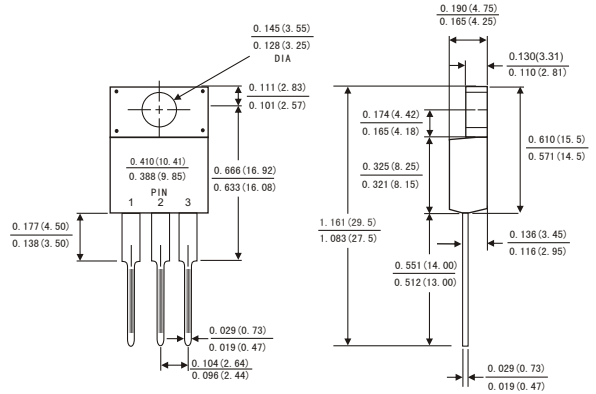


GLASS PASSIVATED SUPER FAST RECTIFIER

FEATURES

- Plastic package has Underwriters Laboratory Flammability Classification 94V-0
- Fast switching for high efficiency
- Low forward voltage drop
- Single rectifier construction
- High surge capability
- For use in low voltage ,high frequency inverters, free wheeling ,and polarity protection applications
- High temperature soldering guaranteed:260°C/10 seconds, 0.25"(6.35mm)from case

TO-220F



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified ,Single phase ,half wave ,resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load,derate by 20%.)

	Symbols	SL10S20F	SL10S40F	SL10S60F	Units
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	200	400	600	Volts
Maximum RMS voltage	V_{RMS}	140	280	420	Volts
Maximum DC blocking voltage	V_{DC}	200	400	600	Volts
Maximum average forward rectified current(see Fig.1)	Per leg	5.0			Amps
	Total device	10.0			
Peak forward surge current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	I_{FSM}	150			Amps
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage at 10.0 A(Note 1)	V_F	0.975	1.3	1.7	Volts
Maximum instantaneous reverse current at rated DC blocking voltage(Note 1)	$T_a = 25^\circ C$	5	10		uA
	$T_a = 125^\circ C$	500			
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (Note 2)	T_{rr}	35			ns
Typical thermal resistance (Note 3)	$R_{\theta JC}$	3.0			°C/W
Operating junction temperature range	T_J	-40 to +150			°C
Storage temperature range	T_{STG}	-40 to +150			°C

- Notes: 1. Pulse test: 300μs pulse width,1% duty cycle
 2. Reverse recovery test conditions $I_F=0.5A, I_R=1.0A, I_{rr}=0.5A$
 3. Thermal resistance from junction to case

FIG.1-FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

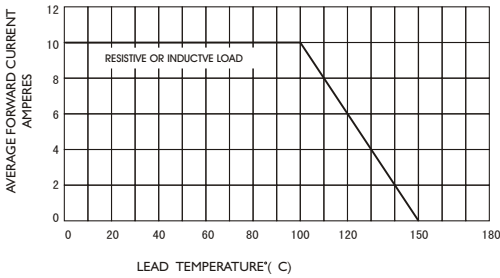


FIG.2-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

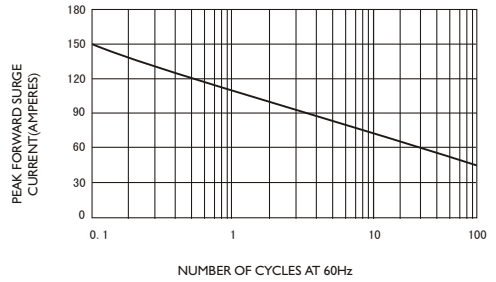


FIG.3-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

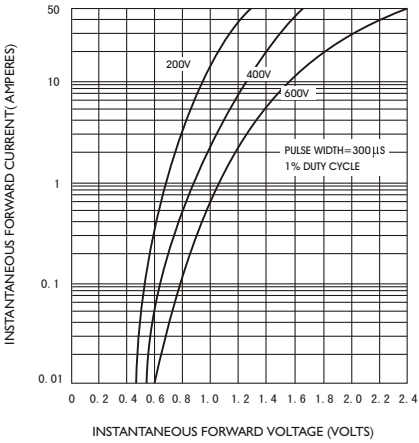


FIG.4-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

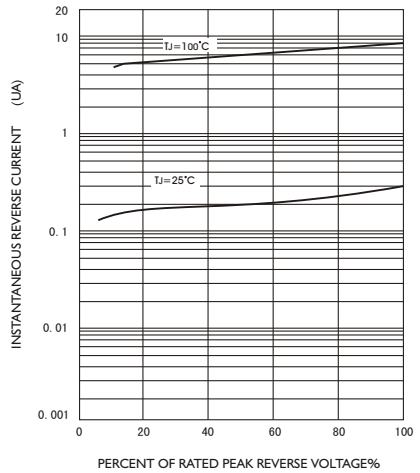


FIG.5-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

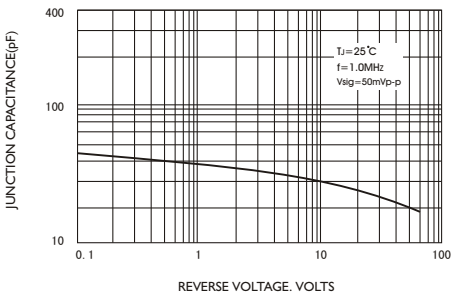


FIG.6-TYPICAL TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

