## 1. General description

The 74HC4067; 74HCT4067 is a single-pole 16-throw analog switch (SP16T) suitable for use in analog or digital 16:1 multiplexer/demultiplexer applications. The switch features four digital select inputs (S0, S1, S2 and S3), sixteen independent inputs/outputs (Yn), a common input/output (Z) and a digital enable input ( $\bar{E}$ ). When $\bar{E}$ is HIGH, the switches are turned off. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$.

## 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 2.0 V to 10.0 V
- Input levels S0, S1, S2, S3 and E inputs:
- For 74HC4067: CMOS level
- For 74HCT4067: TTL level
- CMOS low power dissipation
- High noise immunity
- Low ON resistance:
- $80 \Omega$ (typical) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$
- $70 \Omega$ (typical) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$
- $60 \Omega$ (typical) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
- JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V )
- JESD7A (2.0 V to 6.0 V )
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II Level B
- ESD protection:
- HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
- MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
- CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Typical 'break before make' built-in


## 3. Applications

- Analog multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Digital multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Signal gating


## 4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

| Type number | Package |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Temperature range | Name | Description | Version |
| 74HC4067D | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SO24 | plastic small outline package; 24 leads; body width 7.5 mm | SOT137-1 |
| 74HCT4067D |  |  |  |  |
| 74HC4067DB | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SSOP24 | plastic shrink small outline package; 24 leads; body width 5.3 mm | SOT340-1 |
| 74HCT4067DB |  |  |  |  |
| 74HC4067PW | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | TSSOP24 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 24 leads; body width 4.4 mm | SOT355-1 |
| 74HCT4067PW |  |  |  |  |
| 74HC4067BQ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | DHVQFN24 | plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 24 terminals; body $3.5 \times 5.5 \times 0.85 \mathrm{~mm}$ | SOT815-1 |
| 74HCT4067BQ |  |  |  |  |

## 5. Functional diagram



Fig. 1. Logic symbol


Fig. 2. IEC logic symbol


Fig. 3. Schematic diagram (one switch)


Fig. 4. Functional diagram


Fig. 5. Logic diagram

## 6. Pinning information

### 6.1. Pinning



Fig. 6. Pin configuration SOT137-1 (SO24), SOT340-1 (SSOP24) and SOT355-1 (TSSOP24)


Transparent top view
(1) This is not a supply pin. There is no electrical or mechanical requirement to solder the pad. In case soldered, the solder land should remain floating or connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$.

Fig. 7. Pin configuration SOT815-1 (DHVQFN24)

### 6.2. Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Z | 1 | common input or output |
| Y7, Y6, Y5, Y4, Y3, Y2, Y1, Y0, | $2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$, | independent input or output |
| Y15, Y14, Y13, Y12, Y11, Y10, Y9, Y8 | $16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23$ |  |
| S0, S1, S2, S3 | $10,11,14,13$ | address input |
| GND | 12 | ground (0 V) |
| E | 15 | enable input (active LOW) |
| V $_{\text {CC }}$ | 24 | supply voltage |

## 7. Functional description

Table 3. Function table
$H=$ HIGH voltage level; $L=$ LOW voltage level; $X=$ don't care.

| Inputs |  |  |  |  | Channel ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E | S3 | S2 | S1 | S0 |  |
| L | L | L | L | L | Y0 to Z |
| L | L | L | L | H | Y1 to Z |
| L | L | L | H | L | Y2 to Z |
| L | L | L | H | H | Y3 to Z |
| L | L | H | L | L | Y4 to Z |
| L | L | H | L | H | Y5 to Z |
| L | L | H | H | L | Y6 to Z |
| L | L | H | H | H | Y7 to Z |
| L | H | L | L | L | Y8 to Z |
| L | H | L | L | H | Y9 to Z |
| L | H | L | H | L | Y10 to Z |
| L | H | L | H | H | Y11 to Z |
| L | H | H | L | L | Y12 to Z |
| L | H | H | L | H | Y13 to Z |
| L | H | H | H | L | Y14 to Z |
| L | H | H | H | H | Y15 to Z |
| H | X | X | X | X | - |

## 8. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values
In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | supply voltage |  | $[1]$ | -0.5 | +11.0 |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}$ | input clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SK}}$ | switch clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | $\pm 20$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SW}}$ | switch current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}=-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | mA |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | supply current |  | - | $\pm 25$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{GND}}$ | ground current |  | - | +50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {Stg }}$ | storage temperature |  | -50 | - | mA |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | total power dissipation | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -65 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| P | power dissipation | per switch | $[2]$ | - | 500 |

[1] To avoid drawing $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ current out of terminal Z , when switch current flows in terminals Yn , the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V . If the switch current flows into terminal Z , no $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ current will flow out of terminals Yn . In this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at Yn and Z may not exceed $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND.
[2] For SOT137-1 (SO24) package: $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $16.2 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ above $119^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. For SOT340-1 (SSOP24) packages: $P_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $12.4 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ above $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. For SOT355-1 (TSSOP24) package: $P_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $12.4 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ above $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. For SOT815-1 (DHVQFN24) package: $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $15.0 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ above $117^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | 74HC4067 |  |  | 74HCT4067 |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | supply voltage |  | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | input voltage |  | GND | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SW }}$ | switch voltage |  | GND | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ | V |
| $\Delta \mathrm{t} / \Delta \mathrm{V}$ | input transition rise and fall rate | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 625 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 1.67 | 139 | - | 1.67 | 139 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 83 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 31 | - | - | - | ns |
| Tamb | ambient temperature |  | -40 | +25 | +125 | -40 | +25 | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## 10. Static characteristics

Table 6. Ron resistance per switch for types 74HC4067 and 74HCT4067
$V_{l}=V_{I H}$ or $V_{I L}$; for test circuit see Fig. 8.
$V_{i s}$ is the input voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
$V_{\text {os }}$ is the output voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.
For 74HC4067: $V_{C C}-G N D=2.0 \mathrm{~V}, 4.5 \mathrm{~V}, 6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ and 9.0 V .
For 74HCT4067: $V_{C C}-G N D=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Typ | Max | $\begin{gathered} \operatorname{Max} \\ \left(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \operatorname{Max} \\ \left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON} \text { (peak) }}$ | ON resistance (peak) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ to GND |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SW}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A} \quad[1]$ | - | - | - | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SW}}=1000 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 110 | 180 | 225 | 270 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SW}}=1000 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 95 | 160 | 200 | 240 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SW }}=1000 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 75 | 130 | 165 | 195 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON} \text { (rail) }}$ | ON resistance (rail) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SW}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A} \quad[1]$ | 150 | - | - | - |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SW}}=1000 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 90 | 160 | 200 | 240 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SW }}=1000 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 80 | 140 | 175 | 210 | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SW}}=1000 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 70 | 120 | 150 | 180 | $\Omega$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | ON resistance mismatch between channels | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ to GND |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ [1] | - | - | - | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 9 | - | - | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 8 | - | - | - | $\Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 6 | - | - | - | $\Omega$ |

[^0]
\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{is}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \\
& R_{\mathrm{ON}}=\frac{V_{\mathrm{SW}}}{I_{\mathrm{SW}}}
\end{aligned}
$$
\]

Fig. 8. Test circuit for measuring $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$

$\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$
(1) $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$
(2) $V_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$
(3) $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$

Fig. 9. Typical $R_{\mathrm{ON}}$ as a function of input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$

Table 7. Static characteristics 74HC4067
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V ).
$V_{\text {is }}$ is the input voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
$V_{\text {os }}$ is the output voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.5 | 1.2 | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.15 | 2.4 | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4.2 | 3.2 | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 6.3 | 4.7 | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 0.8 | 0.5 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 2.1 | 1.35 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 2.8 | 1.80 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 4.3 | 2.70 | V |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ or GND |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.2$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {S(OFF) }}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \mid \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \text {; see Fig. } 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | per channel | - | - | $\pm 0.1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | all channels | - | - | $\pm 0.8$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {(ON })}$ | ON-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-G N D ; \text { see Fig. } 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.8$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ICC | supply current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{os}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 8.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=10.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 16.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | input capacitance |  | - | 3.5 | - | pF |


| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.5 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.15 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4.2 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 6.3 | - | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.50 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.35 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.80 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 2.70 | V |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=10.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 2.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{IS}_{\text {(OFF) }}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \text {; see Fig. } 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | per channel | - | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | all channels | - | - | $\pm 8.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {(ON })}$ | ON-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \left\|V_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=V_{\mathrm{CC}}-G N D ; \text { see } \text { Fig. } 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $\pm 8.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ | supply current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{os}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 80.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 160 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{Tamb}^{\text {a }}$-40 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.5 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.15 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4.2 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 6.3 | - | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.50 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.35 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1.80 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 2.70 | V |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 2.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {S(OFF) }}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \mid \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \text {; see Fig. } 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | per channel | - | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | all channels | - | - | $\pm 8.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {(ON })}$ | ON-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \text {; see Fig. } 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $\pm 8.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ICC | supply current | $\begin{aligned} & V_{1}=V_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{os}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 160 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 320 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

Table 8. Static characteristics 74HCT4067
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V ).
$V_{i s}$ is the input voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
$V_{\text {os }}$ is the output voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | 2.0 | 1.6 | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | - | 1.2 | 0.8 | V |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {S(OFF) }}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$; <br> $\left\|V_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-$ GND; see Fig. 10 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | per channel | - | - | $\pm 0.1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | all channels | - | - | $\pm 0.8$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {(ON })}$ | ON-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \text {; see Fig. } 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.8$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ICC | supply current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND; $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$; <br> $V_{\text {os }}=V_{C C}$ or $G N D ; V_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | - | - | 8.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\text {CC }}$ | additional supply current | per input pin; $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-2.1 \mathrm{~V}$; other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND ; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | pin E | - | 60 | 216 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | pin Sn | - | 50 | 180 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | input capacitance |  | - | 3.5 | - | pF |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {S(OFF) }}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} ; \text { see Fig. } 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | per channel | - | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | all channels | - | - | $\pm 8.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {(ON })}$ | ON-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \left\|V_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=V_{\mathrm{CC}}-G N D ; \text { see Fig. } 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $\pm 8.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | supply current | $\begin{aligned} & V_{1}=V_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{oS}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 80.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\text {CC }}$ | additional supply current | per input pin; $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-2.1 \mathrm{~V}$; other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or $\mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | pin E | - | - | 270 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | pin Sn | - | - | 225 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |


| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{H}}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {S(OFF) }}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-G N D ; \text { see Fig. } 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | per channel | - | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | all channels | - | - | $\pm 8.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {(ON) }}$ | ON-state leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} ; \\ & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}\right\|=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \text {; see Fig. } 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $\pm 8.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ICC | supply current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{os}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 160 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | additional supply current | per input pin; $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-2.1 \mathrm{~V}$; other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or $\mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | pin E | - | - | 294 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | pin Sn | - | - | 245 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |


$V_{\text {is }}=V_{C C}$ and $V_{\text {os }}=G N D$
$V_{\text {is }}=G N D$ and $V_{o s}=V_{C C}$
Fig. 10. Test circuit for measuring OFF-state leakage current

$V_{\text {is }}=V_{C C}$ and $V_{\text {os }}=$ open
$V_{\text {is }}=G N D$ and $V_{\text {os }}=$ open
Fig. 11. Test circuit for measuring ON -state leakage current

## 11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics 74HC4067
GND $=0 \mathrm{~V} ; t_{r}=t_{f}=6 \mathrm{~ns} ; C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ unless specified otherwise; for test circuit see Fig. 14.
$V_{i s}$ is the input voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
$V_{\text {os }}$ is the output voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Typ | Max | $\begin{gathered} \operatorname{Max} \\ \left(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { Max } \\ \left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pd}}$ | propagation delay | Yn to Z; see Fig. 12 [1][2] |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 25 | 75 | 95 | 110 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 9 | 15 | 19 | 22 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 7 | 13 | 16 | 19 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 | 9 | 11 | 14 | ns |
|  |  | Z to Yn |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 18 | 60 | 75 | 90 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 6 | 12 | 15 | 18 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 | 10 | 13 | 15 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4 | 8 | 10 | 12 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$ | turn-off time | E to Yn; see Fig. 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 74 | 250 | 315 | 375 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 27 | 50 | 63 | 75 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ | 27 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 22 | 43 | 54 | 64 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 20 | 38 | 48 | 57 | ns |
|  |  | Sn to Yn |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 83 | 250 | 315 | 375 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 30 | 50 | 63 | 75 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ | 29 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 24 | 43 | 54 | 64 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 21 | 38 | 48 | 57 | ns |
|  |  | E to Z |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 85 | 275 | 345 | 415 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 31 | 55 | 69 | 83 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 25 | 47 | 59 | 71 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 24 | 42 | 53 | 63 | ns |
|  |  | Sn to Z |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 94 | 290 | 365 | 435 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 34 | 58 | 73 | 87 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 27 | 47 | 62 | 74 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 25 | 45 | 56 | 68 | ns |

16-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-40{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Typ | Max | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \left(85{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \operatorname{Max} \\ \left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {on }}$ | turn-on time | E to Yn; see Fig. 13 | [4] |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 80 | 275 | 345 | 415 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 29 | 55 | 69 | 83 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ |  | 26 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 23 | 47 | 59 | 71 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 17 | 42 | 53 | 63 | ns |
|  |  | Sn to Yn |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 88 | 300 | 375 | 450 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 32 | 60 | 75 | 90 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ |  | 29 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 26 | 51 | 64 | 77 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 18 | 45 | 56 | 68 | ns |
|  |  | $\overline{\mathrm{E}}$ to Z |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 85 | 275 | 345 | 415 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 31 | 55 | 69 | 83 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 25 | 47 | 59 | 71 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 18 | 42 | 53 | 63 | ns |
|  |  | Sn to Z |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 94 | 300 | 375 | 450 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 34 | 60 | 75 | 90 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 27 | 51 | 64 | 77 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 19 | 45 | 56 | 68 | ns |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | power dissipation capacitance | per switch; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | [5] | 29 | - | - | - | pF |

[1] $t_{p d}$ is the same as $t_{P H L}$ and $t_{P L H}$.
[2] Due to higher $Z$ terminal capacitance (16 switches versus 1) the delay figures to the $Z$ terminal are higher than those to the $Y$ terminal.
[3] $t_{o n}$ is the same as $t_{P H Z}$ and $t_{P L Z}$.
[4] $t_{\text {off }}$ is the same as $t_{P Z H}$ and $t_{P Z L}$.
[5] $\quad C_{P D}$ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_{D}$ in $\mu \mathrm{W}$ ).
$P_{D}=C_{P D} \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{i}+\sum\left\{\left(C_{L}+C_{S w}\right) \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{o}\right\}$ where:
$f_{i}=$ input frequency in MHz ;
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}=$ output frequency in MHz;
$\sum\left\{\left(C_{L}+C_{s w}\right) \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{o}\right\}=$ sum of outputs;
$C_{L}=$ output load capacitance in pF ;
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{sw}}=$ switch capacitance in pF ;
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=$ supply voltage in V .

Table 10. Dynamic characteristics 74HCT4067
$G N D=0 V ; t_{r}=t_{f}=6 \mathrm{~ns} ; C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ unless specified otherwise; for test circuit see Fig. 14.
$V_{i s}$ is the input voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
$V_{\text {os }}$ is the output voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Typ | Max | $\begin{gathered} \operatorname{Max} \\ \left(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \operatorname{Max} \\ \left(125{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pd}}$ | propagation delay | Yn to Z; see Fig. 12 [1][2] |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 9 | 15 | 19 | 22 | ns |
|  |  | Z to Yn |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 6 | 12 | 15 | 18 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$ | turn-off time | E to Yn; see Fig. 13 [3] |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 26 | 55 | 69 | 83 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ | 26 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | Sn to Yn |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 31 | 55 | 69 | 83 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ | 30 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | E to Z |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 30 | 60 | 75 | 90 | ns |
|  |  | Sn to Z |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C \mathrm{C}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 35 | 60 | 75 | 90 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {on }}$ | turn-on time | E to Yn; see Fig. 13 [4] |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 32 | 60 | 75 | 90 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ | 32 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | Sn to Yn |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 35 | 60 | 75 | 90 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ | 33 | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\overline{\mathrm{E}}$ to Z |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 38 | 65 | 81 | 98 | ns |
|  |  | Sn to Z |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 38 | 65 | 81 | 98 | ns |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | power dissipation capacitance | per switch; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-1.5 \mathrm{~V}\right) \quad[5]$ | 29 | - | - | - | pF |

[1] $t_{p d}$ is the same as $t_{P H L}$ and $t_{P L H}$.
[2] Due to higher $Z$ terminal capacitance (16 switches versus 1) the delay figures to the $Z$ terminal are higher than those to the $Y$ terminal.
[3] $t_{o n}$ is the same as $t_{\text {PHZ }}$ and $t_{\text {PLZ }}$.
[4] $t_{\text {off }}$ is the same as $t_{\text {PZH }}$ and $t_{\text {PzL }}$.
[5] $C_{P D}$ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_{D}$ in $\mu \mathrm{W}$ ).
$P_{D}=C_{P D} \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{i}+\sum\left\{\left(C_{L}+C_{s w}\right) \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{o}\right\}$ where:
$f_{i}=$ input frequency in MHz ;
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}=$ output frequency in MHz ;
$\sum\left\{\left(C_{L}+C_{s w}\right) \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{o}\right\}=$ sum of outputs;
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=$ output load capacitance in pF ;
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{sw}}=$ switch capacitance in pF ;
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=$ supply voltage in V .

### 11.1. Waveforms and test circuit



Fig. 12. Input $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}\right)$ to output $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}\right)$ propagation delays


Measurement points are shown in Table 11.
Fig. 13. Turn-on and turn-off times
Table 11. Measurement points

| Type | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{I}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 74 HC 4067 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $0.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| 74 HCT 4067 | 3.0 V | 1.3 V |



Test data is given in Table 12.
Definitions test circuit:
$R_{T}=$ Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance $Z_{o}$ of the pulse generator.
$C_{L}=$ Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=$ Load resistance.
S1 = Test selection switch.
Fig. 14. Test circuit for measuring switching times
Table 12. Test data

| Test | Input |  |  |  | Output |  | S1 position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Control E | Address Sn | Switch Yn (Z) | $t_{r}, t_{f}$ | Switch Z (Yn) |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ [1] | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ [1] | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ |  | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL, }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ | GND | GND or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | GND to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ | 6 ns | 50 pF | - | open |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }}$ | GND to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | 6 ns | $50 \mathrm{pF}, 15 \mathrm{pF}$ | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | GND |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}$ | GND to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND | 6 ns | $50 \mathrm{pF}, 15 \mathrm{pF}$ | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |

[1] For 74HCT4067: maximum input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$.

## 12. Additional dynamic characteristics

Table 13. Additional dynamic characteristics
Recommended conditions and typical values; GND $=0 \mathrm{~V}$.
$V_{\text {is }}$ is the input voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
$V_{\text {os }}$ is the output voltage at a Yn or $Z$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| THD | total harmonic distortion | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$; see Fig. 15 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }(p-p)}=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 0.04 | - | \% |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }(\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p})}=8.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 0.02 | - | \% |
|  |  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}=10 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is(p-p) }}=4.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 0.12 | - | \% |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {is(p-p) }}=8.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 0.06 | - | \% |
| $\mathrm{a}_{\text {iso }}$ | isolation (OFF-state) | $R_{L}=600 \Omega ; C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}$; see Fig. 16 | [1] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | -50 | - | dB |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | -50 | - | dB |
| $\mathrm{f}_{(-3 \mathrm{~dB})}$ | -3 dB frequency response | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{pF}$; see Fig. 17 | [2] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 90 | - | MHz |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 100 | - | MHz |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {sw }}$ | switch capacitance | independent pins Y |  | - | 5 | - | pF |
|  |  | common pin Z |  | - | 45 | - | pF |

[1] Adjust input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ to 0 dBm level ( $0 \mathrm{dBm}=1 \mathrm{~mW}$ into $600 \Omega$ ).
[2] Adjust input voltage $V_{\text {is }}$ to 0 dBm level at $V_{\text {os }}$ for $f_{i}=1 \mathrm{MHz}(0 \mathrm{dBm}=1 \mathrm{~mW}$ into $50 \Omega)$. After set-up, $f_{i}$ is increased to obtain a reading of -3 dB at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$.


Fig. 15. Test circuit for measuring total harmonic distortion

a. Isolation (OFF-state)

b. Test circuit
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega ; \mathrm{R}_{\text {source }}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Fig. 16. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency

a. Typical -3 dB frequency response

b. Test circuit
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega ; \mathrm{R}_{\text {source }}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Fig. 17. -3 dB frequency response

## 13. Package outline



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

| UNIT | A max. | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | c | $D^{(1)}$ | $E^{(1)}$ | e | $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{E}}$ | L | $L_{p}$ | Q | v | w | y | $z^{(1)}$ | $\theta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 2.65 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.45 \\ & 2.25 \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.49 \\ & 0.36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.32 \\ & 0.23 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.6 \\ & 15.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.6 \\ & 7.4 \end{aligned}$ | 1.27 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10.65 \\ & 10.00 \end{aligned}$ | 1.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.1 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.1 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.1 | 0.9 0.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 8^{\circ} \\ & 0^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| inches | 0.1 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.012 \\ & 0.004 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.096 \\ & 0.089 \end{aligned}$ | 0.01 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.019 \\ & 0.014 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.013 \\ & 0.009 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.61 \\ & 0.60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.30 \\ & 0.29 \end{aligned}$ | 0.05 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.419 \\ & 0.394 \end{aligned}$ | 0.055 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.043 \\ & 0.016 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.043 \\ & 0.039 \end{aligned}$ | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.004 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.035 \\ & 0.016 \end{aligned}$ |  |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm ( 0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |
| SOT137-1 | 075E05 | MS-013 |  | $\square \oplus$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-99-12-27 \\ & 03-02-19 \end{aligned}$ |

Fig. 18. Package outline SOT137-1 (SO24)


DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

| UNIT | $\mathbf{A}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{m a x}$. | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{2}}$ | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{3}}$ | $\mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{p}}$ | $\mathbf{c}$ | $\mathbf{D}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\mathbf{E}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\mathbf{e}$ | $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{E}}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{p}}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{v}$ | $\mathbf{w}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ | $\mathbf{Z}^{(\mathbf{1})}$ | $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ |
| mm | 2 | 0.21 | 1.80 | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.20 | 8.4 | 5.4 | 0.6 | 7.9 | 1.25 | 1.03 | 0.9 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.05 | 1.65 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 8.0 | 5.2 | 0.13 | 0.1 | 0.8 | $8^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.2 mm maximum per side are not included.


Fig. 19. Package outline SOT340-1 (SSOP24)





DIMENSIONS ( mm are the original dimensions)

| UNIT | A max. | $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | c | $D^{(1)}$ | $E^{(2)}$ | e | $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{E}}$ | L | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | Q | v | w | y | $Z^{(1)}$ | $\theta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 1.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.15 \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.95 \\ & 0.80 \end{aligned}$ | 0.25 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.30 \\ & 0.19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.9 \\ & 7.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 4.3 \end{aligned}$ | 0.65 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.6 \\ & 6.2 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.75 \\ & 0.50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | 0.2 | 0.13 | 0.1 | 0.5 0.2 | 8 $0^{\circ}$ |

Notes

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |
| SOT355-1 |  | MO-153 |  | $\square$ | $\begin{gathered} -9-12-27 \\ 03-02-19 \end{gathered}$ |

Fig. 20. Package outline SOT355-1 (TSSOP24)

DHVQFN24: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 24 terminals; body $3.5 \times 5.5 \times 0.85 \mathrm{~mm}$


Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.075 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |
| SOT815-1 | --- | --- | --- | $\square \oplus$ | 03-04-29 |

Fig. 21. Package outline SOT815-1 (DHVQFN24)

## 14. Abbreviations

Table 14. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| CDM | Charged Device Model |
| CMOS | Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor |
| DUT | Device Under Test |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| HBM | Human Body Model |
| MM | Machine Model |
| TTL | Transistor-Transistor Logic |

## 15. Revision history

Table 15. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 74HC_HCT4067 v. 7 | 20200602 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4067 v. 6 |
| Modifications: | - The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia. <br> - Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. <br> - Section 2 updated. <br> - Table 4: Derating values for $P_{\text {tot }}$ total power dissipation have been updated. |  |  |  |
| 74HC_HCT4067 v. 6 | 20150522 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4067 v. 5 |
| Modifications: | - Type numbers 74 HC 4067 N and 74 HCT 4067 N (SOT101-1) removed. <br> - Fig. 8, Fig. 9: Figure note $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND}\right)$ changed to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  |  |  |
| 74HC_HCT4067 v. 5 | 20111213 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4067 v. 4 |
| Modifications: | - Legal pages updated. |  |  |  |
| 74HC_HCT4067 v. 4 | 20110518 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4067 v. 3 |
| 74HC_HCT4067 v. 3 | 20071015 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4067_CNV v. 2 |
| 74HC_HCT4067_CNV v. 2 | 19970901 | Product specification | - | - |

## 16. Legal information

## Data sheet status

| Document status <br> [1][2] | Product <br> status [3] | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Objective [short] <br> data sheet | Development | This document contains data from <br> the objective specification for <br> product development. |
| Preliminary [short] <br> data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from <br> the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] <br> data sheet | Production | This document contains the product <br> specification. |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at https://www.nexperia.com.

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[^0]:    [1] At supply voltages $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}-\mathrm{GND}\right)$ approaching 2 V , the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. Therefore it is recommended that these devices be used to transmit digital signals only, when using these supply voltages.

