# KNSCHA 东莞市科尼盛电子有限公司

全球高端电容器制造商 DONGGUAN KNSCHA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

# 规格承认书

**Specification for approval** 

客户名称:

(Customer Name)

产品名称: 铝电解电容

( Product Name ) Aluninum Electrolytic Capacitor

客户料号:

( Customer part number )

科尼盛料号: 01EC1830

(KNSCHA number) 01EC1830

型号规格: KNSCHA SHG 50V33μF Φ5\*11L

(Specifications) KNSCHA SHG 50V33μF Φ5\*11L

制造							
(	(Manufacture)						
Approval							
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(Fiction) (Chief) (Approval)							
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刘淑芬

刘军军 徐贵

客户				
	(Customer)			
	Approval			
检 验	审 核	核准		
(Inspect)	(Chief)	(Approval)		

# 东莞市科尼盛电子有限公司

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# **Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors**

Item Name	Rating	Case size	KNSCHA Lifetime
01EC1830	SHG50V33 μ F	Ф5*11L	7000hours

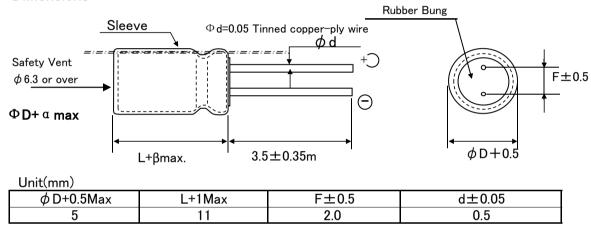
# 1. Operating Temp. Range

−55°C	~	+ 105°C

# 2. Electrical Characteristics See Table 1.

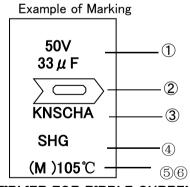
[lable l]	-	=			_		
Rated Voltage VDC	Surge Voltage VDC	e	Tolerance on Capacitance (%) 20°C 120Hz	(tan 0 )max	Leakage Current 2min. 20°C ( $\mu$ A)max	Permissible Ripple Current (mArms)max 105°C100KHz	Impedance(Ω) 100KHZ 20°C
50	63	33	$-20 \sim +20$	0.10	16.5	150	2.5

#### 3. Dimensions



# 4. Marking

Following items are printed with white color on coffee color sleeve



- 1 Rated voltage & Nominal Capacitance
- 2 Polarity (negative)
- 3 Trade Mark
- 4 series
- ⑤ Symbol of Capacitance Tolerance (M)
- 6 Max Operating Temp.

#### **5.MULTIPLIER FOR RIPPLE CURRENT**

1. Frequency Coefficient

rice delicy decinicions					
Freq.(Hz)	60 (50)	120	1K	10K	100K
0.1-47	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.90	1.00
68-680	0.80	0.85	0.90	0.95	1.00
1000-22000	0.85	0.87	0.89	0.92	1.00

(2). Temperature Coefficient

Temperature opernoient					
Ambient	40	60	70	85	105
Temperature(°C)	40	00	70	65	103
Coefficient	2.40	2.10	1.78	1.65	1.00

## 6. Characteristics

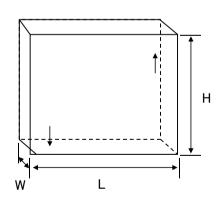
No.	Item	Pe	erformance	Test Method
1	Leakage Current	I= 16.5 ¡ I= Max Leakage C C=Ctatic Capacito	•	Protection Resistor : $1000\pm10\Omega$ Applied Volt : Rated Voltage Mesauring time : $2$ minutes
2	Static Capacitance	26.4 $\sim$ 39.6	F	Measured Frequency : 120Hz±20%  Measured Voltage  ≤ 0.5Vrms, 1.5 ~ 2.0VDC
3	Dissiption Factor (tanδ)	0.10 and Und	der	Same as condition of Capacitors
4	High Temp. Load Charac- teristics	Cap. Change Dissipation Factor	≦the value specified in Table 1 ≦ ±20% of initial value ≦200% of value specified in Table No remarkable abnormality	Test Temp.: 105±2°C Applied voltage: Rated voltage Test Time 10,000 hours +72, -0 hours
5	High Temp. no load Charac- teristics	Cap. Change Dissipation Factor	≦the value specified in Table 1 ≦ ±20% of initial value ≦200% of value specified in Table No remarkable abnormality	Test Temp.: 105±2°C No voltage applied Test Time:1000 hours +24, -0 hurs
6	Terminal Strength	Tensile Strength Bending Strength	45N {4.5kg} 25N {2.5kg}	Keeping time Tensile 1~5sec Bending 30±5sec
7	Impedance Ratio	W V Z-25°C/Z- Z-40°C/Z-	+20°C 3	
8	Temperature Charac – teristics	Stage     Item     Performance       2,3     Impedance Ratio     less than the value mention       5     Cap, Change     ≤±25% against value in standard reaches temperature stability, measure performance		tage 4 2 -25±3; 3 -25±3; 4 20±2 stage 5 105±2
9	Surge Voltage	Item       Perforemance         Leakage Current       ≤ the initial specified value         Cap, Change       ≤ ±15% against value be         Dissipation Factor       ≤ the initial specified value         Appearance       No remakable abnormality         Test Temp. 15~35°C       Test volt. Surge Volt. Sur		efore test ue ty Specified in 2

## 6-2. Characteristics

No.	Item	Performance	Test Method
10	Vibration Resistance	Capacitance Stability required Cap. Change ≤±5% of the initial specifi Appearance No remarkable abnormali Frequency: 10∼55Hz/1min. Width of vibrat Y and Z directions, each for 2 hours (Total	ty tion, 1.5mm Direction and duration X,
11	Solderbility	3/4 area of surrounding directions of surface should be covered with new solder.	Solder: Sn-Ag, Sn-Cu Type Soldering Temp: 240±5°C Dipping degree: 2~2.5mm Flux: Ethanol solution (JIS K8101) or Isopropylalchol (JIS K8839) solution of Rosin (JIS K5902)
12	Resistance to Soldering	Leakage Current       ≦ Initial specified value         Cap. Change       ≦ ± 10% of initial value         Dissipation Factor       ≦ Initial specified in value         Appearance       No remarkable abnormality	Soldering Temp. 280±5°C Soldering Time . 10±1sec.
13	Resistance to Humidity	Leakage Current       ≦ Initial specified value         Cap. Change       ≦±15% of initial value         Dissipation Factor       ≦ Initial spesified value         Appearance       No remarkable abnormality	Test Temp.: $40\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Humidity $90\sim95\%$ Test Time: $500\pm8$ hours After the above condition,restored to normal temp, and then measured.
14	Perssure valve moment charact- erstics	There must not be thing ignition, scattering the resolution that that case works safely	Dcmethod: impress the reverse voltage and of 1A, I cancel an electric current.

# 7 Packing method

Packaging shape, size, quantity



Component	Quanity
size	per
5*11	40000pcs.

# 8 Related Standards JIS C 5141

# 9 Marking on packing box

- 1 Item name
- 2 Series name
- 3 Rated Voltage
- 4 Nominal Static Capacitance
- 5 Case size
- 6 Lot No.
- 7 Quantity

#### 10 Leakage

#### current

#### <Condition>

Connecting the capacitor with a protective resistor  $(1k\Omega\pm10\Omega)$  in series for

2 minutes, and then, measure leakage currer

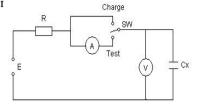
#### <Criteria

I : Leakage current (μA)

I ( $\mu$ A) $\leq$ 0.01CVor 3 ( $\mu$ A) whichever is greater,

measurement circuit refer to right drawing.

C: Capacitance (µF)



#### 11 Soldeing

11-1 Soldering by soldering iron

Temperature of iron top: 270~350°C

Operating time: within 3 sec.

11-2 Flow soldering.

Preheat: PCB surface temperature 120°C±5°C

Solder Temp: 260°C±5°C Solder Dipping Temp.: 2~4sec.

### 12 Cleaning of PC boad after soldering

Using follwing solvents is possible but make sure following condition Solvent

IPA or Alcoholic agent like Pinealpha ST-100S, Cleanthrough 750H, 750L, 710M, 750K, or Technocare FRW-14  $\sim\!17$ 

- ① Cleaning should be made by ultrasonic within 5min, at the temperature less then 60°C.
- ② Control of pollution is necessary (conductivity,pH, specific gravity, water volume)
- ③ Please do not keep near cleaning agent. Please do not store in air-tight container. Please let it dry by hot air at the temperature less than maximum operating temp.

### 13 The situation of using

Please do not use a condenser in the next use environment.

- 1) One circumference environment(weatherability) condition.
- (a) Direct water, salt water and environment oil works or become a dew condensation state.
- (b) Environment full of harmful gas (a hydrogen chloride, sulfurous acid. nitrous acid hydrochloric acid, ammonia).
- (c) Ozone, infrared rays and the environment where radioactive rays are done collation of
- ② Vibration shock condition is extreme environment more than rule ranges of delivery specifications.

#### 14 A country of origin

A country of origin of an KNSCHA SHG series alminum electrolysis condenser of specifications: China

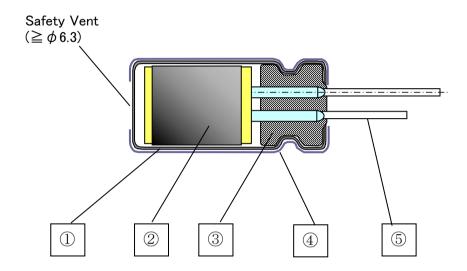
#### 15 Effective life for storage

Storage conditions:

- 1 Temperature range must be between 5-35°C
- 2 Relative humidity must be less than 75%
- 3 Must be stored indoor
- 4 Must be free from water, oil or salt water
- (5) Must be free from toxic gasses (hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, chlorine, ammonium, etc.)
- 6 Must be free from ozone, ultraviolet rays or any other radiation
- 7 Must be kept in capacitor original package

# Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor SHG Series Structure

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	No.	Name	Material	
	1	Case	Aluminum	
		Element (Electrode)	High Purity Aluminum foil	
	② (Separator) (Electrolyte)		Manila hemp pulp	
	3	Rubber Bung	Synthetic Rubber	
	4	Sleeve	PET	
	<b>⑤</b>	Lead Wire	Tin plated Steel Wire	

Controls of ozone layer destructive chemical materials

Regulated materials : CFCs, Halon, Carbon Tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane

The products and parts do not include the above materials

The products and parts are not used the above materials on process.

The products and parts are not used PBBOs (Poly Bromo Bi-phenyl Oxides ).

All materials are mentioned as existing chemical material in the "Law of examine and control of Production of Chemical Material"

The products are not listed in Appendix 1 of Export Trade Rule and Regulation

A condenser of this series supports RoHS regulation.