

具有集成低压降稳压器 (LDO) 的系统端 Impedance Track™ 电池电量计

 查询样片: [bq27520-G4](#)

特性

- 单节串联锂离子电池电量计 驻留在系统主板上
 - 集成型 **2.5V VDC** 低压降稳压器 (LDO)
 - 外部低值 **10mΩ** 感测电阻
- 已获专利 **Impedance Track™** 技术
 - 针对电池老化、自放电、温度和速率变化进行调节
 - 报告剩余电量、充电状态 (SOC) 和续航时间
 - 可选平滑滤波
 - 电池健康状况 (老化) 估计
 - 支持容量高达 **32Ahr** 的嵌入式或已拆除电池组
 - 用 **2** 个独立电池系统配置来满足电池组互换的要求
- 微控制器外设支持:
 - **400kHz I²C™** 串行接口
 - **32** 字节高速暂存存储器闪存非易失性内存 (NVM)
 - 电池低电平数字输出报警
 - 可配置 **SOC** 中断
 - 外部热敏电阻、内部传感器或主机温度报告选项
- 极小型 **15** 引脚 **2610 x 1956μm**, 引线间距 **0.5mm** **NanoFree™** (芯片尺寸球栅阵列 (DSBGA)) 封装

应用范围

- 智能手机、功能型手机和平板电脑
- 数码相机与数码摄像机
- 手持终端设备
- **MP3** 或多媒体播放器

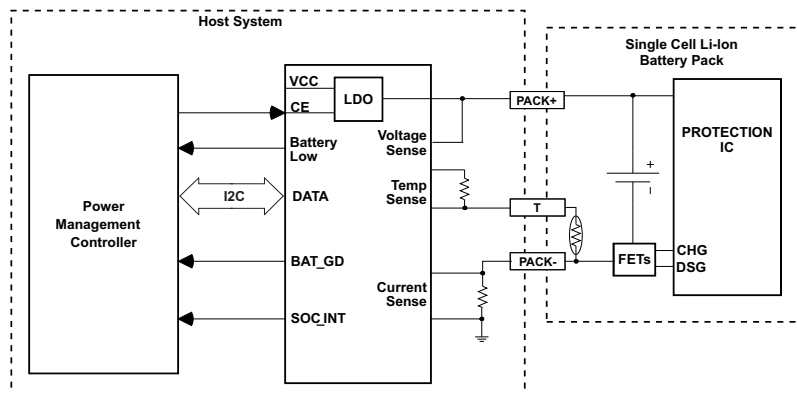
说明

德州仪器 (TI) bq27520-G4 系统侧锂离子电池电量计是一款微处理器外设, 此外设可为单体锂离子电池组提供电量计量。此器件只需很少的系统微控制器固件开发。bq27520-G4 驻留在系统主板上, 并且可管理嵌入式电池 (不可拆卸) 或可拆卸电池组。

bq27520-G4 采用获专利的 Impedance Track™ 算法支持电量计量, 并可提供剩余电池容量 (mAh), 充电状态 (%), 续航时间 (分钟), 电池电压 (mV), 温度 (°C) 以及电池健康状况 (%) 等信息。

用 bq27520-G4 进行电池电量计量只需将 PACK+ (P+), PACK-(P-) 以及可选热敏电阻 (T) 连接至可拆卸电池组或嵌入式电池电路。此器件使用一个 15 焊球 NanoFree™ (DSBGA) 封装, 其标称尺寸为 2610 x 1956μm, 引线间距 0.5mm。它是空间受限应用的理想选择。

TYPICAL APPLICATION



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

Impedance Track, NanoFree are trademarks of Texas Instruments.
I²C is a trademark of NXP B.V. Corp Netherlands.



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

DEVICE INFORMATION

THERMAL INFORMATION

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		bq27520-G4	UNITS
		YZF(15 PINS)	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	70	°C/W
θ_{JCTop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	17	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	20	
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1	
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	18	
θ_{JCbott}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, [SPRA953](#)

PIN ASSIGNMENT AND PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

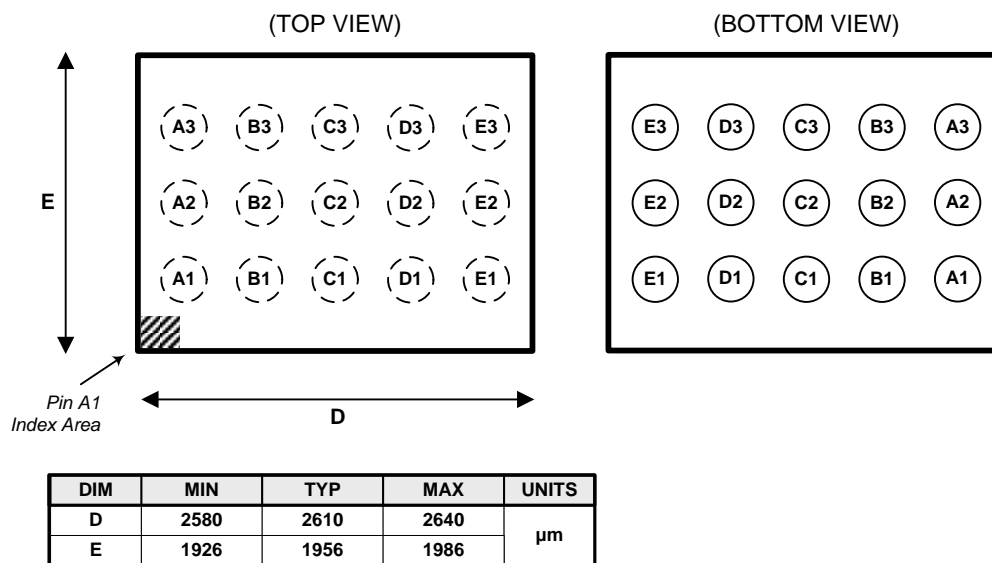


Table 1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
SRP	A1	IA	Analog input pin connected to the internal coulomb counter with a Kelvin connection where SRP is nearest the PACK– connection. Connect to 5-mΩ to 20-mΩ sense resistor.
SRN	B1	IA	Analog input pin connected to the internal coulomb counter with a Kelvin connection where SRN is nearest the Vss connection. Connect to 5-mΩ to 20-mΩ sense resistor.
Vss	C1, C2	P	Device ground
Vcc	D1	P	Regulator output and bq27520-G4 processor power. Decouple with 1-μF ceramic capacitor to Vss.
REGIN	E1	P	Regulator input. Decouple with 0.1-μF ceramic capacitor to Vss.
SOC_INT	A2	O	SOC state interrupts output. Generates a pulse under the conditions specified by ⁽¹⁾ . Open drain output.
BAT_GD	B2	O	Battery Good push-pull indicator output. Active-low and output disabled by default. Polarity is configured via OpConfig [BATG_POL] and the output is enabled via OpConfig C [BATGSPUEN] .
CE	D2	I	Chip Enable. Internal LDO is disconnected from REGIN when driven low. Note: CE has an internal ESD protection diode connected to REGIN. Recommend maintaining $V_{CE} \leq V_{REGIN}$ under all conditions.
BAT	E2	I	Cell-voltage measurement input. ADC input. Recommend 4.8V maximum for conversion accuracy.
SCL	A3	I	Slave I ² C serial communications clock input line for communication with system (Master). Open-drain I/O. Use with 10kΩ pull-up resistor (typical).
SDA	B3	I/O	Slave I ² C serial communications data line for communication with system (Master). Open-drain I/O. Use with 10kΩ pull-up resistor (typical).
BAT_LOW	C3	O	Battery Low push-pull output indicator. Active high and output enabled by default. Polarity is configured via OpConfig [BATL_POL] and the output is enabled via OpConfig C [BATLSPUEN] .
TS	D3	IA	Pack thermistor voltage sense (use 103AT-type thermistor). ADC input.
BI/TOUT	E3	I/O	Battery-insertion detection input. Power pin for pack thermistor network. Thermistor-multiplexer control pin. Use with pull-up resistor >1MΩ (1.8 MΩ typical).

(1) I/O = Digital input/output, IA = Analog input, P = Power connection

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

 over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		VALUE	UNIT
V _{REGIN}	Regulator input range	-0.3 to 5.5	V
		-0.3 to 6.0 ⁽²⁾	V
V _{CE}	CE input pin	-0.3 to V _{REGIN} + 0.3	V
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range	-0.3 to 2.75	V
V _{IOD}	Open-drain I/O pins (SDA, SCL, SOC_INT)	-0.3 to 5.5	V
V _{BAT}	BAT input pin	-0.3 to 5.5	V
		-0.3 to 6.0 ⁽²⁾	V
V _I	Input voltage range to all other pins (BI/TOUT, TS, SRP, SRN, BAT_LOW, BAT_GD)	-0.3 to V _{CC} + 0.3	V
ESD	Human-body model (HBM), BAT pin	1.5	kV
	Human-body model (HBM), all other pins	2	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature range	-40 to 85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) Condition not to exceed 100 hours at 25 °C lifetime.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

 T_A = -40°C to 85°C, V_{REGIN} = V_{BAT} = 3.6V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{REGIN}	Supply voltage				V
	No operating restrictions	2.8		4.5	
	No FLASH writes	2.45		2.8	
C _{REGIN}	External input capacitor for internal LDO between REGIN and V _{SS}		0.1		μF
C _{LDO25}	External output capacitor for internal LDO between V _{CC} and V _{SS}	0.47	1		μF
t _{PUCD}	Power-up communication delay		250		ms

SUPPLY CURRENT

 T_A = 25°C and V_{REGIN} = V_{BAT} = 3.6V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{CC} ⁽¹⁾	Normal operating-mode current Fuel gauge in NORMAL mode. I _{LOAD} > Sleep Current		118		μA
I _{SLEEP+} ⁽¹⁾	Sleep+ operating mode current Fuel gauge in SLEEP+ mode. I _{LOAD} < Sleep Current		62		μA
I _{SLEEP} ⁽¹⁾	Low-power storage-mode current Fuel gauge in SLEEP mode. I _{LOAD} < Sleep Current		23		μA
I _{HIB} ⁽¹⁾	Hibernate operating-mode current Fuel gauge in HIBERNATE mode. I _{LOAD} < Hibernate Current		8		μA

- (1) Specified by design. Not production tested.

DIGITAL INPUT AND OUTPUT DC CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , typical values at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{\text{REGIN}} = 3.6\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{OL}	Output voltage, low (SCL, SDA, SOC_INT, BAT_LOW, BAT_GD)	$I_{\text{OL}} = 3\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
$V_{\text{OH(PP)}}$	Output voltage, high (BAT_LOW, BAT_GD)	$I_{\text{OH}} = -1\text{ mA}$	$V_{\text{CC}} - 0.5$		V
$V_{\text{OH(OD)}}$	Output voltage, high (SDA, SCL, SOC_INT)	External pullup resistor connected to V_{CC}	$V_{\text{CC}} - 0.5$		
V_{IL}	Input voltage, low (SDA, SCL)		-0.3	0.6	V
	Input voltage, low (BI/TOUIT)	BAT INSERT CHECK MODE active	-0.3	0.6	
V_{IH}	Input voltage, high (SDA, SCL)		1.2		V
	Input voltage, high (BI/TOUIT)	BAT INSERT CHECK MODE active	1.2	$V_{\text{CC}} + 0.3$	
$V_{\text{IL(CE)}}$	Input voltage, low (CE)	$V_{\text{REGIN}} = 2.8\text{ to }4.5\text{V}$		0.8	V
$V_{\text{IH(CE)}}$	Input voltage, high (CE)			2.65	
$I_{\text{IKG}}^{(1)}$	Input leakage current (I/O pins)			0.3	μA

(1) Specified by design. Not production tested.

POWER-ON RESET

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , typical values at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{\text{REGIN}} = 3.6\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{\text{IT+}}$	Positive-going battery voltage input at V_{CC}	2.05	2.15	2.20	V
V_{HYS}	Power-on reset hysteresis	45	115	185	mV

2.5V LDO REGULATOR

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $C_{\text{LDO25}} = 1\mu\text{F}$, $V_{\text{REGIN}} = 3.6\text{V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT	
V_{REG25}	Regulator output voltage (V_{CC})	$2.8\text{V} \leq V_{\text{REGIN}} \leq 4.5\text{V}$, $I_{\text{OUT}} \leq 16\text{mA}^{(1)}$	2.3	2.5	2.6	V
		$2.45\text{V} \leq V_{\text{REGIN}} < 2.8\text{V}$ (low battery), $I_{\text{OUT}} \leq 3\text{mA}$	2.3			V

(1) LDO output current, I_{OUT} , is the total load current. LDO regulator should be used to power internal fuel gauge only.

INTERNAL CLOCK OSCILLATORS

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $2.4\text{ V} < V_{\text{CC}} < 2.6\text{ V}$; typical values at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{\text{CC}} = 2.5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f_{OSC}	High Frequency Oscillator		8.389		MHz
f_{LOSC}	Low Frequency Oscillator		32.768		kHz

ADC (TEMPERATURE AND CELL MEASUREMENT) CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $2.4\text{ V} < V_{CC} < 2.6\text{ V}$; typical values at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{ADC1}	Input voltage range (TS)	$V_{\text{SS}} - 0.125$		2	V
V_{ADC2}	Input voltage range (BAT)	$V_{\text{SS}} - 0.125$		5	V
$V_{\text{IN(ADC)}}$	Input voltage range	0.05		1	V
G_{TEMP}	Internal temperature sensor voltage gain		-2		mV/°C
$t_{\text{ADC_CONV}}$	Conversion time			125	ms
	Resolution	14		15	bits
$V_{\text{OS(ADC)}}$	Input offset		1		mV
$Z_{\text{ADC1}}^{(1)}$	Effective input resistance (TS)	8			MΩ
$Z_{\text{ADC2}}^{(1)}$	Effective input resistance (BAT)	bq27520-G4 not measuring cell voltage	8		MΩ
		bq27520-G4 measuring cell voltage		100	kΩ
$I_{\text{lkq(ADC)}}^{(1)}$	Input leakage current			0.3	μA

(1) Specified by design. Not tested in production.

INTEGRATING ADC (COULOMB COUNTER) CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $2.4\text{ V} < V_{CC} < 2.6\text{ V}$; typical values at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{SR}	Input voltage range, $V_{\text{(SRP)}}$ and $V_{\text{(SRN)}}$	$V_{\text{SR}} = V_{\text{(SRP)}} - V_{\text{(SRN)}}$	-0.125	0.125	V
$t_{\text{SR_CONV}}$	Conversion time		1		s
	Resolution	14		15	bits
$V_{\text{OS(SR)}}$	Input offset		10		μV
INL	Integral nonlinearity error		±0.007	±0.034	% FSR
$Z_{\text{IN(SR)}}^{(1)}$	Effective input resistance	2.5			MΩ
$I_{\text{lkq(SR)}}^{(1)}$	Input leakage current			0.3	μA

(1) Specified by design. Not tested in production.

DATA FLASH MEMORY CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $2.4\text{ V} < V_{CC} < 2.6\text{ V}$; typical values at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{DR}^{(1)}$	Data retention	10			Years
	Flash-programming write cycles ⁽¹⁾	20,000			Cycles
$t_{WORDPROG}^{(1)}$	Word programming time			2	ms
$I_{CCPROG}^{(1)}$	Flash-write supply current		5	10	mA
$t_{DFERASE}^{(1)}$	Data flash master erase time	200			ms
$t_{IFERASE}^{(1)}$	Instruction flash master erase time	200			ms
$t_{PGERASE}^{(1)}$	Flash page erase time	20			ms

(1) Specified by design. Not production tested

I²C-COMPATIBLE INTERFACE COMMUNICATION TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , $2.4\text{ V} < V_{CC} < 2.6\text{ V}$; typical values at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_r	SCL/SDA rise time			300	ns
t_f	SCL/SDA fall time			300	ns
$t_{w(H)}$	SCL pulse duration (high)	600			ns
$t_{w(L)}$	SCL pulse duration (low)	1.3			μs
$t_{su(STA)}$	Setup for repeated start	600			ns
$t_{d(STA)}$	Start to first falling edge of SCL	600			ns
$t_{su(DAT)}$	Data setup time	100			ns
$t_{h(DAT)}$	Data hold time	0			ns
$t_{su(STOP)}$	Setup time for stop	600			ns
$t_{(BUF)}$	Bus free time between stop and start	66			μs
f_{SCL}	Clock frequency ⁽¹⁾			400	kHz

(1) If the clock frequency (f_{SCL}) is $> 100\text{ kHz}$, use 1-byte write commands for proper operation. All other transactions types are supported at 400 kHz. (Refer to [I²C INTERFACE](#) and [I²C Command Waiting Time](#))

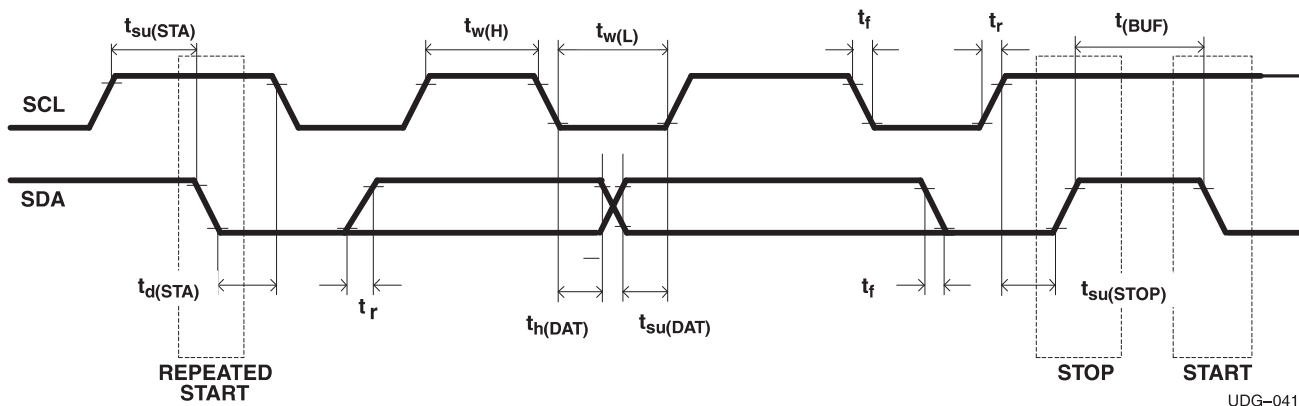


Figure 1. I²C-Compatible Interface Timing Diagrams

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The bq27520-G4 accurately predicts the battery capacity and other operational characteristics of a single Li-based rechargeable cell. It can be interrogated by a system processor to provide cell information, such as time-to-empty (TTE) and state-of-charge (SOC) as well as SOC interrupt signal to the host.

Information is accessed through a series of commands, called *Standard Commands*. Further capabilities are provided by the additional *Extended Commands* set. Both sets of commands, indicated by the general format *Command()*, are used to read and write information contained within the device control and status registers, as well as its data flash locations. Commands are sent from system to gauge using the bq27520-G4's I²C serial communications engine, and can be executed during application development, system manufacture, or end-equipment operation.

Cell information is stored in the device in non-volatile flash memory. Many of these data flash locations are accessible during application development. They cannot, generally, be accessed directly during end-equipment operation. Access to these locations is achieved by either use of the bq27520-G4's companion evaluation software, through individual commands, or through a sequence of data-flash-access commands. To access a desired data flash location, the correct data flash subclass and offset must be known.

The key to the bq27520-G4's high-accuracy gas gauging prediction is Texas Instruments proprietary Impedance Track™ algorithm. This algorithm uses cell measurements, characteristics, and properties to create state-of-charge predictions that can achieve less than 1% error across a wide variety of operating conditions and over the lifetime of the battery.

The device measures charge and discharge activity by monitoring the voltage across a small-value series sense resistor (5 mΩ to 20 mΩ typical) located between the system's V_{SS} and the battery's PACK– terminal. When a cell is attached to the device, cell impedance is learned, based on cell current, cell open-circuit voltage (OCV), and cell voltage under loading conditions.

The device external temperature sensing is optimized with the use of a high accuracy negative temperature coefficient (NTC) thermistor with R₂₅ = 10.0kΩ ±1%. B_{25/85} = 3435K ± 1% (such as Semitec NTC 103AT). Alternatively, the bq27520-G4 can also be configured to use its internal temperature sensor or receive temperature data from the host processor. When an external thermistor is used, a 18.2kΩ pull-up resistor between BI/TOUT and TS pins is also required. The bq27520-G4 uses temperature to monitor the battery-pack environment, which is used for fuel gauging and cell protection functionality.

To minimize power consumption, the device has different power modes: NORMAL, SLEEP+, SLEEP, HIBERNATE, and BAT INSERT CHECK. The bq27520-G4 passes automatically between these modes, depending upon the occurrence of specific events, though a system processor can initiate some of these modes directly.

For complete operational details, refer to [bq27520-G4 Technical Reference Manual](#).

NOTE

Formatting Conventions in this Document:

Commands: *italics* with parentheses() and no breaking spaces, for example, *RemainingCapacity()*.

Data Flash: *italics*, **bold**, and breaking spaces, for example, ***Design Capacity***.

Register bits and flags: *italics* with brackets [], for example, *[TDA]*

Data flash bits: *italics*, **bold**, and brackets [], for example, ***[LED1]***

Modes and states: ALL CAPITALS, for example, UNSEALED mode.

Data Commands

Standard Data Commands

The bq27520-G4 uses a series of 2-byte standard commands to enable system reading and writing of battery information. Each standard command has an associated command-code pair, as indicated in [Table 2](#). Because each command consists of two bytes of data, two consecutive I²C transmissions must be executed both to initiate the command function, and to read or write the corresponding two bytes of data. Additional details are found in the [bq27520-G4 Technical Reference Manual](#).

Table 2. Standard Commands

NAME		COMMAND CODE	UNIT	SEALED ACCESS
<i>Control()</i>	CNTL	0x00 / 0x01	NA	R/W
<i>AtRate()</i>		0x02 / 0x03	mA	R/W
<i>AtRateTimeToEmpty()</i>		0x04 / 0x05	Minutes	R
<i>Temperature()</i>	TEMP	0x06 / 0x07	0.1 K	R/W
<i>Voltage()</i>	VOLT	0x08 / 0x09	mV	R
<i>Flags()</i>	FLAGS	0x0A / 0x0B	NA	R
<i>NominalAvailableCapacity()</i>	NAC	0x0C / 0x0D	mAh	R
<i>FullAvailableCapacity()</i>	FAC	0x0E / 0x0F	mAh	R
<i>RemainingCapacity()</i>	RM	0x10 / 0x11	mAh	R
<i>FullChargeCapacity()</i>	FCC	0x12 / 0x13	mAh	R
<i>AverageCurrent()</i>		0x14 / 0x15	mA	R
<i>TimeToEmpty()</i>	TTE	0x16 / 0x17	Minutes	R
<i>StandbyCurrent()</i>		0x18 / 0x19	mA	R
<i>StandbyTimeToEmpty()</i>		0x1A / 0x1B	Minutes	R
<i>StateOfHealth()</i>	SOH	0x1C / 0x1D	% / num	R
<i>CycleCount()</i>		0x1E / 0x1F	num	R
<i>StateOfCharge()</i>	SOC	0x20 / 0x21	%	R
<i>InstantaneousCurrent()</i>		0x22 / 0x23	mA	R
<i>InternalTemperature()</i>		0x28 / 0x29	0.1 K	R
<i>ResistanceScale()</i>		0x2A / 0x2B		R
<i>OperationConfiguration()</i>	Op Config	0x2C / 0x2D	NA	R
<i>DesignCapacity()</i>		0x2E / 0x2F	mAh	R

Control(): 0x00/0x01

Issuing a *Control()* command requires a subsequent 2-byte subcommand. These additional bytes specify the particular control function desired. The *Control()* command allows the system to control specific features of the bq27520-G4 during normal operation and additional features when the device is in different access modes, as described in [Table 3](#). Additional details are found in the [bq27520-G4 Technical Reference Manual](#).

Table 3. Control() Subcommands

CNTL FUNCTION	CNTL DATA	SEALED ACCESS	DESCRIPTION
CONTROL_STATUS	0x0000	Yes	Reports the status of DF checksum, hibernate, IT, etc.
DEVICE_TYPE	0x0001	Yes	Reports the device type (for example: 0x0520)
FW_VERSION	0x0002	Yes	Reports the firmware version on the device type
PREV_MACWRITE	0x0007	Yes	Returns previous <i>Control()</i> subcommand code
CHEM_ID	0x0008	Yes	Reports the chemical identifier of the Impedance Track™ configuration
OCV_CMD	0x000C	Yes	Requests the fuel gauge to take an OCV measurement
BAT_INSERT	0x000D	Yes	Forces <i>Flags()</i> [BAT_DET] bit set when OpConfig B [BIE] = 0
BAT_REMOVE	0x000E	Yes	Forces <i>Flags()</i> [BAT_DET] bit clear when OpConfig B [BIE] = 0
SET_HIBERNATE	0x0011	Yes	Forces CONTROL_STATUS [HIBERNATE] to 1
CLEAR_HIBERNATE	0x0012	Yes	Forces CONTROL_STATUS [HIBERNATE] to 0
SET_SLEEP+	0x0013	Yes	Forces CONTROL_STATUS [SNOOZE] to 1
CLEAR_SLEEP+	0x0014	Yes	Forces CONTROL_STATUS [SNOOZE] to 0
DF_VERSION	0x001F	Yes	Returns the Data Flash Version code
SEALED	0x0020	No	Places the bq27520-G4 in SEALED access mode
IT_ENABLE	0x0021	No	Enables the Impedance Track™ (IT) algorithm
RESET	0x0041	No	Forces a full reset of the bq27520-G4

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The bq27520-G4 measures the voltage, temperature, and current to determine battery capacity and state of charge (SOC) based on the patented Impedance Track™ algorithm (Refer to Application Report [SLUA450](#), *Theory and Implementation of Impedance Track Battery Fuel-Gauging Algorithm* for more information). The bq27520-G4 monitors charge and discharge activity by sensing the voltage across a small-value resistor (5 mΩ to 20 mΩ typical) between the SRP and SRN pins and in series with the battery. By integrating charge passing through the battery, the battery's SOC is adjusted during battery charge or discharge.

Battery capacity is found by comparing states of charge before and after applying the load with the amount of charge passed. When a system load is applied, the impedance of the battery is measured by comparing the open circuit voltage (OCV) obtained from a predefined function for present SOC with the measured voltage under load. Measurements of OCV and charge integration determine chemical state of charge and chemical capacity (Qmax). The initial Qmax values are taken from a cell manufacturers' data sheet multiplied by the number of parallel cells. It is also used for the value in **Design Capacity**. The bq27520-G4 acquires and updates the battery-impedance profile during normal battery usage. It uses this profile, along with SOC and the Qmax value, to determine *FullChargeCapacity*() and *StateOfCharge*(), specifically for the present load and temperature. *FullChargeCapacity*() is reported as capacity available from a fully charged battery under the present load and temperature until *Voltage*() reaches the **Terminate Voltage**. *NominalAvailableCapacity*() and *FullAvailableCapacity*() are the uncompensated (no or light load) versions of *RemainingCapacity*() and *FullChargeCapacity*(), respectively.

The bq27520-G4 has two *Flags*() bits and two pins to warn the host if the battery's SOC has fallen to critical levels. If *RemainingCapacity*() falls below the first capacity threshold specified by **SOC1 Set Threshold**, the *Flags*() [SOC1] bit is set and is cleared if *RemainingCapacity*() rises above the **SOC1 Clear Threshold**. If enabled via **OpConfig C [BATLSPUEN]**, the BAT_LOW pin reflects the status of the [SOC1] flag bit. Also, if enabled by **OpConfig B [BL_INT]**, the SOC_INT will toggle upon a state change of the [SOC1] flag bit.

As *Voltage*() falls below the **SysDown Set Volt Threshold**, the *Flags*() [SYSDOWN] bit is set and SOC_INT will toggle once to provide a final warning to shut down the system. As *Voltage*() rises above **SysDown Clear Voltage** the [SYSDOWN] bit is cleared and SOC_INT will toggle once to signal the status change.

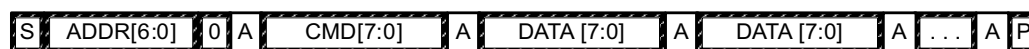
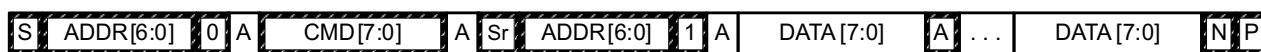
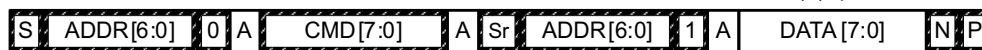
Additional details are found in the [bq27520-G4 Technical Reference Manual](#).

COMMUNICATIONS

I²C INTERFACE

The bq27520-G4 supports the standard I²C read, incremental read, quick read, one-byte write, and incremental write functions. The 7-bit device address (ADDR) is the most significant 7 bits of the hex address and is fixed as 1010101. The first 8 bits of the I²C protocol are, therefore, 0xAA or 0xAB for write or read, respectively.

Host generated Gauge generated

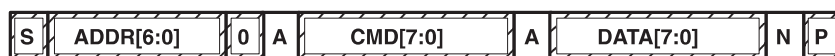


(S = Start, Sr = Repeated Start, A = Acknowledge, N = No Acknowledge, and P = Stop).

The quick read returns data at the address indicated by the address pointer. The address pointer, a register internal to the I²C communication engine, increments whenever data is acknowledged by the bq27520-G4 or the I²C master. "Quick writes" function in the same manner and are a convenient means of sending multiple bytes to consecutive command locations (such as two-byte commands that require two bytes of data).

The following command sequences are not supported:

Attempt to write a read-only address (NACK after data sent by master):



Attempt to read an address above 0x6B (NACK command):

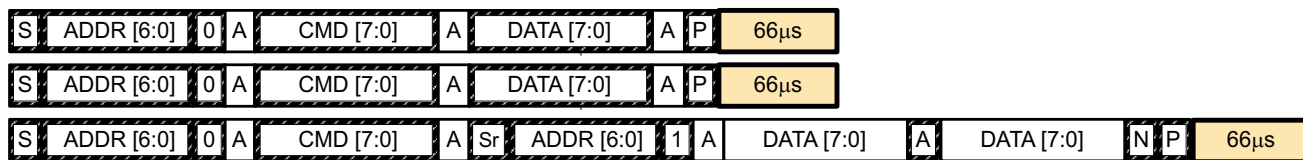


I²C Time Out

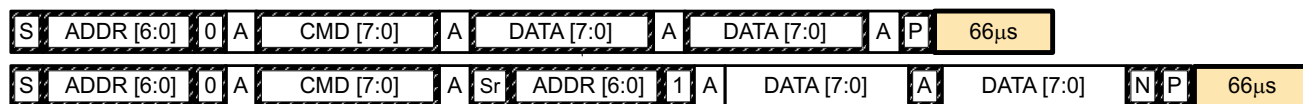
The I²C engine releases both SDA and SCL if the I²C bus is held low for 2 seconds. If the bq27520-G4 is holding the lines, releasing them frees them for the master to drive the lines. If an external condition is holding either of the lines low, the I²C engine enters the low-power sleep mode.

I²C Command Waiting Time

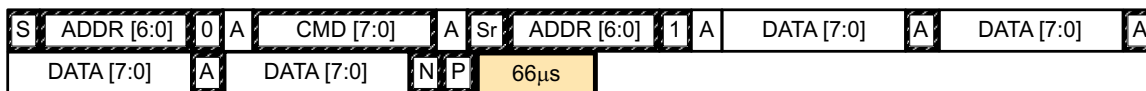
To ensure proper operation at 400 kHz, a $t_{(BUF)} \geq 66 \mu s$ bus-free waiting time must be inserted between all packets addressed to the bq27520-G4. In addition, if the SCL clock frequency (f_{SCL}) is > 100 kHz, use individual 1-byte write commands for proper data flow control. The following diagram shows the standard waiting time required between issuing the control subcommand the reading the status result. An OCV_CMD subcommand requires 1.2 seconds prior to reading the result. For read-write standard command, a minimum of 2 seconds is required to get the result updated. For read-only standard commands, there is no waiting time required, but the host must not issue any standard command more than two times per second. Otherwise, the gauge could result in a reset issue due to the expiration of the watchdog timer.



Waiting time inserted between two 1-byte write packets for a subcommand and reading results (required for $100 \text{ kHz} < f_{SCL} \leq 400 \text{ kHz}$)



Waiting time inserted between incremental 2-byte write packet for a subcommand and reading results (acceptable for $f_{SCL} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$)



Waiting time inserted after incremental read

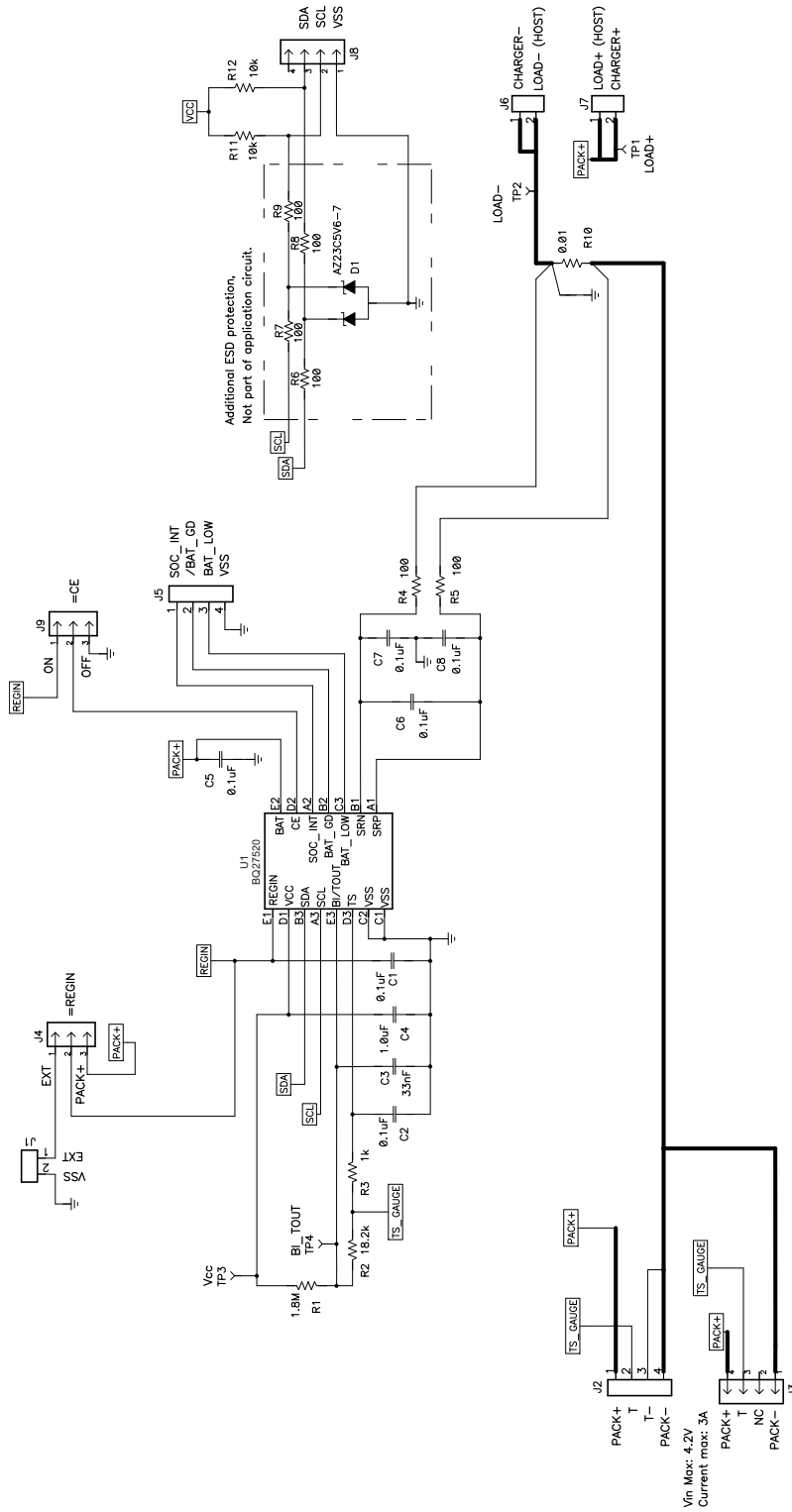
I²C Clock Stretching

A clock stretch can occur during all modes of fuel gauge operation. In 睡眠 and HIBERNATE modes, a short clock stretch occurs on all I²C traffic as the device must wake-up to process the packet. In the other modes (电池插入检查, NORMAL, 睡眠+) clock stretching only occurs for packets addressed for the fuel gauge. The majority of clock stretch periods are small as the I²C interface performs normal data flow control. However, less frequent yet more significant clock stretch periods may occur as blocks of 数据闪存 are updated. The following table summarizes the approximate clock stretch duration for various fuel gauge operating conditions.

Gauging Mode	Operating Condition / Comment	Approximate Duration
睡眠 HIBERNATE	Clock stretch occurs at the beginning of all traffic as the device wakes up.	$\leq 4 \text{ ms}$
电池插入检查 NORMAL 睡眠+	Clock stretch occurs within the packet for flow control (after a start bit, ACK or first data bit).	$\leq 4 \text{ ms}$
	Normal Ra table 数据闪存 updates.	24 ms
	数据闪存 block writes.	72 ms
	Restored 数据闪存 block write after loss of power.	116 ms
	End of discharge Ra table 数据闪存 update.	144 ms

REFERENCE SCHEMATICS

Schematic



REVISION HISTORY

Changes from Original (November 2012) to Revision A	Page
• 已在整个数据表内将封装说明调整为一致。	1
• Removed Ordering information table.	2

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
BQ27520YZFR-G4	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZF	15	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	BQ27520	Samples
BQ27520YZFT-G4	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZF	15	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	BQ27520	Samples
HPA02254YZFR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZF	15	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	BQ27520	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBsolete: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE


*All dimensions are nominal

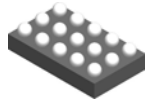
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
BQ27520YZFR-G4	DSBGA	YZF	15	3000	178.0	9.2	2.1	2.76	0.81	4.0	8.0	Q1
BQ27520YZFR-G4	DSBGA	YZF	15	3000	180.0	8.4	2.1	2.76	0.81	4.0	8.0	Q1
BQ27520YZFT-G4	DSBGA	YZF	15	250	180.0	8.4	2.1	2.76	0.81	4.0	8.0	Q1
BQ27520YZFT-G4	DSBGA	YZF	15	250	178.0	9.2	2.1	2.76	0.81	4.0	8.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
BQ27520YZFR-G4	DSBGA	YZF	15	3000	270.0	225.0	227.0
BQ27520YZFR-G4	DSBGA	YZF	15	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
BQ27520YZFT-G4	DSBGA	YZF	15	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
BQ27520YZFT-G4	DSBGA	YZF	15	250	270.0	225.0	227.0

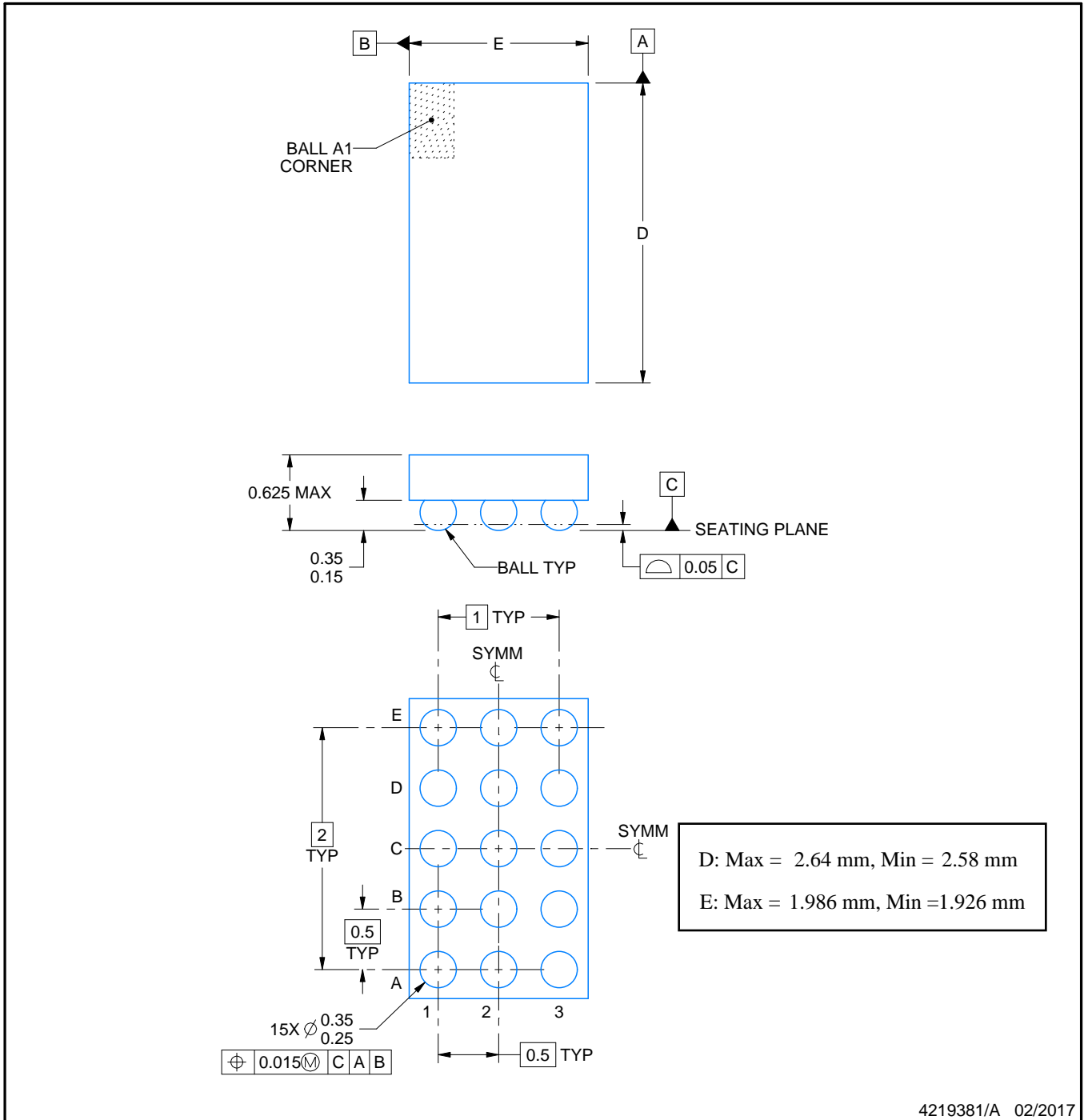
YZF0015



PACKAGE OUTLINE

DSBGA - 0.625 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



4219381/A 02/2017

NOTES:

NanoFree Is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

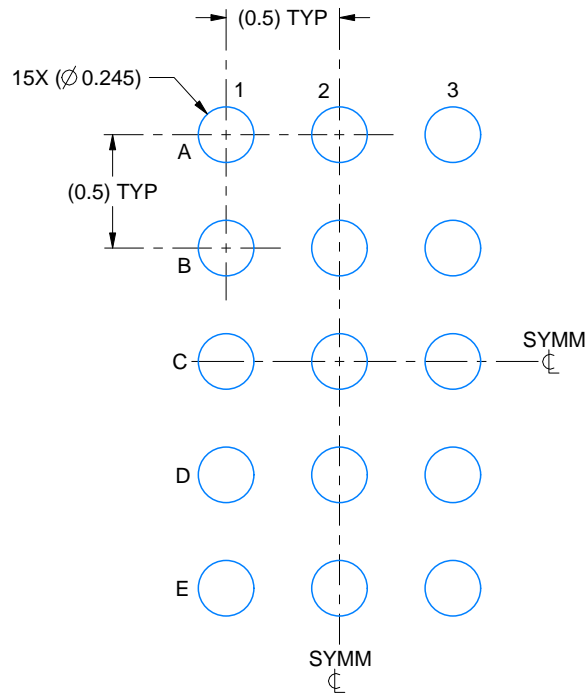
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. NanoFree™ package configuration.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

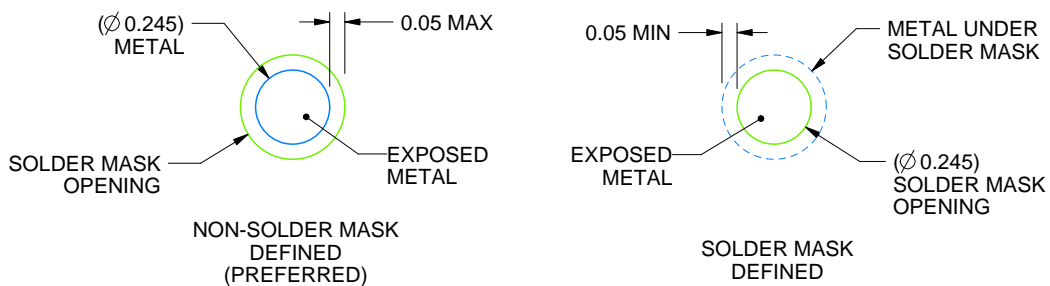
YZF0015

DSBGA - 0.625 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:30X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS
NOT TO SCALE

4219381/A 02/2017

NOTES: (continued)

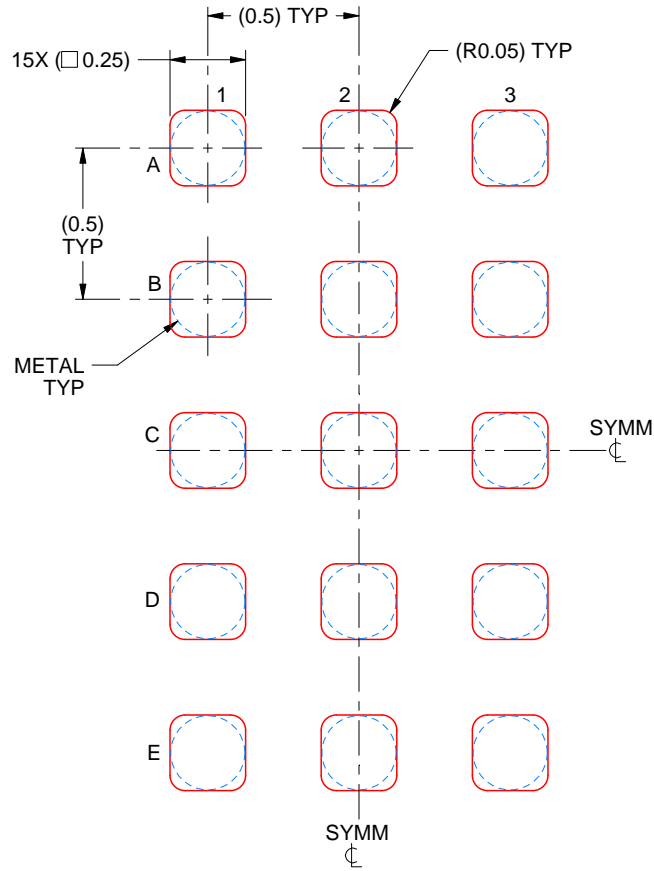
- Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

YZF0015

DSBGA - 0.625 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:40X

4219381/A 02/2017

NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.

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