422 will also immediately sample the CC pins when software reads from this register unless PD is not idle.

Figure 33. CC Status Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Rese	rved	LOOKING4CO NNECTION	CONNECT_RE SULT	CC2_S	STATE	CC1_S	STATE
F		RU	RU	R	U	R	U

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:6	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
5	LOOKING4CONNECTION	RU	0	 0b: TUSB422 is not actively looking for a connection. A transition from '1' to '0' indicates a potential connection has been found. 1b: TUSB422 is looking for a connection (toggling as a DRP or looking for a connection as Sink/Source only condition)
4	CONNECT_RESULT	RU	0	0b: the TUSB422 is presenting Rp 1b: the TUSB422 is presenting Rd
3:2	CC2_STATE	RU	00	If (ROLE_CONTROL.CC2=Rp) or (CONNECT_RESULT=0) 00b: SRC.Open (Open, Rp) 01b: SRC.Ra (below maximum vRa) 10b: SRC.Rd (within the vRd range) 11b: reserved If (ROLE_CONTROL.CC2=Rd) or (CONNECT_RESULT=1) 00b: SNK.Open (Below maximum vRa) 01b: SNK.Open (Below maximum vRd-Connect) 10b: SNK.Power1.5 (Above minimum vRd-Connect) Detects Rp 1.5A 11b: SNK.Power3.0 (Above minimum vRd-Connect) Detects Rp 3.0A If ROLE_CONTROL.CC2=Ra, this field is set to 00b If ROLE_CONTROL.CC2=Qpen, this field is set to 00b This field always returns 00b if (Looking4Connection=1) or (POWER_CONTROL.ENABLE_VCONN=1 and TCPC_CONTROL.PLUG_ORIENTATION =0). Otherwise, the returned value depends upon ROLE_CONTROL.CC2.
1:0	CC1_STATE	RU	00	If (ROLE_CONTROL.CC1 = Rp) or (CONNECT_RESULT=0) 00b: SRC.Open (Open, Rp) 01b: SRC.Ra (below maximum vRa) 10b: SRC.Rd (within the vRd range) 11b: reserved If (ROLE_CONTROL.CC1 = Rd) or (CONNECT_RESULT=1) 00b: SNK.Open (Below maximum vRa) 01b: SNK.Default (Above minimum vRd-Connect) 10b: SNK.Power1.5 (Above minimum vRd-Connect) Detects Rp- 1.5A 11b: SNK.Power3.0 (Above minimum vRd-Connect) Detects Rp- 3.0A If ROLE_CONTROL.CC1=Ra, this field is set to 00b If ROLE_CONTROL.CC1=Open, this field is set to 00b This field always returns 00b if (Looking4Connection=1) or (POWER_CONTROL.ENABLE_VCONN=1 and TCPC_CONTROL.PLUG_ORIENTATION =1). Otherwise, the returned value depends upon ROLE_CONTROL.CC1.

Table 30. CC Status Register Descriptions



7.6.26 Power Status Register (address = 0x1E) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 34. Power Status Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
DEBUG_ACC_ CONNECTED	TCPC_INIT_ST ATUS	SOURCING_HI GH_VOLTAGE	SOURCING_V BUS	VBUS_PRES_ DETECT_ENA BLED	VBUS_PRESE NT	VCONN_PRES ENT	SINKING_VBU S
RU	RU	RU	RU	RU	RU	RU	RU

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 31. Power Status Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	DEBUG_ACC_CONNECTED	RU	0	0b: No Debug Accessory connected (default) 1b: Debug Accessory connected Reflects the state of the DebugAccessoryConnected# output if supported. Even though the TUSB422 doesn't have a debug accessory pin, TUSB422will set this flag to 1 if a debug accessory is detected.
6	TCPC_INIT_STATUS	RU	0	 Ob: The TUSB422 has completed initialization and all registers are valid. 1b: The TUSB422 is still performing internal initialization and the only registers that are guaranteed to return the correct values are 00h0Fh. The TUSB422 will never set this flag so software needs to be aware at power-up one reason for INT_N assertion is TUSB422 has completed its initialization.
5	SOURCING_HIGH_VOLTAGE	RU	0	0b: vSafe5V 1b: High Voltage This does not control the path, just provides a monitor of the status. Assert as long as supplying voltage greater than vSafe5V.
4	SOURCING_VBUS	RU	0	0b: Sourcing VBUS is disabled 1b: Sourcing VBUS is enabled This does not control the path, just provides a monitor of the status.
3	VBUS_PRES_DETECT_ENABLED	RU	0	0b: VBUS Present Detection Disabled (Default) 1b: VBUS Present Detection Enabled Indicates if the TUSB422 is monitoring for VBUS Present or if the circuit has been powered off
2	VBUS_PRESENT	RU	0	0b: VBUS Disconnected 1b: VBUS Connected The TUSB422 shall report VBUS present when TUSB422 detects VBUS rises above 4 V. The TUSB422 shall report VBUS is not present when TUSB422 detects VBUS falls below 3.5 V. The TUSB422 may report VBUS is not present if VBUS is between 3.5 V and 4 V. When this field transitions from 1 to 0, VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold field is all zeros, and Auto Discharge is enabled, the TUSB422 will discharge to vSafe0V.
1	VCONN_PRESENT	RU	0	0b: VCONN is not present 1b: This bit is asserted when VCONN present CC1 or CC2. Threshold is fixed at 2.4 V
0	SINKING_VBUS	RU	0	0b: Sink is Disconnected 1b: TUSB422 is sinking VBUS to the system load

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7.6.27 Fault Status Register (address = 0x1F) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 35. Fault Status Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	FORCEOFF_V BUS_STATUS	AUTO_DIS_FAI L_STATUS				VCONN_OCP_ FAULT_STATU S	
R	RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU	RCU

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 32. Fault Status Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	Reserved	R	0	Shall be set to zero by sender and ignored by receiver
6	FORCEOFF_VBUS_STATUS	RCU	0	0b: No Fault Detected, no action (default and not supported) 1b: VBUS Source/Sink has been forced off due to external fault The TUSB422 has disconnected VBUS due to STANDARD_INPUT.ForceOffVbus. This field has no meaning for TUSB422
5	AUTO_DIS_FAIL_STATUS	RCU	0	0b: No discharge failure 1b: Discharge commanded by the TCPM failed If POWER_CONTROL.AutoDischargeDisconnect is set, the TUSB422 will report discharge fails if VBUS is not below vSafe0V within tSafe0V.
4	FORCE_DIS_FAIL_STATUS	RCU	0	0b: No discharge failure 1b: Discharge commanded by the TCPM failed If POWER_CONTROL.ForceDischarge is set, the TUSB422 will report a discharge fails if VBUS is not below vSafe0V within tSafe0V.
3	VBUS_OCP_FAULT_STATUS	RCU	0	0b: Not in an over-current protection state 1b: Over-current fault latched This field has no meaning for TUSB422
2	VBUS_OVP_FAULT_STATUS	RCU	0	0b: Not in an over-voltage protection state 1b: Over-voltage fault latched. This field has no meaning for TUSB422
1	VCONN_OCP_FAULT_STATUS	RCU	0	The TUSB422 will set this flag if an VCONN over current fault is detected. This flag will also get set if voltage on VCONN pin drops between VCONN present threshold while the Vconn switch is still closed. 0b: No Fault detected 1b: Over current VCONN fault latched
0	I2C_INT_ERROR_STATUS	RCU	0	0b: No Error 1b: I2C error has occurred. A TRANSMIT has been sent with an empty TRANSMIT_BUFFER.



7.6.28 Command Register (address = 0x23) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 36. Command Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			COM	MAND			
			R	WU			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 33. Command Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
				0001 0001b WakeI2C. The TUSB422 will accept this command but will do nothing with it.
				0010 0010b DisableVbusDetect. Disable Vbus present detection. v
				0011 0011b EnableVbusDetect. Enable Vbus present detection.
				0100 0100b DisableSinkVbus. The TUSB422 clears SINKING_VBUS bit in Power Status register
				0101 0101b SinkVbus. If SNK_VBUS_SUPPORT bit is set, then TUSB422 will set SINKING_VBUS bit in Power Status register and enable VBUS present detection.
				0110 0110b DisableSourceVbus. The TUSB422 will clear SOURCING_VBUS and SOURCING_HIGH_VOLTAGE bits in Power Status register.
				0111 0111b SourceVbusDefaultVoltage. If SRC_VBUS_SUPPORT is set, the TUSB422 will set SOURCING_VBUS in Power Status register and will also enable VBUS present detection.
				1000 1000b SourceVbusHighVoltage. If SRC_VBUS_HIGH_SUPPORT is set, then TUSB422 will set SOURCING_HIGH_VOLTAGE in Power Status register.
7	COMMAND	RWU	0x00	1001 1001b Look4Connection. Start DRP Toggling if ROLE_CONTROL.DRP=1b. If ROLE_CONTROL.CC1/CC2 = 01b start with Rp, if ROLE_CONTROL.CC1/CC2 =10b start with Rd. If ROLE_CONTROL.CC1/CC2 are not both 01b or 10b, then do not start toggling. The TCPM shall issue
				COMMAND.Look4Connection to enable the TUSB422 to restart Connection Detection in cases where the ROLE_CONTROL contents will not change. An example of this is when a potential connection as a Source occurred but was further debounced by the TCPM to find the Sink disconnected. In this case a Source Only or DRP should go back to its Unattached.Src state. This would result in ROLE_CONTROL staying the same. TUSB422 to MAINTAIN_STATE
				1010 1010b RxOneMore. Configure the receiver to automatically clear the RECEIVE_DETECT register after sending the next GoodCRC. This is used to shutdown reception of packets at a known point regardless of packet separation or the depth of the receive FIFO in the TUSB422.
				1100 1100b: Reserved. No Action
				1101 1101b: Reserved. No Action
				1110 1110b: Reserved. No Action
				1111 1111b I2C Idle. The TUSB422 will accept this command but will do nothing with it.

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7.6.29 Device Capabilities 1 Byte 0 Register (address = 0x24) [reset = 0x98]

Figure 37. Device Capabi	ilities 1 Byte 0
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7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	ROLES_SUPPORTED		SOP_DBG_SU	SRC_VCONN_	SNK_VBUS_S		
			PPORT	SUPPORT	UPPORT	GH_SUPPORT	UPPORT
	R		R	R	R	R	R

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 34. Device Capabilities 1 Byte 0 Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:5	ROLES_SUPPORTED	R	100	Roles Supported. 000b: Type-C Port Manager can configure the Port as Source only or Sink only (not DRP) 001b: Source only. 010b: Sink only 011b: Sink with accessory support 100b: DRP only (Default for TUSB422) 101b: Source, Sink, DRP, Adapter/Cable all supported 110b: Source, Sink, DRP 111b: Not valid
4	SOP_DBG_SUPPORT	R	1 SOP'_DBG/SOP"_DBG Support 0b: All SOP* except SOP'_DBG/SOP"_DBG 1b: All SOP* messages are supported Configured in RECEIVE_DETECT and TRANSMIT	
3	SRC_VCONN_SUPPORT	R	1	Source VCONN. 0b: TUSB422 is not capable of switching VCONN 1b: TUSB422 is capable of switching VCONN
2	SNK_VBUS_SUPPORT	R	0	Sink VBUS. Ob: TUSB422 is not capable controlling the sink path to the system load 1b: TUSB422 is capable of controlling the sink path to the system load
1	SRC_VBUS_HIGH_SUPPORT	R	0	Source High Voltage VBUS. 0b: TUSB422 is not capable of controlling the source high voltage path to VBUS 1b: TUSB422 is capable of controlling the source high voltage path to VBUS
0 SRC_VBUS_SUPPORT R 0 Source VBUS		Source VBUS. 0b: TUSB422 is not capable of controlling the source path to VBUS 1b: TUSB422 is capable of controlling the source path to VBUS		



7.6.30 Device Capabilities 1 Byte 1 Register (address = 0x25) [reset = 0x1E]

Figure 38. Device Capabilities 1 Byt

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	d VBUS_OCP_S UPPORT	VBUS_OVP_S UPPORT	BLEED_DISCH ARGE_SUPPO RT	—		SRC_RP_SUPPO	ORT
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 35. Device Capabilities 1 Byte 1 Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
6	VBUS_OCP_SUPPORT	R	0	VBUS OCP Reporting 0b: VBUS OCP is not reported by the TUSB422 1b: VBUS OCP is reported by the TUSB422
5	VBUS_OVP_SUPPORT	R	0	VBUS OVP Reporting 0b: VBUS OVP is not reported by the TUSB422 1b: VBUS OVP is reported by the TUSB422
4	BLEED_DISCHARGE_SUPPORT	R	1	Bleed Discharge 0b: No Bleed Discharge implemented in TUSB422 1b: Bleed Discharge is implemented in the TUSB422 Support for POWER_CONTROL.EnableBleedDischarge implemented
3	FORCE_DISCHARGE_SUPPORT	R	1	Force Discharge. 0b: No Force Discharge implemented in TUSB422 1b: Force Discharge is implemented in the TUSB422 Support for POWER_CONTROL.ForceDischarge, FAULT_STATUS.VbusDischargeFail, FAULT_STATUS.VBUSDischargeFaultDetectionTimer, and VBUS_STOP_DISCHARGE_THRESHOLD implemented
2	VBUS_MEASURE_ALARM_SUPP ORT	R	1	VBUS Measurement and Alarm Capable 0b: No VBUS voltage measurement nor VBUS Alarms 1b; VBUS voltage measurement and VBUS Alarms Support for VBUS_VOLTAGE, VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_HI_CFG, VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_LO_CFG implemented
1:0	SRC_RP_SUPPORT	R	10b	Source Resistor Supported 00b: Rp default only 01b: Rp 1.5 A and default 10b: Rp 3 A, 1.5 A, and default 11b: Reserved Rp values which may be configured by the TCPM via the ROLE_CONTROL register

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7.6.31 Device Capabilities 2 Byte 0 Register (address = 0x26) [reset = 0xC5]

Figure 39. Device Capabilities 2 Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NECT_DETEC	STOP_DISCHA RGE_THRESH OLD_SUPPOR T	—	E_ALARM_LSB		VCONN_PWR_SUPPO	RT	VCONN_OC_F AULT_SUPPO RT
R	R	I	२		R		R

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 36. Device Capabilities 2 Byte 0 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	SINK_DISCONNECT_DETECT_SU PPORT	R	1	Sink Disconnect Detection 0b: VBUS_SINK_DISCONNECT_THRESHOLD not implemented 1b: VBUS_SINK_DISCONNECT_THRESHOLD implemented
6	STOP_DISCHARGE_THRESHOLD _SUPPORT	R	1	Stop Discharge Threshold 0b: VBUS_STOP_DISCHARGE_THRESHOLD not implemented 1b: VBUS_STOP_DISCHARGE_THRESHOLD implemented
5:4	VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_LSB	R	00	VBUS Voltage Alarm LSB. 00: TUSB422 has 25mV LSB for its voltage alarm and uses all 10 bits in VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_HI_CFG and VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_LO_CFG. 01: TUSB422 has 50mV LSB for its voltage alarm and uses only 9 bits. VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_HI_CFG[0] and VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_LO_CFG[0] are ignored by TUSB422. 10: TUSB422 has 100mV LSB for its voltage alarm and uses only 8 bits. VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_HI_CFG[1:0] and VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_LO_CFG[1:0] are ignored by TUSB422. 11: reserved Support for VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_LO_CFG and VBUS_VOLTAGE_ALARM_HI implemented
3:1	VCON 000b: 010b: 010b: 010b: 100b: 101b: 100b: 101b: 110b:		VCONN Power Supported 000b: 1 W 001b: 1.5 W 010b: 2 W 011b: 3 W 100b: 4 W 101b: 5 W 110b: 6 W 111b: External	
0	VCONN_OC_FAULT_SUPPORT	R	1	VCONN Overcurrent Fault Capable. 0b: TUSB422 is not capable of detecting a VCONN fault 1b: TUSB422 is capable of detecting a VCONN fault Support for FAULT_STATUS.VCONNOverCurrentFault and FAULT_CONTROL.VCONNOverCurrentFault implemented



7.6.32 Device Capabilities 2 Byte 1 Register (address = 0x27) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 40. Device Capabilities 2 Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved							
				R			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 37. Device Capabilities 2 Byte 1 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	Reserved	R	0x00	Reserved

7.6.33 Standard Input Capabilities Register (address = 0x28) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 41. Standard Input Capabilities Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Reserved				EXT_VBUS_O CF_SUPPORT	
		R			R	R	R

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 38. Standard Input Capabilities Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:3	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
2	EXT_VBUS_OVF_SUPPORT	UPPORT R 0 VBUS External Over Voltage Fault 0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422 This field has no meaning for TUSB422		0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422
1	EXT_VBUS_OCF_SUPPORT	R	0	VBUS External Over Current Fault 0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422 This field has no meaning for TUSB422
0	EXT_FORCE_OFF_VBUS_SUPPO RTR00b: Not present 1b: Present in T		Force Off VBUS (Source or Sink) 0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422 This field has no meaning for TUSB422	

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7.6.34 Standard Output Capabilities Register (address = 0x29) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 42. Standard Output Capabilities Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	DEBUG_ACCE SSORY_OUT	VBUS_PRESE NT_OUT	AUDIO_ACCE SSORY_OUT	ACTIVE_CABL E_OUT	MUX_OUT	CONNECTION _OUT	CONNECTOR_ ORIENT_OUT
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 39. Standard Output Capabilities Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
6	DEBUG_ACCESSORY_OUT	R	0	Debug Accessory Indicator 0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422
5	VBUS_PRESENT_OUT	R	0	VBUS Present Monitor 0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422
4	AUDIO_ACCESSORY_OUT	R	0	Audio Adapter Accessory Indicator Ob: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422
3	ACTIVE_CABLE_OUT	R	0	Active Cable Indicator 0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422
2	MUX_OUT	R	0	MUX Configuration Control 0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422
1	CONNECTION_OUT	R	0	Connection Present 0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422
0	CONNECTOR_ORIENT_OUT	R	0	Connector Orientation 0b: Not present in TUSB422 1b: Present in TUSB422



7.6.35 Message Header Info Register (address = 0x2E) [reset = 0x02]

The TCPM may change the default values. After a detach, the TCPM must clear this field back to default setting.

Figure 43. Message Header Info Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Reserved		CABLE_PLUG	DATA_ROLE	USBPD_S	PECREV	POWER_ROLE
	R/W		R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description	
7:5	Reserved	R/W	000	Shall be set to zero by sender and ignored by receiver	
4	CABLE_PLUG	R/W	0 0b: Message originated from Source, Sink, or DRP 1b: Message originated from a Cable Plug		
3	DATA_ROLE	R/W	0	0b: UFP 1b: DFP	
2:1	USBPD_SPECREV	R/W	01	00b: Revision 1.0 01b: Revision 2.0 10b: Revision 3.0 11b: Reserved Even though this field defaults to Revision 2.0, the TUSB422 does support some PD 3.0 features like Fast Role swap and chunked extended messages.	
0	POWER_ROLE	R/W	0	0b: Sink 1b: Source	

7.6.36 Receiver Detect Register (address = 0x2F) [reset = 0x00]

The TUSB422 will clear this register upon detect of a Hard Reset. The TUSB422 will not clear this register when a disconnect is detected. The TCPM must clear this register after detecting a disconnect.

Figure 44. Receiver Detect Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved	EN_CABLE_R ESET	EN_HARD_RE SET	EN_SOP_DBG PP	EN_SOP_DBG P	EN_SOPPP_M ESSAGE	EN_SOPP_ME SSAGE	EN_SOP_MES SAGE
R	RWU	RWU	RWU	RWU	RWU	RWU	RWU

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	Reserved	R	0	Shall be set to zero by sender and ignored by receiver
6	EN_CABLE_RESET	RWU	0	0b: TUSB422 does not detect Cable Reset signaling 1b: TUSB422 detects Cable Reset signaling
5	EN_HARD_RESET	RWU	0	0b: TUSB422 does not detect Hard Reset signaling 1b: TUSB422 detects Hard Reset signaling
4	EN_SOP_DBGPP	RWU	0	0b: TUSB422 does not detect SOP_DBG" message 1b: TUSB422 detects SOP_DBG" message
3	EN_SOP_DBGP	RWU	0	0b: TUSB422 does not detect SOP_DBG' message 1b: TUSB422 detects SOP_DBG' message
2	EN_SOPPP_MESSAGE	RWU	0	0b: TUSB422 does not detect SOP" message 1b: TUSB422 detects SOP" message
1	EN_SOPP_MESSAGE	RWU	0	0b: TUSB422 does not detect SOP' message 1b: TUSB422 detects SOP' message
0	EN_SOP_MESSAGE	RWU	0	0b: TUSB422 does not detect SOP message 1b: TUSB422 detects SOP message

Table 41. Receiver Detect Register Descriptions



7.6.37 Receive Byte Count Register (address = 0x30) [reset = 0x00]

The TUSB422 clears this field to 0x00 upon reception or transmission of a Hard Reset ordered set or after a disconnection is detected. The TUSB422 will also clear this field to 0x00 after the RX_SOP_STATUS bit in Alert register is cleared. Software will use this register to determine the numbers of bytes in the Receiver Buffer Data object.

Figure 45. Receive Byte Count Register

7	6	6 5 4		3	2	1	0			
RECEIVE_BYTE_COUNT										
	RU									

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 42. Receive Byte Count Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	RECEIVE_BYTE_COUNT	RU	0x00	Indicates number of bytes in this register that are not stale. The TCPM should read the first RECEIVE_BYTE_COUNT bytes in this register. This is the number of bytes in the RX_BUFFER_DATA_OBJECTS plus three (for the RX_BUF_FRAME_TYPE and RX_BUF_HEADER).

7.6.38 Receive Buffer Frame Type Register (address = 0x31) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 46. Receive Buffer Frame Type Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Reserved	RX_SOP_MESSAGE				
R						RU	

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 43. Receive Buffer Frame Type Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:3	Reserved	R	0x00	Shall be set to zero by sender and ignored by receiver
2:0	RX_SOP_MESSAGE	RU	0x0	000b: Received SOP 001b: Received SOP' 010b: Received SOP'' 011b: Received SOP_DBG' 100b: Received SOP_DBG'' 110b: Received Cable Reset All others are reserved.

7.6.39 Receive Buffer Header Byte 0 Register (address = 0x32) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 47. Receive Buffer Header Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
RX_BUF_HDR_BYTE_0										
		RU								

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 44. Receive Buffer Header Byte 0 Descriptions

Bit	Bit Field T		Reset	Description
7:0	RX_BUF_HDR_BYTE_0	RU	0x00	Byte 0 (bits 7:0) of USB PD message header.

7.6.40 Receive Buffer Header Byte 1 Register (address = 0x33) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 48. Receive Buffer Header Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			RX_BUF_H	DR_BYTE_1			
			F	งบ			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 45. Receive Buffer Header Byte 1 Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	RX_BUF_HDR_BYTE_1	RU	0x00	Byte 1 (bits 15:8) of USB PD message header.

7.6.41 Receive Buffer Data Object 1 Through 7 Register (address = 0x34 through 0x4F) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 49. Receive Buffer Data Object 1 Through 7 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			RX_BUFF_C)BJx_BYTE_x			
			F	งบ			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 46. Receive Buffer Data Object 1 Through 7 Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	RX_BUFF_OBJy_BYTE_x	R	0x00	RX Byte x.

7.6.42 Transmit Register (address = 0x50) [reset = 0x00]

The TUSB422 clears this register after packet is transmitted regardless of outcome.

Figure 50. Transmit Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Res	erved	RETRY_COUNTER		Reserved		TX_SOP_MESSAGE		
R	/W	RV	VU	R/W		RWU		

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 47. Transmit Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:6	Reserved	R/W	00	Shall be set to zero by sender and ignored by receiver
5:4	RETRY_COUNTER	RWU	00	00b: No message retry is required 01b: Automatically retry message transmission once 10b: Automatically retry message transmission twice 11b: Automatically retry message transmission three times
3	Reserved	R/W	0	Shall be set to zero by sender, shall be ignored by receiver
2:0	TX_SOP_MESSAGE	RWU	000	000b: Transmit SOP 001b: Transmit SOP' 010b: Transmit SOP'' 011b: Transmit SOP_DBG' 100b: Transmit SOP_DBG'' 101b: Transmit Hard Reset 110b: Transmit Cable Reset 111b: Transmit BIST Carrier Mode 2



7.6.43 Transmit Byte Count Register (address = 0x51) [reset = 0x00]

The TUSB422 clears this register after packet is transmitted regardless of outcome.

Figure 51. Transmit Byte Count Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			TX_BYTI	E_COUNT			
			R	WU			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 48. Transmit Byte Count Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	TX_BYTE_COUNT	RWU		The number of bytes the TCPM will write. This is the number of bytes in the TX_BUFFER_DATA_OBJECTS plus two (for the TX_BUF_HEADER)

7.6.44 Transmit Buffer Header Byte 0 Register (address = 0x52) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 52. Transmit Buffer Header Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			TX_BUF_H	DR_BYTE_0			
			R/	W			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 49. Transmit Buffer Header Byte 0 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	TX_BUF_HDR_BYTE_0	R/W	0x00	Byte 0 (bits 7:0) of USB PD message header.

7.6.45 Transmit Buffer Header Byte 1 Register (address = 0x53) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 53. Transmit Buffer Header Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			TX_BUF_H	DR_BYTE_1			
			R	/W			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 50. Transmit Buffer Header Byte 1 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	TX_BUF_HDR_BYTE_1	R/W	0x00	Byte 1 (bits 15:8) of USB PD message header.

7.6.46 Transmit Buffer Data Object 1 Through 7 Register (address = 0x54 through 0x6F) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 54. Transmit Buffer Data Object 1 Through 7 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			TX_BUFF_O	BJx_BYTE_x			
			R	/W			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 51. Transmit Buffer Data Object 1 Through 7 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	TX_BUFF_OBJx_BYTE_x	R/W	0	TX Byte Data object 1 through 7.

7.6.47 VBUS Voltage Byte 0 Register (address = 0x70) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 55. VBUS Voltage Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			VBUS_MEA	SUREMENT			
			F	RU			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 52. VBUS Voltage Byte 0 Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	VBUS_MEASUREMENT	RU	0x00	10-bit measurement of (VBUS / Scale Factor) TCPM multiplies this value by the scale factor to obtain the voltage measurement. All Voltages shall meet $\pm 2\%$ absolute value or ± 50 mV, whichever is greater. The lsb is 25 mV.

7.6.48 VBUS Voltage Byte 1 Register (address = 0x71) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 56. VBUS Voltage Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Rese	erved		SCALE_	FACTOR	VBUS_MEAS	UREMENT[9:8]
	I	२			R	F	RU

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 53. VBUS Voltage Byte 1 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:4	Reserved	R	0	Reserved.
3:2	SCALE_FACTOR	R	0	00: VBUS measurement not scaled. 01: VBUS measurement divided by 2 10: VBUS measurement divided by 4 11: reserved
1:0	VBUS_MEASUREMENT[9:8]	RU	0	10-bit measurement of (VBUS / Scale Factor) TCPM multiplies this value by the scale factor to obtain the voltage measurement. All Voltages shall meet $\pm 2\%$ absolute value or ± 50 mV, whichever is greater.

7.6.49 VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold Byte 0 Register (address = 0x72) [reset = 0x00]

When this register is programmed to a non-zero value and AUTO_DISCHARGE_DISCONNECT is enabled, the TUSB422 will use this field instead of VBUS_PRESENT to know when a detach has occurred and then discharge to vSafe0V. This threshold register is disabled if programmed to zero.

Figure 57. VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		V	BUS_SNK_DISC	_THRESHOLD[7:0	0]		
			R/	W			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 54. VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold Byte 0 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	VBUS_SNK_DISC_THRESHOLD[7: 0]	R/W		10-bit for voltage threshold with 25 mV LSB. \pm 5% accuracy. A value of B9:0=000h disables this threshold



7.6.50 VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold Byte 1 Register (address = 0x73) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 58. VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold Byte 1 Register

5	4	3	2	1	0
Reserved				VBUS_SNK_DISC_THRESHOL D[9:8]	
R					W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 55. VBUS Sink Disconnect Threshold Byte 1 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:2	Reserved	R	0x00	Reserved
1:0	VBUS_SNK_DISC_THRESHOLD[9: 8]	R/W	00	10-bit for voltage threshold with 25 mV LSB. (Default vSafe5V) \pm 5% accuracy. A value of B9:0=000h disables this threshold

7.6.51 VBUS Stop Discharge Threshold Byte 0 Register (address = 0x74) [reset = 0x00]

When VBUS Stop Discharge Threshold register is programmed to a non-zero value and TUSB422 is a VBUS Source, the TUSB422 will discharge to value programmed into this register. If this register is programmed to all zeros, then TUSB422 will discharge to vSafe0V. If Software requires discharge to voltage other than vSafe0V, then software must program this register to desired voltage. When TUSB422 is a VBUS Sink and a detach occurs, discharge will always stop at vSafe0V.

Figure 59. VBUS Stop Discharge Threshold Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		VBUS	_STOP_DISCHAR	GE_THRESHOL	D[7:0]		
			R/\	N			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 56. VBUS Stop Discharge Threshold Byte 0 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	VBUS_STOP_DISCHARGE_THRE SHOLD[7:0]	R/W	0x00	10-bit for voltage threshold with 25 mV LSB.

7.6.52 VBUS Stop Discharge Threshold Byte 1 Register (address = 0x75) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 60. Stop Discharge Threshold Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Rese	erved			VBUS_STOP_D RESHC	DISCHARGE_TH DLD[9:8]
		F	२			R/	Ŵ

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 57. VBUS Stop Discharge Threshold Byte 1 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:2	Reserved	R	0x00	Reserved
1:0	VBUS_STOP_DISCHARGE_THRE SHOLD[9:8]	R/W	00	10-bit for voltage threshold with 25 mV LSB.



7.6.53 VBUS Voltage Alarm High Config Byte 0 Register (address = 0x76) [reset = 0x00]

This register contains the lower 8 bits of the 10-bit VBUS Voltage Alarm High Configuration register. When DISABLE_VOLTAGE_ALARMS = 1'b0, a VBUS voltage higher than value programmed into this register will cause VBUS_ALARM_HI alert flag to get set. This threshold is always enabled. SW needs to program to a value greater than VBUS to prevent VBUS_ALARM_HI alert from continuously being set.

Figure 61. VBUS Voltage Alarm High Config Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VBUS_ALARM_HIGH_THRESHOLD[7:0]							
			R	/W			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 58. VBUS Voltage Alarm High Config Byte 0 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	ReservedVBUS_ALARM_HIGH_TH RESHOLD[7:0]	R/W	0x00	10-bit for voltage threshold with 25 mV LSB. ±5% accuracy.

7.6.54 VBUS Voltage Alarm High Config Byte 1 Register (address = 0x77) [reset = 0x00]

This register contains the upper two bits of the 10-bit VBUS Voltage Alarm High Configuration register. When DISABLE_VOLTAGE_ALARMS = 1'b0, a VBUS voltage higher than value programmed into this register will cause VBUS_ALARM_HI alert flag to get set. This threshold is always enabled. SW needs to program to a value greater than VBUS to prevent VBUS_ALARM_HI alert from continuously being set.

Figure 62. VBUS Voltage Alarm High Config Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Reserved					VBUS_ALARM_ OLD	
	R						W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 59. VBUS Voltage Alarm High Config Byte 1 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:2	Reserved	R	0x00	Reserved
1:0	VBUS_ALARM_HIGH_THRESHOL D[9:8]	R/W	0x00	10-bit for voltage threshold with 25 mV LSB. \pm 5% accuracy.

7.6.55 VBUS Voltage Alarm Low Config Byte 0 Register (address = 0x78) [reset = 0x00]

This register contains the lower 8 bits of the 10-bit VBUS Voltage Alarm Low Configuration register. When DISABLE_VOLTAGE_ALARMS = 1'b0, a VBUS voltage lower than value programmed into this register will cause VBUS_ALARM_LO alert flag to get set.

Figure 63. VBUS Voltage Alarm Low Config Byte 0 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VBUS_ALARM_LOW_THRESHOLD[7:0]							
			R/	W			

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 60. VBUS Voltage Alarm Low Config Byte 0 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	VBUS_ALARM_LOW_THRESHOL D[7:0]	R/W	0x00	10-bit for voltage threshold with 25 mV LSB. ±5% accuracy.



7.6.56 VBUS Voltage Alarm Low Config Byte 1 Register (address = 0x79) [reset = 0x00]

This register contains the upper two bits of the 10-bit VBUS Voltage Alarm Low Configuration register. When DISABLE_VOLTAGE_ALARMS = 1'b0, a VBUS voltage lower than value programmed into this register will cause VBUS_ALARM_LO alert flag to get set.

Figure 64. VBUS Voltage Alarm Low Config Byte 1 Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Reserved						LOW_THRESH [9:8]
	R						W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 61. VBUS Voltage Alarm Low Config Byte 1 Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:2	Reserved	R	0x00	Reserved
1:0	VBUS_ALARM_LOW_THRESHOL D[9:8]	R/W	0x00	10-bit for voltage threshold with 25 mV LSB. ±5% accuracy.

7.6.57 Vendor Interrupts Status Register (address = 0x90) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 65. Vendor Interrupts Status Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Reserved	erved LFO_1		CC_FAULT	OTSD_STAT	Reserved	FAST_ROLE_S WAP_STAT
	R	R		RCU	R	R	RCU

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 62. Vendor Interrupts Status Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:5	Reserved	R	0000	Reserved
4	LFO_TIMER_STAT	RCU	0	0b: LFO Timer not expired or disabled. 1b: LFO Timer expired.
3	CC_FAULT	RCU	0	Set when TUSB422 detects CC pin greater than 3.5 V in unattached state. This typically will indicate a CC to VBUS short. 0b: CC Fault not detected. 1b: CC Fault detected
2	OTSD_STAT	RCU	0	0b: OTSD not detected. 1b: OTSD detected.
1	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
0	FAST_ROLE_SWAP_STAT	RCU	0	This field will be set to a 1'b1 when FastRole_RX_EN = 1 and $t_{FRSwapRx}$ condition is detected. 0b: Fast Role Swap not received. 1b: Fast Role Swap received.

7.6.58 Vendor Interrupts Mask Register (address = 0x92) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 66. Vendor Interrupts Mask Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Reserved		LFO_TIMER_M ASK	CC_FAULT_M ASK	OTSD_MASK	Reserved	FAST_ROLE_S WAP_MASK
	R		R/W	R/W	R/W	R	R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 63. Vendor Interrupts Mask Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:5	Reserved	R	000	Reserved
4	LFO_TIMER_MASK	R/W	0	0b: Interrupt masked. 1b: Interrupt unmasked
3	CC_FAULT_MASK	R/W	0	0b: Interrupt masked. 1b: Interrupt unmasked
2	OTSD_MASK	R/W	0	0b: Interrupt masked. 1b: Interrupt unmasked
1	Reserved	R/W	0	Reserved
0	FAST_ROLE_SWAP_MASK	R/W	0	0b: Interrupt masked. 1b: Interrupt unmasked



7.6.59 CC General Control Register (address = 0x94) [reset = 0x04]

Figure 67. CC General Control Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ALERT_CLEAR _READ	PD_TXRX_RE SET	GLOBAL_SW_ RESET	AUTO_DRP_S AMPLE_CTL	CC_SAMF	PLE_RATE	DRP_DUTY	_CYCLE
R						R/W	V

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 64. CC General Control Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	ALERT_CLEAR_READ	R	0	This field controls whether Status registers are cleared by write of 1'b0 (RCU) or are cleared after reading them (RAU). The registers affected by this field as the following: Alert Byte 0, Alert Byte 1, Fault Status, and Vendor Interrupts Status registers. The RX_SOP_STATUS in Alert register is not affected by this register. 0 – Alert Status flags are cleared by write of 1'b1 (RCU). 1 – Alert Status flags are cleared after reading corresponding status register (RAU).
6	PD_TXRX_RESET	R/W	0	When SW writes this field with a 1'b1, TUSB422 PD TX and RX state machines is reset . The TUSB422 clears this field upon reset completion. The TUSB422 behavior is similar to receiving a hard reset message. 0b: Normal. 1b: PD_TXRX reset.
5	GLOBAL_SW_RESET	R/W	0	 When SW writes this field with a 1'b1, the TUSB422's will be reset, CSRs included, to power-on defaults. The TUSB422 will clear this field upon reset completion. SW must reinitialize the TUSB422 upon completion of Global reset Ob: Normal. 1b: Global Reset.
4	AUTO_DRP_SAMPLE_CTL	R/W	0	When TUSB422 is enabled for autonomous DRP toggle, this field controls when CC pins are sampled while unattached. 0b: Continuously checks CC pins based on CC_SAMPLE_RATE field. 1b: Only checks CC pins just before Role toggle.
3:2	CC_SAMPLE_RATE	R/W	01	This field controls the TUSB422 CC pins sample rate. 00b: 1 ms (typ) 01b: 2 ms (typ) 10b: 8 ms (typ) 11b: 16 ms (typ)
1:0	DRP_DUTY_CYCLE	R/W	00	Percent of time that DRP advertises DFP during t _{DRP} . 00b: 30% (typ) 01b: 10% (typ) 10b: 50% (typ) 11b: 60% (typ)

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7.6.60 PHY BMC TX Control Register (address = 0x95) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 68. PHY BMC TX Control Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Reserved			TX_CARRIER_ MODE2_SEL	TX_FAST_ROL E_SWAP	Reserved
		R			R/W	RSU	R

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 65. PHY BMC TX Control Register Descriptions

3	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:3	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
2	TX_CARRIER_MODE2_SEL	R/W	0	0b: TX BIST Carrier Mode 2 only for t _{BISTContMode} 1b: TX BIST Carrier Mode 2 continuously.
1	TX_FAST_ROLE_SWAP	RSU	0	0b: Normal operation. 1b: TX a Fast Role Swap.
0	Reserved	R	0	Reserved

7.6.61 PHY BMC RX Control Register (address = 0x96) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 69. PHY BMC RX Control Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Rese	erved		FASTROLE_R X_EN	VIX_PD_OVER RIDE	VIX_	PD
	F	R				R/V	V

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 66. PHY BMC RX Control Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:4	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
3	FASTROLE_RX_EN	R/W	0	0b: Fast Role swap detection disabled. 1b: Fast Role swap detection enabled.
2	VIX_PD_OVERRIDE	R/W	0	0b: BMC RX threshold is controlled by POWER_ROLE field. 1b: BMC RX threshold is control by value of VIX_PD field.
1:0	VIX_PD	R/W	00	00b: BMC RX set to $V_{IH(PD_SNK)}$ and $V_{IL(PD_SNK)}$. 01b: BMC RX set to $V_{IH(PD_SRC)}$ and $V_{IL(PD_SRC)}$. 10b: BMC RX set to $V_{IH(PD_NEU)}$ and $V_{IL(PD_NEU)}$. 11b: BMC RX set to $V_{IH(PD_SNK)}$ and $V_{IL(PD_SRC)}$.



7.6.62 PHY BMC RX Status Register (address = 0x97) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 70. PHY BMC RX Status Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Rese	erved		RX_PREAMBL E_STAT	RX_CRC_OK_ STAT	RX_EOP_STA T	RX_SOP_STA T
	F	र		RU	RU	RU	RU

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 67. PHY BMC RX Status Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:4	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
3	RX_PREAMBLE_STAT	RU	0	0b: Preamble not received. 1b: Preamble received.
2	RX_CRC_OK_STAT	RU	0	0b: CRC not ok. 1b: CRC ok.
1	RX_EOP_STAT	RU	0	0b: EOP not received . 1b: EOP received.
0	RX_SOP_STAT	RU	0	0b: SOP not received 1b: SOP received.

7.6.63 VBUS and VCONN Control Register (address = 0x98) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 71. VBUS and VCONN Control Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Reserved						INT_VBUSDIS_ DISABLE
	R						R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 68. VBUS and VCONN Control Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:2	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
1	INT_VCONNDIS_DISABLE	R/W	0	When a VCONN discharge condition occurs, this register controls whether TUSB422 internal VCONN discharge circuit is used or not. When not used, it is assumed that VCONN discharge is handled external to TUSB422. 0b: Internal VCONN discharge enable 1b: Internal VCONN discharge disabled.
0	INT_VBUSDIS_DISABLE	R/W	0	When a VBUS discharge condition occurs, this register controls whether TUSB422 internal VBUS discharge circuit is used or not. When not used, it is assumed that VBUS discharge is handled external to TUSB422. 0b: Internal VBUS discharge enable 1b: Internal VBUS discharge disabled.

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7.6.64 OTSD Control Register (address = 0x99) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 72. OTSD Control Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Reserved		OTSD_RAW_S TATUS		Reserved		OTSD_EN
	R		RU		R		R/W

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 69. OTSD Control Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:5	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
4	OTSD_RAW_STATUS	RU	0	This field represents the raw status of the OTSD.
3:1	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
0	OTSD_EN	R/W	0	0b: Disabled 1b: Enabled

7.6.65 LFO Timer Low Register (address = 0xA0) [reset = 0x00]

The value programmed into 16-bit LFP timer will not get applied until LFO Timer High register is written. The value of this register will always return the value written to it; and therefore, after the timer is enabled this register will not reflect the actual LFP timer value.

Figure 73. LFO Timer Low Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
	LFO_TIMER_LO									
	R/W									

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 70. LFO Timer Low Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:0	LFO_TIMER_LO	R/W		Lower 8-bits of the 16-bit LFO Timer. When LFO timer is set to a non-zero value, the timer is enabled and start counting to zero. Upon reaching zero, the LFO_TIMER_STAT flag is set. Timer can be disabled by programming LFP_TIMER to zero. LSB is 1000 μ s.



7.6.66 LFO Timer High Register (address = 0xA1) [reset = 0x00]

The value programmed into 16-bit LFP timer will not get applied until LFO Timer High register is written. The value of this register will always return the value written to it and therefore after the timer is enabled this register will not reflect the actual LFP timer value.

Figure 74. LFO Timer High Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
	LFO_TIMER_HI									
	 R/W									

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 71. LFO Timer High Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	TypeW	Reset	Description
7:0	LFO_TIMER_HI	R/W	0x00	Upper 8-bits of the 16-bit LFO Timer. When LFO timer is set to a non-zero value, the timer is enabled and start counting to zero. Upon reaching zero, the LFO_TIMER_STATUS flag is set. Timer can be disabled by programming LFP_TIMER to zero.

7.6.67 Page Select Register (address = 0xFF) [reset = 0x00]

Figure 75. Page Select Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Reserved									
R									

LEGEND: R/W = Read/Write; R = Read only

Table 72. Page Select Register Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7:1	Reserved	R	0	Reserved
0	PAGE_SELECT	R/W		0b: Page 0 1b: Page 1 (TI Test Registers)



8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

Figure 76 is for the TUSB422 in WLCSP package configured in DRP mode.

8.2 Typical Application

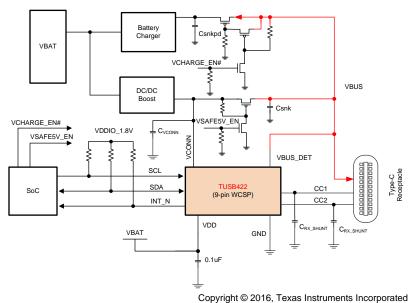


Figure 76. TUSB422 in DRP Application

8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters shown in Table 73.

Table 73. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE				
V _{DD} supply (2.7 V to 5.5 V)	VBAT				
V _(CC1/CC2) , Minimum Voltage on CC1/CC2 when VCONN switch is closed.	3 V				
Minimum V _(VCONN) power	1 Watt				
I ² C Level (1.8 V or 3.3 V)	1.8 V				
Max I ² C bus capacitance	150 pF				
I ² C Speed (400 KHz or 1 MHz).	400 KHz				
External pull-up resistor on SDA and SCL.	1.5 ΚΩ				
External pull-up resistor on INT_N	200 ΚΩ				
CRX_SHUNT (200 pF to 450 pF)	220 pF				
C _(VCONN)	10 µF				



8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

esign Procedure

The TUSB422 supports a large V_{DD} supply range allowing it to be powered from an external battery (VBAT).

The TUSB422 I²C slave interface supports up to 1 MHz (Fast Mode+) at either 1.8 V or 3.3 V signal levels. Depending on the signaling level of the I²C master, the TUSB422 SDA and SCL should be pulled up to either 1.8 V or 3.3 V. For this particular example, the SDA and SCL are pulled up to 1.8 V. The actual pullup resistor value chosen is based maximum I²C bus capacitance and the maximum I²C frequency. A 1.5 K Ω resistor was chosen to support a 150 pF maximum I²C bus capacitance and a 400 KHz I²C clock.

The INT_N pin is used by the TUSB422 to communicate events to software running on an external CPU. This pin requires an external pull-up resistor to 1.8 V, 3.3 V, or TUSB422 V_{DD} supply. Typically, INT_N is pulled up to the same supply as the SDA and SCL pins. The recommend pull-up value is 200 K Ω .

The USB Type-C specification uses VCONN to power Type-C active cables and cable plugs. The minimum VCONN power mandated by the specification is 1 W. The TUSB422 incorporates an internal switch to route power from VCONN pin to one of the CC pins (CC1 or CC2). A recent ECN for VCONN redefines VCONN voltage range to 3 V — 5.5 V from the originally defined 4.75 V — 5.5 V. Given TUSB422 maximum $R_{ds(on)}$ and the minimum $I_{(VCONN)}$ current, the allowable VCONN power through the TUSB422 is derived by Equation 1.

$$(V_{(VCONN)} - V_{(VCC1/CC2)}) / R_{ds(on)}(max) < I_{(VCONN)}(min)$$

(1)

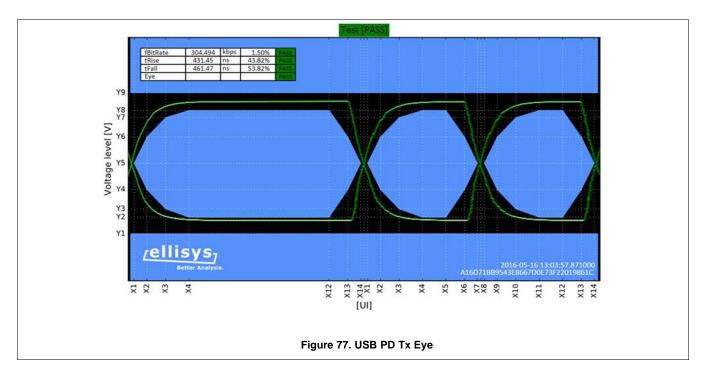
TUSB422

SLLSEW6B-NOVEMBER 2016-REVISED AUGUST 2017

where:

- where V_(VCONN) represents voltage on VCONN pin.
- V_(VCONN) is voltage on CC pins.
- R_{ds(on)} (max) is VCONN switch maximum ON resistance,
- and I_(VCONN) (min) is the minimum VCONN current fault threshold.

For this example, to support the minimum Type-C V_(VCONN) requirement (1 Watt at 3 V), the voltage on the VCONN pin must be greater than 3.25 Volts [(0.333 A x 0.75 Ω) + 3 V]. If system designer desires to support the old VCONN requirement of 1 W at 4.75 V, then the voltage on the VCONN pin must be greater than 4.9 volts [(0.21 A x 0.75 Ω) + 4.75 V].



8.2.3 Application Curve

SLLSEW6B – NOVEMBER 2016 – REVISED AUGUST 2017 9 Power Supply Recommendations

The TUSB422 has a wide power supply range from 2.7 V - 5.5 V.

General Power up Sequence for TUSB422:

- System is powered off (device has no V_{DD}).
- V_{DD} ramps

TUSB422

- TUSB422 asserts INT_N low when initial initialization is complete.
- Software can then start configuring the TUSB422.



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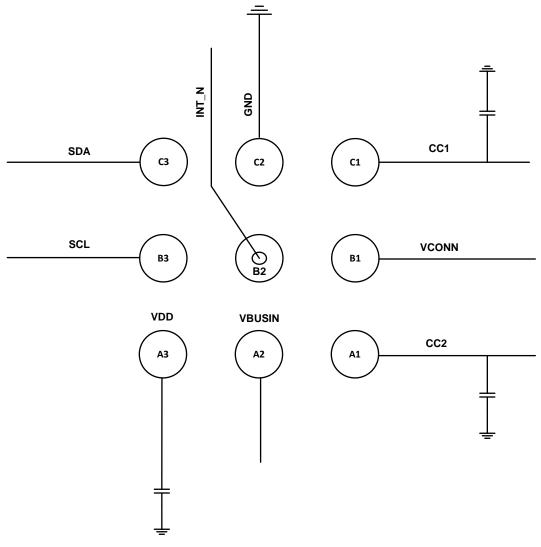
10 Layout

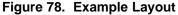
10.1 Layout Guidelines

- 1. Trace width and thickness size for CC1, CC2, and VCONN should be set to meet at least 1 Watt.
- 2. A 0.1 μ F capacitor should be placed as close as possible to TUSB422 V_{DD} pin.

Figure 78 shows via-in-pad for inner pad B2. This is due to the tight placing between two pads. If PCB manufacturing restrictions allows for very small width traces like 2 mils, then via-in-pad is not needed.

10.2 Layout Example







11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

11.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E[™] Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments. USB Type-C is a trademark of USB Implementers Forum. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

11.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

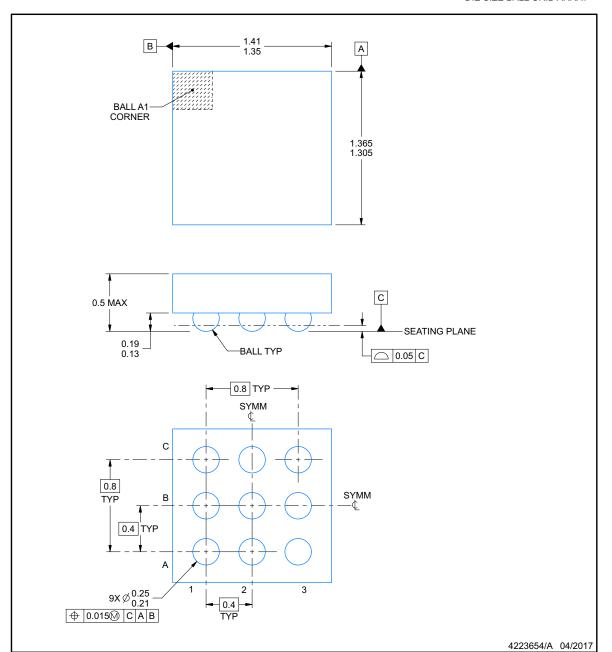
This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGE OUTLINE DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.

TUSB422IYFP

YFP0009-C01





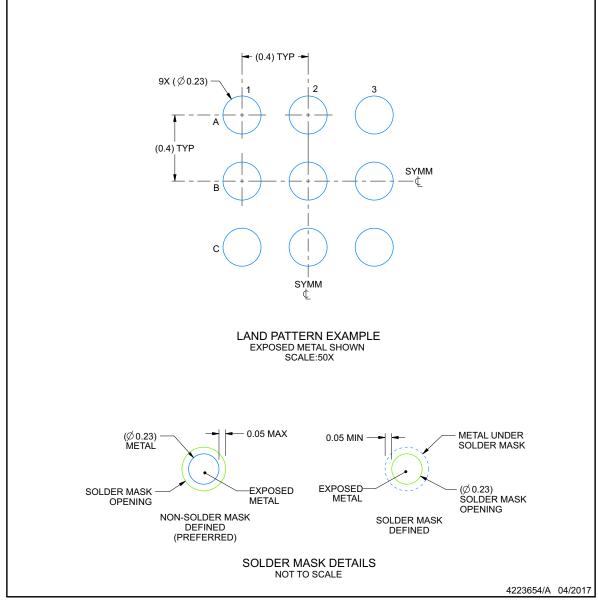
TUSB422IYFP

YFP0009-C01

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

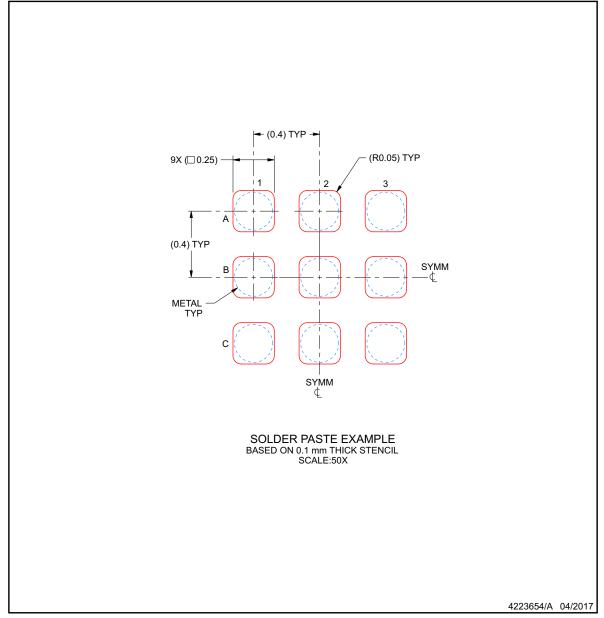
3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

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EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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TUSB422IYFP YFP0009-C01



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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	•	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TUSB422IYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	9	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	422	Samples
TUSB422IYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	9	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	422	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

19-Jul-2017

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TUSB422IYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	9	3000	180.0	8.4	1.5	1.45	0.6	4.0	8.0	Q1
TUSB422IYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	9	250	180.0	8.4	1.5	1.45	0.6	4.0	8.0	Q1

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TUSB422IYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	9	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TUSB422IYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	9	250	182.0	182.0	20.0

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