# DELIVERY SPECIFICATION

SPEC. No. A-General-h
D A T E: Feb, 2020

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	<b>Non-Controlled Copy</b>

CUSTOMER'S PRODUCT NAME

TDK'S PRODUCT NAME

Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitors

Bulk and Tape packaging 【RoHS compliant】

CGA1,CGA2,CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9Type

C0G,NP0,X7R,X7S,X7T,X8R,X8L Characteristics

Please return this specification to TDK representatives with your signature. If orders are placed without returned specification, please allow us to judge that specification is accepted by your side.

### RECEIPT CONFIRMATION

DATE:	YEAR	MONTH	DAY

Test conditions in this specification based on AEC-Q200 for automotive application.

**TDK Corporation** 

Sales Engineering

Electronic Components Electronic Components Business Company Sales & Marketing Group Ceramic Capacitors Business Group

APPROVED	Person in charge	APPROVED	CHECKED	Person in charge

#### CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	6	Р	1	X7R	1N	106	М	250	Α	C
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
1	CC0201	0.60	0.30	0.10
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

(3) THICKIES	s code
Code	Thickness
Α	0.30mm
В	0.50mm
С	0.60mm
Е	0.80mm
F	0.85mm
Н	1.15mm
J	1.25mm
L	1.60mm
М	2.00mm
N	2.30mm
Р	2.50mm
Q	2.80mm
R	3.20mm
	<u> </u>

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition
1	1 x R.V.
2	2 x R.V.
3	1.5 x R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

<u> </u>		
Temperature	Capacitance	Temperature
characteristics	change	range
COG	0±30ppm/℃	-55 to +125℃
X5R	±15%	-55 to +85℃
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125℃
X7S	±22%	-55 to +125℃
X7T	+22,-33%	-55 to +125℃

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Code	Voltage (DC)
0G	4V
0J	6.3V
1A	10V
1C	16V
1E	25V
1V	35V
1H	50V
1N	75V
-	

#### (7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example) 0R5 = 0.5pF   
 
$$101 = 100$$
pF   
  $225 = 2,200,000$ pF =  $2.2$ µF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

(0) 00000	1001100 0010101100
Code	Tolerance
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.50pF
J	±5%
K	±10%
M	±20%

#### (9) Thickness

Code	Thickness
030	0.30mm
050	0.50mm
060	0.60mm
080	0.80mm
085	0.85mm
115	1.15mm
125	1.25mm
160	1.60mm
200	2.00mm
230	2.30mm
250	2.50mm
280	2.80mm
320	3.20mm

(10) Packaging style

Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Tolerance
A,B,C	TDK internal code

#### **CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION**

CGA	9	Р	3	X7S	2A	156	M	250	K	В
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

(3) Ini	ckness code
Code	Thickness
В	0.50mm
С	0.60mm
Е	0.80mm
F	0.85mm
Н	1.15mm
J	1.25mm
K	1.30mm
L	1.60mm
М	2.00mm
N	2.30mm
Р	2.50mm
Q	2.80mm
R	3.20mm

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition
1	1 x R.V.
2	2 x R.V.
3	1.5 x R.V.
4	1.2 x R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature	Capacitance	Temperature		
characteristics	change	range		
COG	0±30ppm/℃	-55 to +125℃		
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125℃		
X7S	±22%	-55 to +125℃		
X7T	+22,-33%	-55 to +125℃		

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Code	Voltage (DC)
2A	100V
2E	250V
2W	450V
2J	630V

### (7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example) 0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF 225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2µF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.50pF
J	±5%
K	±10%
М	±20%

#### (9) Thickness

(-)	
Code	Thickness
050	0.50mm
060	0.60mm
080	0.80mm
085	0.85mm
115	1.15mm
125	1.25mm
130	1.30mm
160	1.60mm
200	2.00mm
230	2.30mm
250	2.50mm
280	2.80mm
320	3.20mm

(10) Packaging style

Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Tolerance
A,B,C,N	TDK internal code

#### **CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION**

CGA	6	Р	1	X8L	<b>1C</b>	226	M	250	Α	С
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

<u> </u>				
Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

(5) THICKITCSS COUC		
Code	Thickness	
В	0.50mm	
С	0.60mm	
Е	0.80mm	
F	0.85mm	
Н	1.15mm	
J	1.25mm	
L	1.60mm	
М	2.00mm	
N	2.30mm	
Р	2.50mm	
Q	2.80mm	
R	3.20mm	

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition
1	1 x R.V.
2	2 x R.V.
3	1.5 x R.V.
4	1.2 x R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

(5) Temperature enaracteristics		
Temperature	Capacitance	Temperature
characteristics	change	range
NP0	0±30ppm/℃	-55 to +150℃
X8R	±15%	-55 to +150℃
X8L	+15,-40%	-55 to +150℃

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

(o) rtatea	Tollage (Be)
Code	Voltage (DC)
0G	4V
OJ	6.3V
1A	10V
1C	16V
1E	25V
1H	50V
2A	100V
2E	250V
2W	450V
2J	630V

### (7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example) 0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF 225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2µF

#### (8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.50pF
J	±5%
K	±10%
М	±20%

#### (9) Thickness

Code	Thickness
050	0.50mm
060	0.60mm
080	0.80mm
085	0.85mm
115	1.15mm
125	1.25mm
160	1.60mm
200	2.00mm
230	2.30mm
250	2.50mm
280	2.80mm
320	3.20mm

(10) Packaging style

( - /	- 5 5 - 7 -
Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Tolerance
A,B,C,N	TDK internal code

#### **SCOPE**

This delivery specification shall be applied to Multilayer ceramic chip capacitors to be delivered to

#### PRODUCTION PLACES

Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK Corporation, TDK(Suzhou)Co.,Ltd and TDK Components U.S.A.,Inc.

#### **PRODUCT NAME**

The name of the product to be defined in this specifications shall be  $CGA \diamondsuit \diamondsuit OOO \triangle \triangle \Box \Box \Box \times$ .

#### **REFERENCE STANDARD**

JIS C 5101-1:2010	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part 1: Generic specification
C 5101-21:2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part21 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class1
C 5101-22:2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part22 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class 2
C 0806-3:2014	Packaging of components for automatic handling - Part 3: Packaging of
	surface mount components on continuous tapes
JEITA RCR-2335 C 2014	Safety application guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic
	equipment

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#### <EXPLANATORY NOTE>

When the mistrust in the spec arises, this specification is given priority. And it will be confirmed by written spec change after conference of both posts involved.

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitor. Capacitors should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

If the use of the capacitors goes beyond the bounds of this specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

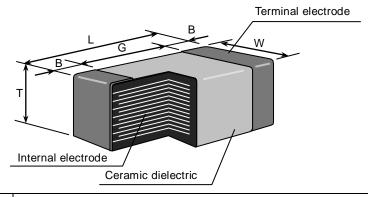
Division	Date	SPEC. No.
Ceramic Capacitors Business Group	Feb, 2020	A-General-h

## 1. CODE CONSTRUCTION

(1) Series

Symbol	Series
CGA	For automotive application

(2) Case size



Case size	Case size		Din	nensions (mm)					
Symbol	(EIA style)	L	W	Т	В	G			
	CGA1	0.60±0.03	0.30±0.03	0.30±0.03					
1	(CC0201)	$0.60^{+0.10}_{-0.03}$ $0.30^{+0.10}_{-0.03}$ $0.30^{+0.10}_{-0.03}$		0.10 min.	0.20 min.				
		1.00±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.50±0.05		0.30 min.			
2	CGA2	1.00±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.50±0.10	0.10 min.				
	(CC0402)	1.00 <sup>+0.10</sup> -0.05	0.50 +0.10 -0.05	0.50 <sup>+0.10</sup> -0.05					
		1.60±0.10	0.80±0.10	0.80±0.10					
	CGA3	1.60±0.15	0.80±0.15	0.80±0.15					
3	(CC0603)	1.60±0.20	0.80±0.20	0.80±0.20	0.20 min.	0.30 min.			
	,	1.60 <sup>+0.30</sup> -0.10	0.80 <sup>+0.30</sup> -0.10	0.80 +0.30 -0.10					
				0.60±0.15					
_	CGA4	2.00±0.20	1.25±0.20	0.85±0.15		0.50 min.			
4	(CC0805)	_		1.25±0.20	0.20 min.				
	,	2.00 +0.25 -0.15	1.25 <sup>+0.25</sup> -0.15	1.25 <sup>+0.25</sup> -0.15					
	CGA5 (CC1206)		1.60±0.20	0.60±0.15					
				0.85±0.15					
_		3.20±0.20		1.15±0.15					
5				1.30±0.20	0.20 min.	1.00 min.			
	`			1.60±0.20	-				
		3.20 <sup>+0.30</sup> <sub>-0.10</sub> 1.60 <sup>+0.30</sup> <sub>-0.10</sub> 1.60 <sup>+0</sup> <sub>-0.00</sub>							
				1.25±0.20					
	0010			1.60±0.20					
6	CGA6 (CC1210)	3.20±0.40	2.50±0.30	2.00±0.20	0.20 min.				
	(001210)			2.30±0.20					
				2.50±0.30					
				1.60±0.20					
8	CGA8			2.00±0.20					
	(CC1812)	4.50±0.40	3.20±0.40	2.30±0.20	0.20 min.				
	(301012)			2.50±0.30					
				3.20±0.30					

<sup>\*</sup>As for each item, please refer to detail page on TDK web.

Case size	Case size (EIA style)	Dimensions (mm)								
Symbol		L W T		Т	В	G				
	CGA9 (CC2220)	5.70±0.40	5.00±0.40	1.60±0.20						
				2.00±0.20	0.20 min.					
9				2.30±0.20						
				2.50±0.30						
				2.80±0.30						

<sup>\*</sup>As for each item, please refer to detail page on TDK web.

### (3) Thickness

Symbol	Dimension(mm)
Α	0.30
В	0.50
С	0.60
Е	0.80
F	0.85
Η	1.15
J	1.25

Symbol	Dimension(mm)
K	1.30
L	1.60
М	2.00
N	2.30
Р	2.50
Q	2.80
R	3.20

### (4) Voltage condition in the life test

<sup>\*</sup> Details are shown in table 1 No.16 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

Symbol	Condition
1	Rated Voltage
2	Rated Voltage x 2
3	Rated Voltage x 1.5
4	Rated Voltage x 1.2

#### (5) Temperature Characteristics

### (6) Rated Voltage

Symbol	Rated Voltage			
2 J	DC 630 V			
2 W	DC 450 V			
2 E	DC 250 V DC 100 V			
2 A				
1 N	DC 75 V			
1 H	DC 50 V			

Rated Voltage				
DC 35 V				
DC 25 V				
DC 16 V				
DC 10 V				
DC 6.3 V				
DC 4 V				

### (7) Rated Capacitance

Stated in three digits and in units of pico farads (pF). The first and Second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance, the third digit identifies the multiplier. R is designated for a decimal point.

(Example)	Symbol	Rated Capacitance		
·	2R2	2.2 pF		
	104	100,000 pF		

#### (8) Capacitance tolerance

\* M tolerance shall be standard for over 10uF.

Symbol	Tolerance	Capacitance
С	± 0.25 pF	10pE and under
D	± 0.5 pF	10pF and under
J	± 5%	
K	± 10 %	Over 10pF
*M	± 20 %	

<sup>\*</sup> Details are shown in table 1 No.6 and No.7 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

(9) Packaging

\* CGA1 and CGA2 types are applicable to tape packaging only.

Symbol	Packaging
В	Bulk
Т	Taping

(10) TDK internal code

### 2. COMBINATION OF RATED CAPACITANCE AND TOLERANCE

Class	Temperature Characteristics	Capacitar	nce tolerance	Rated capacitance		
	COG NPO	10pF and	C (±0.25pF)	1, 1.5, 2, 2.2, 3, 3.3, 4, 4.7, 5		
		under	D (±0.5pF)	6, 6.8, 7, 8, 9, 10		
1		12pF to 10,000pF	I.(. E.0/.)	E – 12 series		
		Over 10,000pF	J (± 5 %)	E – 6 series		
0	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	0.1uF and under	K (± 10 %)	E. Gooriaa		
2		Over 0.1uF	K (± 10 %) M (± 20 %)	E – 6 series		

#### Capacitance Step in E series

E series	Capacitance Step											
E- 6 1		1.0 1.5		2.2		3.	3.3		4.7		6.8	
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2

#### 3. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

T.C.	Min. operating Temperature	Max. operating Temperature	Reference Temperature
C0G -55°C		125°C	25°C
NPO -55°C		150°C	25°C
X7R/X7S/X7T -55°C		125°C	25°C
X8R/X8L	-55°C	150°C	25°C

## 4. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

Storing temperature	Storing humidity	Storing term
5~40°C	20~70%RH	Within 6 months upon receipt.

#### 5. P.C. BOARD

When mounting on an aluminum substrate, large case size such as CGA6 [CC1210] and larger are more likely to be affected by heat stress from the substrate.

Please inquire separate specification for the large case sizes when mounted on the substrate.

### **6. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL**

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.

## 7. PERFORMANCE

Table 1

No.	Item	]	Performance		Test or inspection method			
1	External App	earance	No defects which may affect performance.	Inspect with magnifying glass (3x) In case of CGA1[CC0201] type, with magnifying glass(10x).				
2	Insulation Re	esistance	10,000MΩ or 500MΩ·μF min. (As for the capacitors of rated voltage 16V DC and lower, 10,000 MΩ or 100MΩ·μF min.), whichever smaller.	(As for to DC, app	Measuring voltage: Rated voltage (As for the capacitor of rated voltage 630V DC, apply 500V DC.) Voltage application time: 60s.			
3	Voltage Proo	ıf	Withstand test voltage without insulation breakdown or other damage.	Class	voltage(RV)			apply voltage
			damage.	4		≦100V		× rated voltage
				1		(RV≦500V		× rated voltage
						)V <rv< td=""><td></td><td>× rated voltage</td></rv<>		× rated voltage
						≦100V		× rated voltage
				2		RV≦500V		× rated voltage
					500	V <rv< td=""><td>1.3</td><td>× rated voltage</td></rv<>	1.3	× rated voltage
						ation time : arge curre		50mA or lower
4	Capacitance		Within the specified tolerance.	《Class	1》			
			Capacitance		Measurin frequenc		Measuring voltage	
			under		1MHz±10		0.5 ~ 5 Vrms.	
				Over 1000pF 1kHz±10%				
			《Class 2》					
					citance	Measurin frequenc		Measuring voltage
				un	and der	1kHz±10		1.0±0.2Vrms
				Over	10uF	120Hz±20	)%	0.5±0.2Vrms.
				DC, 0.5 As an e	Vrms is xceptio	applied. n, 1.0Vrm	s is	d voltage 6.3V applied for racteristics.
5	Q	Class1	Please refer to detail page on TDK web.	See No. conditio		s table for	me	easuring
	Dissipation Factor	Class2						
6	6 Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class1)		T.C. Temperature Coefficient (ppm/°C)  COG 0 ± 30  NPO 0 ± 30  Capacitance drift Within ± 0.2% or ± 0.05pF, whichever larger.	Temperature coefficient shall be calculated based on values at 25°C and 85°C temperature.  Measuring temperature below 25°C shall be -10°C and -25°C.				d 85°C

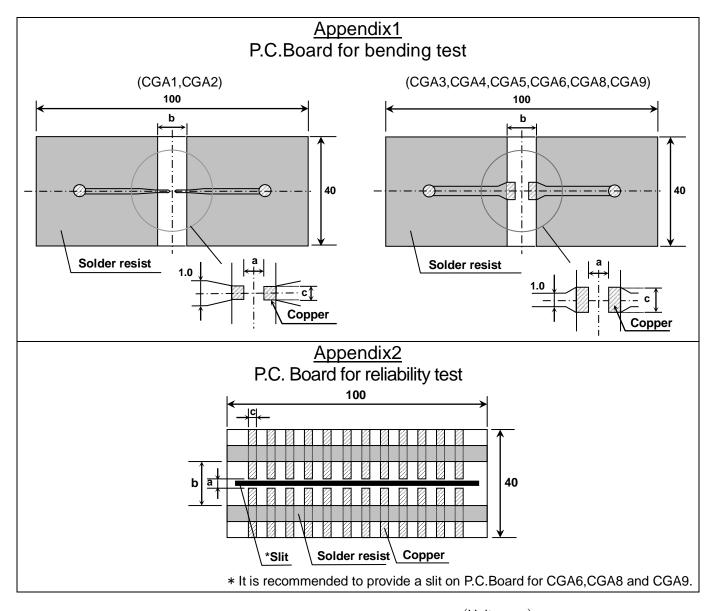
(C	ontinued)		
No.	Item	Performance	Test or inspection method
7	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class2)	Capacitance Change (%)  No voltage applied	Capacitance shall be measured by the steps shown in the following table after thermal equilibrium is obtained for each step.
	(018332)	X7R : ± 15	ΔC be calculated ref. STEP3 reading
		X7S: ±22	Step Temperature(°C)
		X7T : +22 -33	1 Reference temp. ± 2
		X8R : ± 15 X8L : +15	2 Min. operating temp. ± 2
		-40	3 Reference temp. ± 2
			4 Max. operating temp. ± 2
			As for Min./ Max. operating temp. and Reference temp., please refer to "3.OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE". As for measuring voltage, please contact with our sales representative.
8	Robustness of Terminations	No sign of termination coming off, breakage of ceramic, or other abnormal signs.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2. Apply a pushing force gradually at the center of a specimen in a horizontal direction of P.C.board. Pushing force: 17.7N (2N is applied for CGA1 and CGA2 type.) Holding time: 10±1s.  Pushing force P.C.Board
9	Bending	No mechanical damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1. (1mm is applied for 0.85mm thickness of Class2 items.)  FROM Provided HTML Representation of the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1. (1mm is applied for 0.85mm thickness of Class2 items.)  The capacitor is a possible of the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1. (1mm is applied for 0.85mm thickness of Class2 items.)
10	Solderability	New solder to cover over 75% of termination. 25% may have pin holes or rough spots but not concentrated in one spot. Ceramic surface of A sections shall not be exposed due to melting or shifting of termination material.	Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu or Sn-37Pb  Flux: Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution.  Solder temp.: 245±5°C (Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu) 235±5°C (Sn-37Pb)  Dwell time: 3±0.3s.(Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu) 2±0.2s.(Sn-37Pb)  Solder Until both terminations are
		A section	position : completely soaked.

No.	Ite	em	Performance			Test or	Test or inspection method		
11	Resistance to solder heat	External appearance	No cracks are allowed and terminations shall be covered least 60% with new solder.			Solder:	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu or Sn-37Pb		
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Flux :	Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution.		
			Class1	C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.	Solder temp. :	260±5°C		
				X7R X7S		Dwell time :	10±1s.		
			Class2	X7T X8R X8L	± 7.5 %	Solder position :	Until both terminations are completely soaked.		
		Q (Class4)	Meet the	initial	spec.	Pre-heating :	Temp. — $110\sim140$ °C Time — $30\sim60$ s.		
		(Class1)				Leave the cap	acitors in ambient		
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the initial spec.			Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement			
	Insulation Resistance Meet the initial spec.		spec.						
		Voltage proof	No insulation breakdown or other damage.						
12	Vibration	External appearance	No mech	anical	damage.	Applied force : 5G max. Frequency : 10~2,000Hz			
		Capacitance	Characte	eristics	Change from the value before test		sweep time : 20 min. les in each 3 mutually		
			Class1	C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.		ndicular directions.		
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	± 7.5 %		the capacitors on a wn in Appendix 2 before		
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.				
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the initial spec.						

No.		em		Perf	ormance		Test or inspection ma	ath a d	
13	Item Temperature External		Performance			Test or inspection method			
	cycle	External appearance Capacitance	No mechanical damage.			step1 t	Expose the capacitors in the condition step1 through step 4 listed in the following table.		
		Capacitance	Characte	eristics	Change from the value before test	Temp.	cycle: 1,000 cycles		
				000		Step	Temperature(°C)	Time (min.)	
				Class1	C0G NP0	Please contact	1	Min. operating temp. ±3	30 ± 3
				X7R X7S	with our sales representative.	2	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5	
			Class2	X7T X8R X8L	Toprocontativo.	3	Max. operating temp. ±2	30 ± 2	
				AOL		4	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5	
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.	refer to	Min./ Max. operating b "3.OPERATING TEN	temp., please MPERATURE	
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.		the capacitors in am	bient	
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	initial	spec.	condition for Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measureme			
		Voltage proof	No insulation breakdown or other damage.			Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2 before testing.			
14	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			Test hu	Test temp.: 40±2°C Test humidity: 90~95%RH Test time: 500 +24,0h		
	(Steady State)	Capacitance	Charact	teristics	Change from the value before test	Leave	Leave the capacitors in ambient		
			Class1	C0G NP0	Please contact	condition for Class 1: 6~24h Class 2: 24±2h before measurement.			
			Class2 X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L		with our sales representative.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before testing.			
		Q	Capac	itance	Q				
		(Class1)		nd over	350 min.				
				nd over 30pF	275+5/2×C min.				
			Under	10pF	200+10×C min.				
		D.E.	C : Rated capacitance (pF)						
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of initial spec. max.						
		Insulation Resistance		(As for the voltage 1	ne capa 6V DC Ω or 10	$M\Omega \cdot \mu F$ min. acitors of rated and lower, $M\Omega \cdot \mu F$ min.), ller.			

No.	It	Item		Performance		Test or inspection method	
15	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mech	anical (	damage.	Test temp.: 85±2°C Test humidity: 85%RH	
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Applied voltage: Rated voltage Test time: 1,000 +48,0h	
			Class1	C0G NP0		Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lowe	
			Class2	Class2 X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L X8L		Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for Class 1: 6~24h Class 2: 24±2h before measurement.	
		Q				Reflow solder the capacitors on a	
		(Class1)	Capac		Q	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before testing.	
			30pF ar		200 min.		
			Under	-	100+10/3×C min.	Initial value setting (only for class 2)	
		D.F.		•	citance (pF)	Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat the capacitors under testing temperature	
		(Class2)	200% of initial spec. max.			and voltage for 1 hour, leave the	
		Insulation Resistance	500MΩ or 25MΩ·μF min. (As for the capacitors of rated voltage 16V DC and lower, 500 MΩ or 5MΩ·μF min.), whichever smaller.			capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h before measurement. Use this measurement for initial value.	
16	Life	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			Test temp. : Maximum operating temperature±2°C	
		Capacitance				Applied voltage: Please contact with our	
			Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	sales representative. Test time: 1,000 +48,0h	
			Class1	C0G NP0	Please contact	Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lowe	
			Class2 X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L		with our sales	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for Class 1: 6~24h Class 2: 24±2h before measurement.	
		Q	Cana	citance	Q	Reflow solder the capacitors on a	
		(Class1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		350 min.	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before	
			30pF and over 10pF and over to under 30pF			testing.  Initial value setting (only for class 2)	
				r 10pF	200+10×C min.	Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat	
				-	citance (pF)	the capacitors under testing temperature	
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of	initial sp	oec. max.	and voltage for 1 hour, leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h	
		Insulation Resistance	(As for the voltage 1	ie capa 6V DC Ω or 10l	MΩ·μF min. citors of rated and lower, MΩ·μF min.), er.	before measurement. Use this measurement for initial value.	

<sup>\*</sup>As for the initial measurement of capacitors (Class2) on number 7,11,12,13 and 14 leave capacitors at 150 0,–10°C for 1 hour and measure the value after leaving capacitors for 24±2h in ambient condition.



 $(\mathsf{Unit}:\mathsf{mm})$ 

Symbol	Dimensions				
Case size	а	b	С		
CGA1 (CC0201)	0.3	0.8	0.3		
CGA2 (CC0402)	0.4	1.5	0.5		
CGA3 (CC0603)	1.0	3.0	1.2		
CGA4 (CC0805)	1.2	4.0	1.65		
CGA5 (CC1206)	2.2	5.0	2.0		
CGA6 (CC1210)	2.2	5.0	2.9		
CGA8 (CC1812)	3.5	7.0	3.7		
CGA9 (CC2220)	4.5	8.0	5.6		

1. Material : Glass Epoxy(As per JIS C6484 GE4)

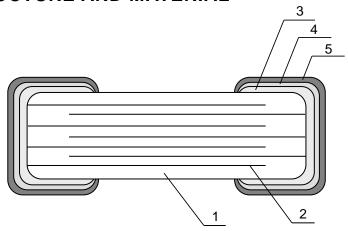
2. Thickness : Appendix 1 — 0.8mm (CGA1,CGA2)

— 1.6mm (CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9)

: Appendix 2 — 1.6mm

Copper(Thickness:0.035mm)
Solder resist

### 8. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



No.	NAME	MATERIAL				
INO.	INAIVIE	Class1	Class2			
1	Dielectric	CaZrO₃	BaTiO₃			
2	Electrode	Nickel (Ni)				
3		Copper (Cu)				
4	Termination	Nickel (Ni)				
5		Tin (Sn)				

### 9. PACKAGING

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

- 9.1 Each plastic bag for bulk packaging contains 1000pcs. And the minimum quantity for Bulk packaging is 1000pcs.
- 9.2 Tape packaging is as per 13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION.
  - \* CGA1 [CC0201] and CGA2 [CC0402] types are applicable to tape packaging only.
    - 1) Inspection No.
    - 2) TDK P/N
    - 3) Customer's P/N
    - 4) Quantity
    - \*Composition of Inspection No.

Example 
$$\frac{F}{(a)} \frac{9}{(b)} \frac{A}{(c)} - \frac{23}{(d)} - \frac{001}{(e)}$$

- (a) Line code
- (b) Last digit of the year
- (c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (d) Inspection Date of the month.
- (e) Serial No. of the day
- \*Composition of new Inspection No.

(Will be implemented on and after May 1, 2019)

- (a) Prefix
- (b) Line code
- (c) Last digit of the year
- (d) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (e) Inspection Date of the month.
- (f) Serial No. of the day(00 ~ ZZ)
- (g) Suffix(00 ~ ZZ)

Until the shift is completed, either current or new composition of inspection No. will be applied.

<sup>\*</sup> It is planned to shift to the new inspection No. on and after May 2019, but the implementation timing may be different depending on shipment bases.

## 10. RECOMMENDATION

As for CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, It is recommended to provide a slit (about 1mm width) in the board under the components to improve washing Flux. And please make sure to dry detergent up completely before.

## 11. SOLDERING CONDITION

As for CGA1 [CC0201], CGA2 [CC0402], CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, reflow soldering only.

## 12. CAUTION

No.	Process	Condition					
1	Operating Condition (Storage, Use, Transportation)	<ol> <li>1-1. Storage, Use</li> <li>The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. The products should be used within 6 months upon receipt.</li> <li>The capacitors must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation and these gases such as Hydrogen Sulphide, Hydrogen Sulphate, Chlorine, Ammonia and sulfur.</li> <li>Avoid storing in sun light and falling of dew.</li> <li>Do not use capacitors under high humidity and high and low atmospheric pressure which may affect capacitors reliability.</li> <li>Capacitors should be tested for the solderability when they are stored for long time.</li> <li>Handling in transportation         <ul> <li>In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition.</li> <li>(Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C 9.2 Handling in transportation)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>					
2	Circuit design Caution	2-1. Operating temperature  Operating temperature should be followed strictly within this specification, especially be careful with maximum temperature.  1) Do not use capacitors above the maximum allowable operating temperature.  2) Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating temperature.  (Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied. Especially at high frequencies around its SRF, the heat might be so extreme that it may damage itself or the product mounted on. Please design the circuit so that the maximum temperature of the capacitors including the self heating to be below the maximum allowable operating temperature. Temperature rise at capacitor surface shall be below 20°C)  3) The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature into consideration.  2-2. Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage.  — (1) and (2)  AC or pulse with overshooting, V <sub>P-P</sub> must be below the rated voltage. — (3), (4) and (5)  When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use the capacitors within rated voltage containing these Irregular voltage.  Voltage  Voltage  (1) DC voltage  Voltage  (2) DC+AC voltage  (3) AC voltage  Voltage  Voltage  Voltage  (4) Pulse voltage (A)  (5) Pulse voltage (B)					

No.	Process			Condition				
2	Circuit design  Caution		e rated voltage, if capacitors may l		equency AC or p	ulse is applied, the		
		The effective can the capacitors consideration.		ary depending on ed and designed				
		· ·	, ,	are used in AC a lves and generate	•	ges, the		
3	Designing P.C.board	capacitors.  1) The greater the and the more li	<ol> <li>The greater the amount of solder, the higher the stress on the chip capacitors, and the more likely that it will break. When designing a P.C.board, determine the shape and size of the solder lands to have proper amount of solder on the terminations.</li> </ol>					
			each terminations					
		3) Size and recom						
			Chi	ip capacitors So	older land			
		Solder resist						
			<u>B</u> ←	A				
		Flow solderin			(mm)	-		
		Case size Symbol	CGA3 (CC0603)	CGA4 (CC0805)	CGA5 (CC1206)			
		A	0.7 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.3	2.1 ~ 2.5	-		
		В	0.8 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.1 ~ 1.3	-		
		С	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.8 ~ 1.1	1.0 ~ 1.3	-		
		Reflow solder	rina			(mm)		
		Case size	_	CGA2	CGA3	CGA4		
		Symbol	(CC0201)	(CC0402)	(CC0603)	(CC0805)		
		A	0.25 ~ 0.35	0.3 ~ 0.5	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2		
		B	0.20 ~ 0.30	0.35 ~ 0.45	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.7 ~ 0.9		
		C 0.25 ~ 0.35 0.4 ~ 0.6 0.6 ~ 0.8 0.9 ~ 1.						
		Case size CGA5 CGA6 CGA8 CGA9						
		Symbol						
		A	2.0 ~ 2.4	2.0 ~ 2.4	3.1 ~ 3.7	4.1 ~ 4.8		
		B	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.2 ~ 1.4	1.2 ~ 1.4		
		C	1.1 ~ 1.6	1.9 ~ 2.5	2.4 ~ 3.2	4.0 ~ 5.0		

No.	Process			Condition	
3	Designing P.C.board	4)	Recommended	chip capacitors layout is as follo	wing.
				Disadvantage against bending stress	Advantage against bending stress
			Mounting face	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit
				Break P.C.board with mounted side up.	Break P.C.board with mounted side down.
				Mount perpendicularly to perforation or slit	Mount in parallel with perforation or slit
			Chip arrangement (Direction)	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit
			Distance from slit	Closer to slit is higher stress  (l1 < l2)	Away from slit is less stress   l 2  (l 1 < l 2)

No.	Process			Condition	
3	Designing P.C.board	5) Mechanic	al stress varies according	to location of chip capacito	ors on the P.C.board.
		Per	foration E	© 0000 B	ors is in the following order.
		6) Layout re	commendation	A > B = C > D > E	
		Example	Use of common solder land	Soldering with chassis	Use of common solder land with other SMD
		Need to avoid	Chip Solder PCB Adhesive Solder land	Chassis Excessive solder	Solder land  Excessive solder  Missing solder land
		Recommen- dation	Solder resist	Solder resist $\ell_2$	Solder resist

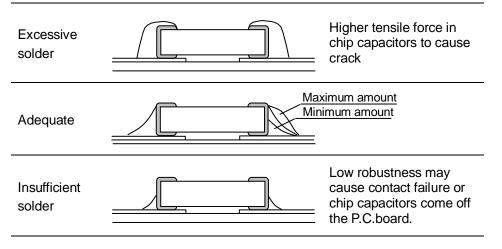
No.	Process			Condition			
4	Mounting	<ol> <li>capacitors to result</li> <li>Adjust the botton surface and note</li> <li>Adjust the mount</li> <li>To minimize the support from the</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>If the mounting head is adjusted too low, it may induce excessive stress in the chip capacitors to result in cracking. Please take following precautions.</li> <li>1) Adjust the bottom dead center of the mounting head to reach on the P.C.board surface and not press it.</li> <li>2) Adjust the mounting head pressure to be 1 to 3N of static weight.</li> <li>3) To minimize the impact energy from mounting head, it is important to provide support from the bottom side of the P.C.board.</li> <li>See following examples.</li> </ul>				
			Not	ecommended	Recommended		
		Single-sided mounting		Crack	Support pin		
		Double-sides mounting	Solder	Crack	Support pin		
		When the centering jaw is worn out, it may give mechanical impact on the capacitors to cause crack. Please control the close up dimension of the centering jaw and provide sufficient preventive maintenance and replacement of it.					
		4-2. Amount of adhesive					
				c c			
			Example :	CGA4 (CC0805), CG	A5 (CC1206)		
			а	0.2mm m	in.		
			b	70 ~ 100µ	ım		
			С	Do not touch the s	solder land		

No.	Process		Co	ondition		
5	Soldering	5-1. Flux selection Flux can seriously aff select the appropriate f	•	ance of capac	citors. Confirm	the following to
		It is recommended to Strong flux is not reco	o use a mildly acommended.	ctivated rosin f	lux (less than 0	.1wt% chlorine).
		2) Excessive flux must b	oe avoided. Plea	se provide pro	per amount of fl	ux.
		3) When water-soluble f	lux is used, enou	ugh washing is	necessary.	
		5-2. Recommended sold	ering profile by v	arious method		
		Wave sold	-		Reflow solde	ering Idering
		Preheating	Natural cooling	→	Preheating	Natural cooling
		Peak Temp		Peak Temp	<u> </u>	,
		(°C)		Temp. (°C)	Г	
					<u> </u>	
		Over 60 sec.	Over 60 sec.	Ove	r 60 sec. Peak	
		Manual s		ΔΡΡΙ Ι	CATION	
		(Solde	r iron)	-		CGA4 (CC0805) and
		Peak Temp			(CC1206), applied flow soldering.	to wave soldering
		ΔT ΔT ΔΤ	``\	As for	other case sizes, a ing only.	pplied to reflow
		Drohooting				
		0 Frenealing	3sec. (As short a	s possible)		
		∴     …     …     …     …     …     …     …	- <del>  &lt;</del>		"5-6. Solder repa	ir by solder iron".
		50 Danis - 1	anta a marata t	and or all t	a alcuma Cara	
		5-3. Recommended sold				
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Wave so		Reflow so	
		Solder	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)
		Sn-Pb Solder	250 max.	3 max.	230 max.	20 max.
		Lead Free Solder	260 max.	5 max.	260 max.	10 max.
		Recommended solder: Sead Free	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu			
		Sn-Pb solder : Sn-3	/PD			

lo.	Process		Condition	
5	Soldering	5-4. Avoiding thermal	shock	
		1) Preheating condit	iion	
		Soldering	g Case size	Temp. (°C)
		Wave solde	cGA3(CC0603), CGA4(CC0805), CGA5(CC1206)	ΔT ≦ 150
		Reflow solde	CGA1(CC0201),CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603),CGA4(CC0805) ering CGA5(CC1206)	ΔT ≦ 150
		Reliow soldering	CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220)	ΔT ≦ 130
		Manual sold	CGA1(CC0201),CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603),CGA4(CC0805) ering CGA5(CC1206)	ΔT ≦ 150
			CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220)	ΔT ≦ 130

#### 5-5. Amount of solder

Excessive solder will induce higher tensile force in chip capacitors when temperature changes and it may result in chip cracking. In sufficient solder may detach the capacitors from the P.C.board.



#### 5-6. Solder repair by solder iron

#### 1) Selection of the soldering iron tip

Tip temperature of solder iron varies by its type, P.C.board material and solder land size. The higher the tip temperature, the quicker the operation. However, heat shock may cause a crack in the chip capacitors.

Please make sure the tip temp. before soldering and keep the peak temp and time in accordance with following recommended condition.

#### Recommended solder iron condition (Sn-Pb Solder and Lead Free Solder)

		`		
Case size	Temp. (°C)	Duration (sec.)	Wattage (W)	Shape (mm)
CGA1(CC0201) CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603) CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	350 max.	3 max.	20 max.	Ø 3.0 max.
CGA6(CC1210) CGA8(CC1812) CGA9(CC2220)	280 max.			

<sup>\*</sup> Please preheat the chip capacitors with the condition in 5-4 to avoid the thermal shock.

No.	Process		Condition
5	Soldering		dering iron with ceramic dielectric of chip capacitors touch the ceramic dielectric and the terminations by
		<ul> <li>(also called a "blower") rat It is applied only to adding</li> <li>1) Reworking using a spot he capacitor compared to use uniformly with a small head stress caused by quick head Moreover, where ultra-smedire circuit board, reworking were litted.</li> </ul>	may possibly be reduced by using a spot heater
		capacitor may occur due such an occurrence. Keep more than 5mm be The blower temperature of the airflow shall be set a The diameter of the nozz standard and common. Duration of blowing hot a CGA4 (CC0805) and CG CGA8(CC1812) and CGA and melting temperature The angle between the nin order to work easily and	le is recommended to be 2mm(one-outlet type). The size is in it is recommended to be 10s or less for CGA3 (CC0603), A5 (CC1206), and 30s or less for CGA6 (CC1210), A9 (CC2220), considering surface area of the capacitor of solder.  Ozzle and the capacitor is recommended to be 45degrees and to avoid partial area heating.  g a soldering iron, preheating reduces thermal stress on
		• Recommended rework	condition (Consult the component manufactures for details.)
		Distance from nozzle	5mm and over
		Nozzle angle	45degrees
		Nozzle temp.	400°C and less
		Airflow	Set as weak as possible (The airflow shall be the minimum value necessary for solder to melt in the conditions mentioned above.)
		Nozzle diameter	$\phi$ 2mm (one-outlet type)
		Blowing duration	10s and less (CGA3 [CC0603], CGA4 [CC0805], CGA5 [CC1206]) 30s and less (CGA6 [CC1210], CGA8 [CC1812], CGA9 [CC2220])
		• Example of recommen	ded spot heater use
		=	One-outlet type nozzle  Angle: 45degrees

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	3) Amount of solder should be suitable to from a proper fillet shape.  Excess solder causes mechanical and thermal stress on a capacitor and results in cracks. Insufficient solder causes weak adherence of the capacitor to the substrate and may result in detachment of a capacitor and deteriorate reliability of the printed wiring board.  See the example of appropriate solder fillet shape for 5-5.Amount of solder.
		5-8. Sn-Zn solder
		Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability. Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder.
		5-9. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering.
		(Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C Annex A (Informative), Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon.)
6	Cleaning	1) If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may
		stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance.
		2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors.
		2)-1. Insufficient washing
		(1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux.
		(2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance.
		(3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2).
		2)-2. Excessive washing
		When ultrasonic cleaning is used, excessively high ultrasonic energy output can affect the connection between the ceramic chip capacitor's body and the terminal electrode. To avoid this, following is the recommended condition.
		Power : 20 W/lmax.
		Frequency: 40 kHz max.
		Washing time : 5 minutes max.
		2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may bring the same result as insufficient cleaning.

No.	Process		Condition	
7	Coating and molding of the P.C.board	<ol> <li>When the P.C.board is coa</li> <li>Please verify carefully that emission during curing wh</li> <li>Please verify the curing te</li> </ol>	t there is no harmful deco nich may damage the chip	omposing or reaction gas
8	Handling after chip mounted Caution	2) Printed circuit board cropp proper tooling. Printed circuit cropping jig as shown in prevent inducing mechanic (1)Example of a board cropping in the capacitor is compressed by the capacitor is compressed by the pushing direction is	ping should not be carried cuit board cropping should the following figure or a cal stress on the board. Tropping jig ple: The board should be ig so that the board is not essive.  The pushing point	Twist  d out by hand, but by using the d be carried out using a board a board cropping apparatus to e pushed from the back side, then and the stress applied to is far from the cropping jig and the board, large tensile stress is is.
		Outline of jig  Printed circuit board  Board cropping jig	cuit \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Unrecommended  Load point  Printed circuit board  V-groove  Slot

No.	Process			Condition	า		
8	Handling after chip mounted Caution	An ou top a V-gro Unred	mple of a board cropping machine outline of a printed circuit board cropping machine is shown below. The and bottom blades are aligned with one another along the lines with the rooves on printed circuit board when cropping the board. ecommended example: Misalignment of blade position between top and om, right and left, or front and rear blades may cause a crack in the acitor.				
			Outline of mac	hine	Principl	e of operation	
				Top blade Prin	nted circuit board	Top blade 0 Sottom blade	
					Cros	ss-section	
				Pi	rinted circuit board  V-groove	Top blad Bottom b	
					Unrecommended		
			Recommended	Top-bottom	Left-right	Front-rear	
			Top blade	misalignment  Top blade	misalignment  Top blade	misalignment  Top blade	
			Board Bottom blade	Bottom blade	Bottom blade	Bottom blade	
		to be adju	ctional check of t sted higher for fe the P.C.board, it e adjust the chec	ear of loose cont may crack the c	act. But if the chip capacitors	pressure is exce or peel the tern	essive
		Item	Not recon	nmended	Re	commended	
				Termination peeling		Support pi	n
		Board bending		Check pin		Chec	k pin
					•		

No.	Process	Condition
9	Handling of loose chip capacitors	If dropped the chip capacitors may crack. Once dropped do not use it. Especially, the large case sized chip capacitors are tendency to have cracks easily, so please handle with care.  Crack  Floor
		Piling the P.C.board after mounting for storage or handling, the corner of the P.C. board may hit the chip capacitors of another board to cause crack.      P.C.board  Crack  Crack
10	Capacitance aging	The capacitors (Class 2) have aging in the capacitance. They may not be used in precision time constant circuit. In case of the time constant circuit, the evaluation should be done well.
11	Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors	As per the estimated life and the estimated failure rate depend on the temperature and the voltage. This can be calculated by the equation described in JEITA RCR-2335C Annex F (Informative) Calculation of the estimated lifetime and the estimated failure rate (Voltage acceleration coefficient: 3 multiplication rule, Temperature acceleration coefficient: 10°C rule)  The failure rate can be decreased by reducing the temperature and the voltage but they will not be guaranteed.

No.	Process	Condition
12	Caution during operation of equipment	A capacitor shall not be touched directly with bare hands during operation in order to avoid electric shock.  Electric energy held by the capacitor may be discharged through the human body when touched with a bare hand.  Even when the equipment is off, a capacitor may stay charged. The capacitor should be handled after being completely discharged using a resistor.
		2) The terminals of a capacitor shall not be short-circuited by any accidental contact with a conductive object. A capacitor shall not be exposed to a conductive liquid such as an acid or alkali solution. A conductive object or liquid, such as acid and alkali, between the terminals may lead to the breakdown of a capacitor due to short circuit
		<ol> <li>Confirm that the environment to which the equipment will be exposed during transportation and operation meets the specified conditions. Do not to use the equipment in the following environments.</li> <li>Environment where a capacitor is spattered with water or oil</li> <li>Environment where a capacitor is exposed to direct sunlight</li> <li>Environment where a capacitor is exposed to Ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation</li> <li>Environment where a capacitor exposed to corrosive gas(e.g. hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine. ammonia gas etc.)</li> <li>Environment where a capacitor exposed to vibration or mechanical shock exceeding the specified limits.</li> </ol>
		(6) Atmosphere change with causes condensation
13	Others  Caution	The product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications under-normal operation and usage conditions.
		The product is not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of application listed below, whose performance and/or quality requires a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification sheet. If you intend to use the products in the applications listed below or if you have special requirements exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us.
		<ul> <li>(1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment</li> <li>(2) Transportation equipment (electric trains, ships etc.)</li> <li>(3) Medical equipment (Excepting Pharmaceutical Affairs Law classification Class1, 2)</li> <li>(4) Power-generation control equipment</li> <li>(5) Atomic energy-related equipment</li> <li>(6) Seabed equipment</li> <li>(7) Transportation control equipment</li> <li>(8) Public information-processing equipment</li> <li>(9) Military equipment</li> <li>(10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment</li> <li>(11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment</li> <li>(12) Safety equipment</li> </ul>
		(13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications  When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment.  In addition, although the product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications as described above, it is not prohibited to use for general electronic equipment, whose performance and/or quality doesn't require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could not cause serious damage to society, person or property.  Therefore, the description of this caution will be applied, when the product is used in general electronic equipment under a normal operation and usage conditions.

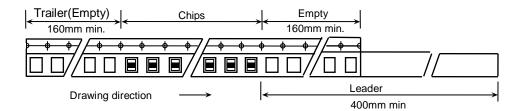
### 13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

#### 1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

#### 1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 3, 4, 5. Dimensions of plastic tape shall be according to Appendix 6, 7.

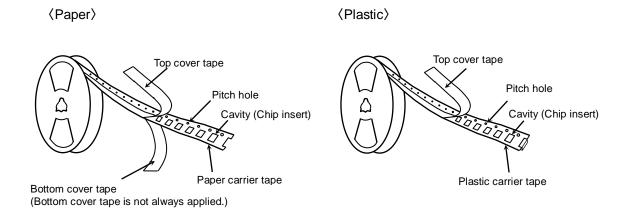
#### 1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping



#### 1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of Ø178 reel shall be according to Appendix 8, 9. Dimensions of Ø330 reel shall be according to Appendix 10, 11.

#### 1-4. Structure of taping



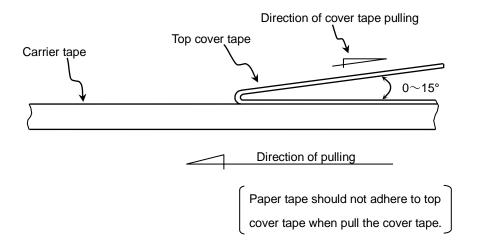
#### 2. CHIP QUANTITY

Please refer to detail page on TDK web.

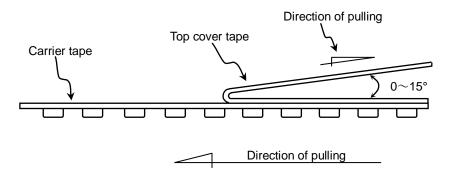
#### 3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape)0.05N < Peeling strength < 0.7N</li>

⟨Paper⟩

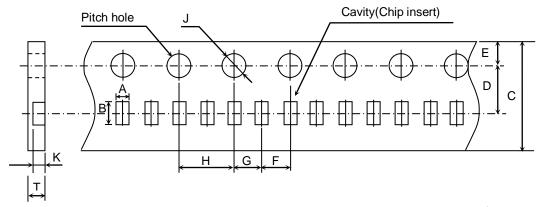


⟨Plastic⟩



- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. When removing the cover tape, there shall not be difficulties by unfitting clearance gap, burrs and crushes of cavities. Also the sprocket holes shall not be covered by absorbing dust into the suction nozzle.

### Paper Tape



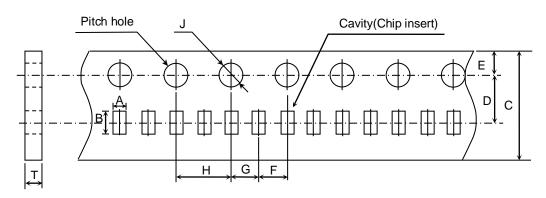
(Unit:mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA1	( 0.38 )	( 0.68 )	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
(CC0201)	*(0.45)	*(0.75)	0.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.03
						<del>-</del>
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	-
Case size	G				T 0.40 min.	-
	G 2.00 ± 0.05		J Ø 1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup>		T 0.40 min. * 0.47 min.	-

<sup>( )</sup> Reference value.

## **Appendix 4**

### Paper Tape



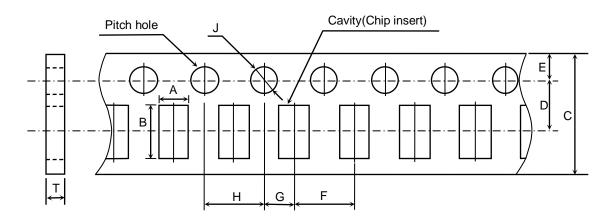
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA2 (CC0402)	( 0.65 )	(1.15)	$8.00 \pm 0.30$	$3.50 \pm 0.05$	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т	•	
CGA2 (CC0402)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup> <sub>0</sub>	0.60±0.15	_	

( ) Reference value.

<sup>\*</sup> Applied to 100nF.

### Paper Tape



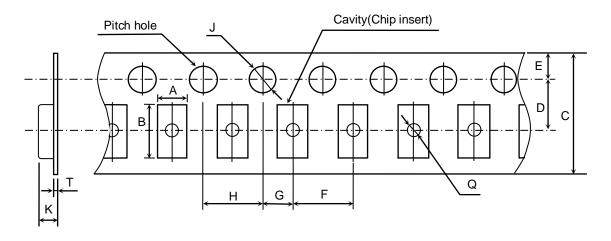
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	( 1.90 )				
CGA4 (CC0805)	( 1.50 )	( 2.30 )	8.00 ± 0.30	$3.50 \pm 0.05$	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	( 1.90 )	(3.50)				
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т		
CGA3 (CC0603)						
CGA4 (CC0805)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup> <sub>0</sub>	1.20 max.		

) Reference value.

CGA5 (CC1206)

### Plastic Tape



(Unit:mm)

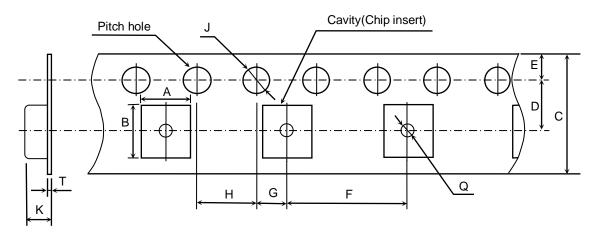
						,
Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)	* 12.00 ± 0.30	*5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA6 (CC1210)	( 2.90 )	( 3.60 )				
						L
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	Q
	G	Н	J	K 1.60 max.	Т	Q
Case size CGA3				1.60 max.		
Case size CGA3 (CC0603) CGA4	G 2.00 ± 0.05	H 4.00 ± 0.10	J Ø 1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup>	1.60 max.	T 0.60 max.	Q Ø 0.50 min.

<sup>( )</sup> Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

<sup>\*</sup> Applied to thickness, 2.5mm products.

### Plastic Tape



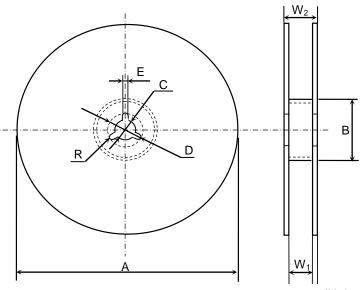
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA8 (CC1812)	(3.60)	( 4.90 )	12.00 ± 0.30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	8.00 ± 0.10
CGA9 (CC2220)	(5.40)	(6.10)	12.00 ± 0.30	3.30 ± 0.03	1.73 ± 0.10	0.00 ± 0.10
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	K	Т	Q
CGA8 (CC1812)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 <sup>+0.10</sup>	6.50 max.	0.60 max.	Ø 1.50 min.
CGA9 (CC2220)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	0 1.50	0.50 IIIax.	0.00 IIIax.	יוווו טכנו ש 1.50 וווווו.

( ) Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



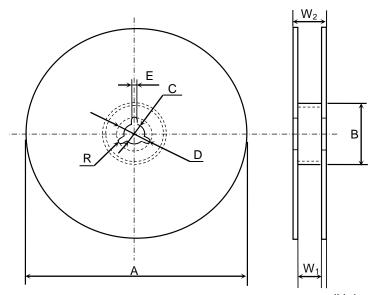
(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W <sub>1</sub>
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	$2.0 \pm 0.5$	9.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	$W_2$	R
Dimension	13.0 ± 1.4	1.0

## **Appendix 9**

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9

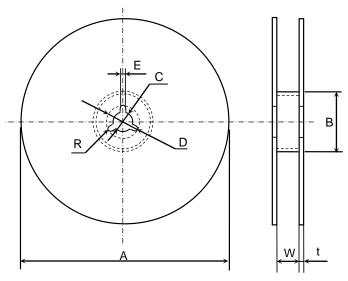


(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W <sub>1</sub>
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	$2.0 \pm 0.5$	13.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	$W_2$	R
Dimension	17.0 ± 1.4	1.0

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



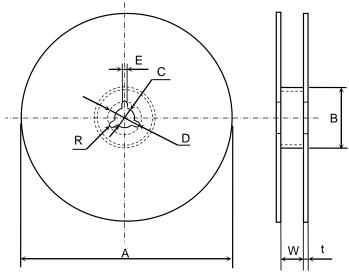
(Unit:mm)

Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	$2.0 \pm 0.5$	10.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	$2.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0

## **Appendix 11**

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9



(Unit: mm)

Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	$2.0 \pm 0.5$	14.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0