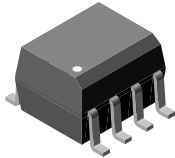
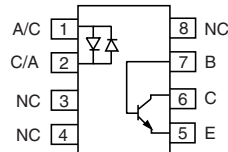


## Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, AC Input, with Base Connection



1179025



### DESCRIPTION

The IL256AT is an AC input phototransistor optocoupler. The device consists of two infrared emitters connected in reverse parallel and coupled to a silicon NPN phototransistor detector.

These circuit elements are constructed with a standard SOIC-8 foot print.

The product is well suited for telecom applications such as ring detection or off/on hook status, given its bidirectional LED input and guaranteed current transfer ratio (CTR) minimum of 20 % at  $I_F = 10$  mA.

### FEATURES

- Guaranteed CTR symmetry, 2:1 maximum
- Bidirectional AC input industry standard SOIC-8 Surface mountable package
- Isolation test voltage, 4000  $V_{RMS}$
- Standard lead spacing, 0.05"
- Available only on tape and reel (conform to EIA standard RS481A)
- Lead (Pb)-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC


**RoHS  
COMPLIANT**

### APPLICATIONS

- Telecom applications ring detection

### AGENCY APPROVALS

- UL1577, file no. E52744 system code Y
- CUL - file no. E52744, equivalent to CSA bulletin 5A
- DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE 0884) available with option 1

### ORDER INFORMATION

| PART    | REMARKS                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------|
| IL256AT | CTR > 20 %, tape and reel, SOIC-8 |

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| PARAMETER                                    | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL     | VALUE         | UNIT      |
|--|----------------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| <b>INPUT</b>                                 |                |            |               |           |
| Forward continuous current                   |                | $I_F$      | 60            | mA        |
| Power dissipation                            |                | $P_{diss}$ | 90            | mW        |
| Derate linearly from 25 °C                   |                |            | 0.8           | mW/°C     |
| <b>OUTPUT</b>                                |                |            |               |           |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage          |                | $BV_{CEO}$ | 30            | V         |
| Emitter-collector breakdown voltage          |                | $BV_{ECO}$ | 5             | V         |
| Collector-base breakdown voltage             |                | $BV_{CBO}$ | 70            | V         |
| Power dissipation                            |                | $P_{diss}$ | 150           | mW        |
| Derate linearly from 25 °C                   |                |            | 2.0           | mW/°C     |
| <b>COUPLER</b>                               |                |            |               |           |
| Isolation voltage, input to output           |                | $V_{ISO}$  | 4000          | $V_{RMS}$ |
| Total package dissipation (LED and detector) |                | $P_{tot}$  | 240           | mW        |
| Derate linearly from 25 °C                   |                |            | 3.2           | mW/°C     |
| Storage temperature                          |                | $T_{stg}$  | - 55 to + 150 | °C        |
| Operating temperature                        |                | $T_{amb}$  | - 55 to + 100 | °C        |
| Soldering time at 260 °C                     |                |            | 10            | s         |

### Note

$T_{amb} = 25$  °C, unless otherwise specified.

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

| ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS            |   |             |      |      |      |      |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------|------|------|------|------|
| PARAMETER                             | TEST CONDITION                            | SYMBOL      | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| <b>INPUT</b>                          |   |             |      |      |      |      |
| Forward voltage                       | $I_F = \pm 10 \text{ mA}$                 | $V_F$       |      | 1.2  | 1.5  | V    |
| <b>OUTPUT</b>                         |   |             |      |      |      |      |
| Collector emitter breakdown voltage   | $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$                    | $BV_{CEO}$  | 30   | 50   |      | V    |
| Emitter collector breakdown voltage   | $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$                   | $BV_{ECO}$  | 5    | 10   |      | V    |
| Collector base breakdown voltage      | $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$                   | $BV_{CBO}$  | 70   | 90   |      | V    |
| Collector emitter leakage current     | $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$                   | $I_{CEO}$   |      | 5    | 50   | nA   |
| <b>COUPLER</b>                        |   |             |      |      |      |      |
| Saturation voltage, collector emitter | $I_F = 16 \text{ mA}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ | $V_{CEsat}$ |      |      | 0.4  | V    |

**Note**

$T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified. Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

| CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO                       |   |            |      |      |      |      |
|--|---|------------|------|------|------|------|
| PARAMETER                                    | TEST CONDITION                              | SYMBOL     | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| DC current transfer ratio                    | $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ | $CTR_{DC}$ | 20   |      |      | %    |
| Symmetry<br>(CTR at + 10 mA)/(CTR at -10 mA) |   |            | 0.5  | 1    | 2    |      |

| SAFETY AND INSULATION RATINGS                           |                        |        |      |           |      |                  |
|---|------------------------|--------|------|-----------|------|------------------|
| PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITION         | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP.      | MAX. | UNIT             |
| Climatic classification<br>(according to IEC 68 part 1) |                        |        |      | 55/100/21 |      |                  |
| Comparative tracking index                              |                        | CTI    | 175  |           | 399  |                  |
| $V_{IOTM}$  |                        |        | 6000 |           |      | V                |
| $V_{IORM}$  |                        |        | 560  |           |      | V                |
| PSO   |                        |        |      |           | 350  | mW               |
| ISI   |                        |        |      |           | 150  | mA               |
| TSI   |                        |        |      |           | 165  | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Creepage distance                                       |                        |        | 4    |           |      | mm               |
| Clearance distance                                      |                        |        | 4    |           |      | mm               |
| Insulation thickness, reinforced rated                  | per IEC 60950 2.10.5.1 |        | 0.2  |           |      | mm               |

**Note**

As per IEC 60747-5-2, §7.4.3.8.1, this optocoupler is suitable for "safe electrical insulation" only within the safety ratings. Compliance with the safety ratings shall be ensured by means of protective circuits.

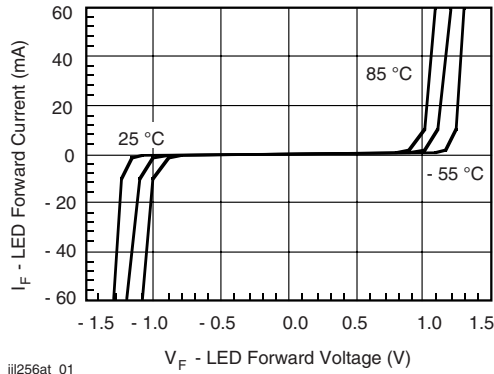
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**
 $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified


Fig. 1 - LED Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

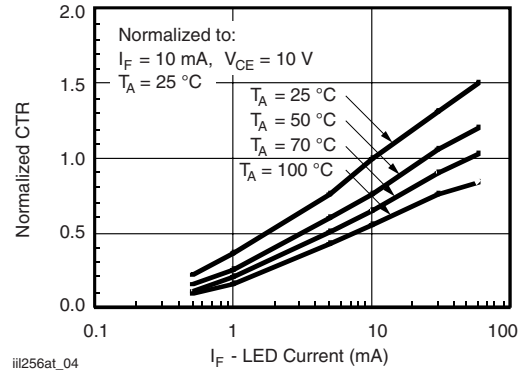
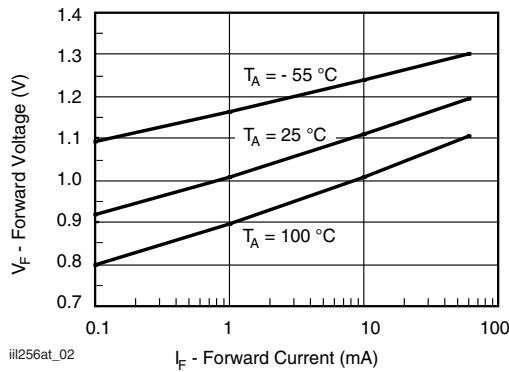

 Fig. 4 - Normalized CTR vs.  $I_F$  and  $T_{amb}$ 


Fig. 2 - Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

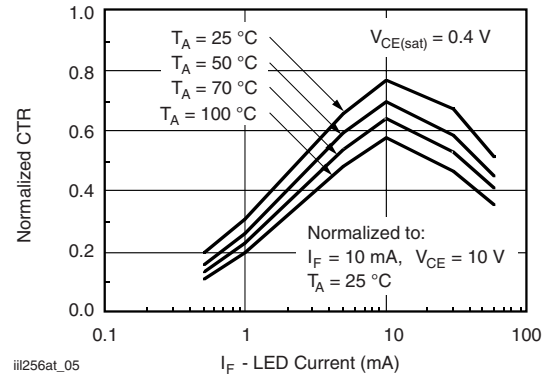


Fig. 5 - Normalized Saturated CTR

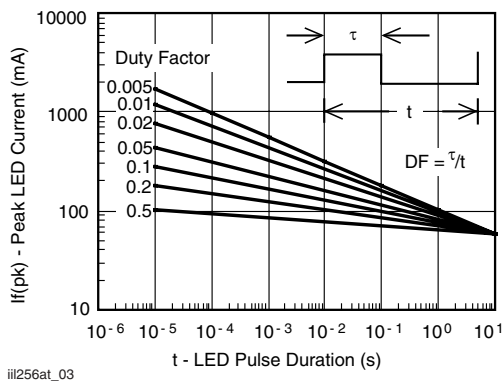
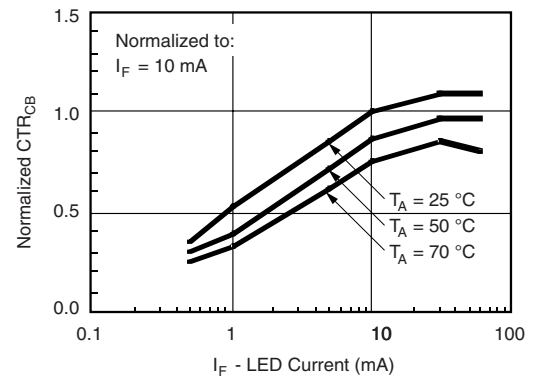
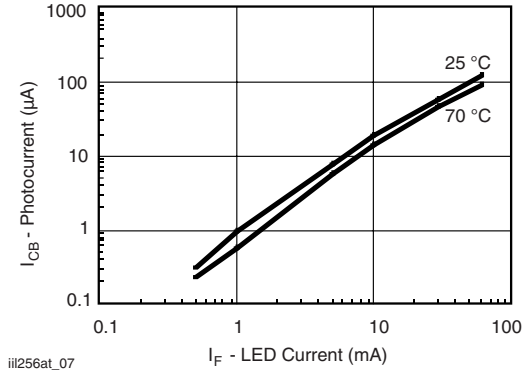


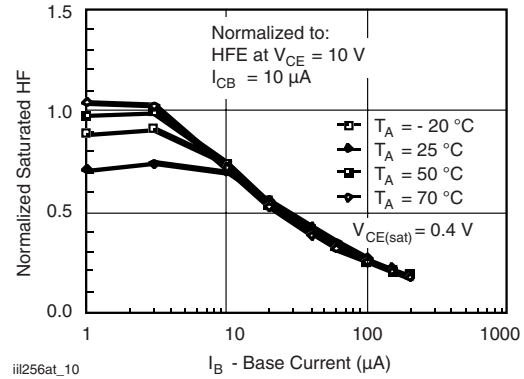
Fig. 3 - Peak LED Current vs. Duty Factor, Tau


 Fig. 6 - Normalized  $CTR_{cb}$



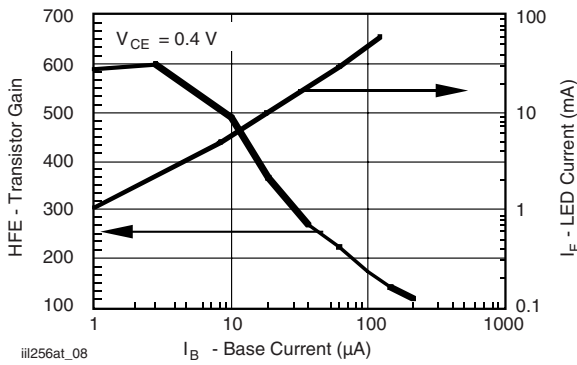
iii256at\_07

Fig. 7 - Photocurrent vs. LED Current



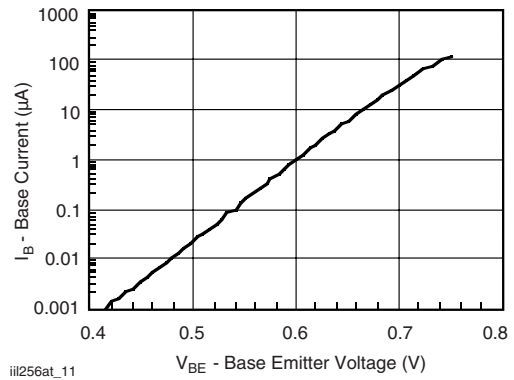
iii256at\_10

Fig. 10 - Normalized Saturated  $h_{FE}$  vs. Base Current



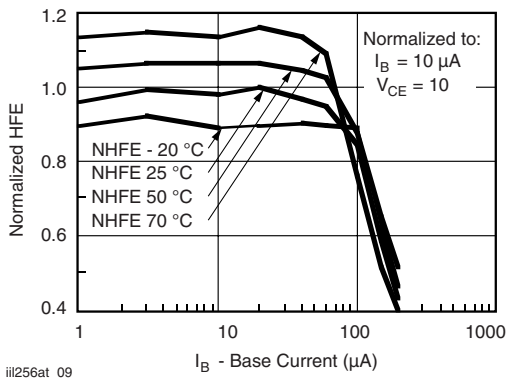
iii256at\_08

Fig. 8 - Base Current vs.  $I_F$  and  $h_{FE}$



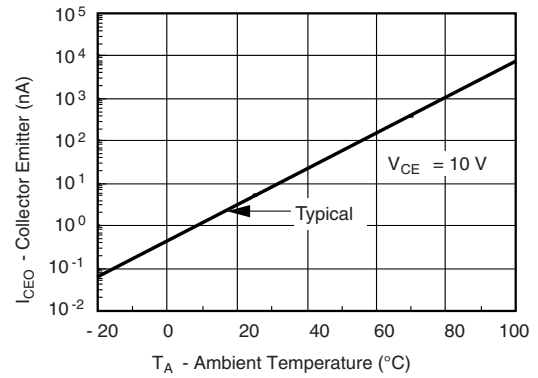
iii256at\_11

Fig. 11 - Base Emitter Voltage vs. Base Current



iii256at\_09

Fig. 9 - Normalized  $h_{FE}$  vs. Base Current and Temp.



iii256at\_12

Fig. 12 - Collector-Emitter Leakage Current vs. Temp.



## **OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES POLICY STATEMENT**

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively.
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA.
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design  
and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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