

## LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

# EARTH LEAKAGE CURRENT DETECTOR

### DESCRIPTION

The UTC **M54123L** is a semiconductor integrated circuit with amplifier for a high-speed earth leakage circuit breaker.

For the amplifying parts of earth leakage circuit breaker, the UTC **M54123L** consists of differential amplifier, latch circuit and voltage regulator.

In normal operating, the UTC **M54123L** should be connected to the secondary side of the ZCT (zero current transformers). Here the ZCT detects leakage current different amplifiers' both input.

Then the signals which have been amplified are integrated by an external capacitor. The integrated signal connects to the input terminal of latch circuit whose output is suitable for the characteristics of high- speed earth leakage circuit breaker.

Until the input voltage reaches the fixed level, latch circuit doesn't become high. Then drives a thyristor which is connected to latch circuit's output terminal.

#### FEATURES

- \* With good input sensitivity current temperature characteristics
- \* High input sensitivity :V<sub>T</sub>=6.1mV (Typ.)
- \* Only need low external component count
- \* High noise and surge-proof
- \* Low power dissipation :P<sub>D</sub>=5mW (Typ.)
- \* May be used both as 100V and 200V.
- \* Wide temperature range : from -20 °C to +80°C

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering Number			Deskere	Dealing	
Normal	Lead Free Plating	Halogen Free	Раскаде	Packing	
M54123L-S08-R	M54123LK-S08-R	M54123LG-S08-R	SOP-8	Tape Reel	
M54123L-D08-T	M54123LK-D08-T	M54123LG-D08-T	DIP-8	Tube	
M54123L-G08-T	M54123LK-G08-T	M54123LG-G08-T	SIP-8	Tube	





Lead-free: M54123LK Halogen-free: M54123LG

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### ■ PIN CONFIGURATIONS



#### PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	V <sub>R</sub>	Reference voltage terminal
2	IN	Input terminal
3	GND	Ground
4	OD	Differential amplifier output terminal
5	Sc	Latch input terminal
6	N <sub>R</sub>	Terminal for noise absorption
7	Os	Output terminal
8	Vs	Supply voltage terminal



### BLOCK DIAGRAM





PARA	AMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	
		UTINDOL .	TRATINGS	
Supply Current		IS	8	mA
	Between V <sub>R</sub> -IN (Note 2)		250	mA
V <sub>R</sub> Pin Current	Between V <sub>R</sub> -GND	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	mA	
	Between V <sub>R</sub> -GND IVR 30   Between IN-V <sub>R</sub> (Note 2) -250   Between IN-V <sub>R</sub> (Note 2) 250   Between IN-GND I <sub>IN</sub> 30	-250	mA	
IN Terminal Current	Between IN-V <sub>R</sub> (Note 2)		250	mA
	Between IN-GND	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline SYMBOL & RATINGS & UNI \\ \hline I_S & 8 & mA \\ \hline I_S & 250 & mA \\ \hline 250 & mA \\ \hline -250 & mA \\ \hline -250 & mA \\ \hline 250 & mA \\ \hline 0 & -250 & mA \\ \hline 0 & $	30	mA
	Between V <sub>R</sub> -IN (Note 2)		mA	
S <sub>C</sub> Terminal Current		I <sub>SC</sub> 5		mA
Power Dissipation		PD	200	mW
Operating Temperature		T <sub>OPR</sub> -20~ +80		°C
Storage Temperature		T <sub>STG</sub>	-55~ +125	°C

#### ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (unless otherwise specified)

Notes: 1. Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

2. Current value between  $V_R$  and IN, and between IN and  $V_R$  is less than 1ms in the pulse width, and duty cycle is less than 12%, In applying AC current continuously, it is 100 mA in the off-state.

#### ■ **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS** (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage When Latch Circuit Is Off-State	Vs	12			V
External Capacitor Between Vs and GND	C <sub>VS</sub>	1			μF
External Capacitor Between Os and GND	Cos			1	μF

#### ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=-20~+80°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CO	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	I <sub>S1</sub>	$\frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{12} $	Ta=-20°C			580	μA
Supply Current		(See Test Circuit 1)	Ta=25°C		400	530	μA
			Ta=80°C			480	μA
Trip Voltage	VT	V <sub>S</sub> =16V, V <sub>R</sub> -V <sub>I</sub> , Ta=-20~+80°C		4	6.1	9	mVrms
	.,	(Note2) (See Test Cir	cuit 2)		0.1		
Timed Current1		Vs=16V, V <sub>R</sub> -V <sub>I</sub> =30mV, V <sub>OD</sub> =1.2V, Ta=25°C		-12		-30	uΑ
	.101	(See Test Circuit 3)		12		00	μ
Timed Current2	I <sub>TD2</sub>	$V_{S}$ =16V, short circuit between $V_{R}$ and $V_{I}$ , $V_{OD}$ =0.8V, Ta=25°C (See Test Circuit 4)		17		37	μA
	Io	V <sub>SC</sub> =1.4V,V <sub>OS</sub> =0.8V (See Test Circuit 5)	I <sub>S1</sub> =580µA,Ta=-20°C	-200			μA
Output Current			I <sub>S1</sub> =530µA,Ta=25°C	-100			μA
			I <sub>S1</sub> =480µA,Ta=80°C	-75			μA
S <sub>c</sub> "ON" Voltage (Note3)	V <sub>SC(ON)</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> =16V, Ta=25°C (Se	ee Test Circuit 6)	0.7		1.4	V
S <sub>c</sub> Input Current	I <sub>SC(ON)</sub>	V <sub>s</sub> =12V, Ta=25°C (See Test Circuit 7)				5	μA
Output Low-Level Current	I <sub>OSL</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> =12V,V <sub>OSL</sub> =0.2V, Ta=-20∼+80°C (See Test Circuit 8)		200			μA
Innut Clamp Valtage	VIC	V <sub>S</sub> =12V, I <sub>IC</sub> =20mA, Ta=-20~+80°C		4.3		6.7	V
		(See Test Circuit 9)					
Differential Input Clamp		I <sub>IDC</sub> =100mA, Ta=-20~+80°C		0.4		2	V
Voltage	V IDC	(See Test Circuit 10)		0.4		2	v
Maximum Current Voltage	V <sub>SM</sub>	I <sub>SM</sub> =7mA, Ta=25°C (See Test Circuit 11)		20		28	V
Supply Current 2(Note 4)	I <sub>S2</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> -V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>OS</sub> =0.6V, Ta=-20~+80°C				1100	uА
		(Note 5) (See Test Circuit 12)				1100	P*** 1
Latch Circuit is Off-State	V <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	Ta=25°C (See Test Circuit 13)		0.5			V
Supply Voltage (Note6)	0(011)						
Operating Time (Note 7)	T <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{\rm S}$ =16V, $V_{\rm R}$ -V <sub>I</sub> =0.3V,	Ta=25°C	2		4	ms
		(See Test Circuit 14)					-



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

- Notes: 1. Typical values are at Ta=25°C
  - 2. When standard value of voltage (60Hz) between V<sub>R</sub> and V<sub>I</sub> is minimum, and output O<sub>S</sub> is low-level, or when standard value of voltage (60Hz) between V<sub>R</sub> and V<sub>I</sub> is maximum, and output O<sub>S</sub> is high-level, it is considered as a good one.
  - 3. When standard value of voltage  $V_{SC(ON)}$  is minimum, and output  $O_S$  is low-level, or when standard value of voltage  $V_{SC(ON)}$  is maximum, and output  $O_S$  is high-level, it is considered as a good one.
  - 4. Supply current 2 is necessary to keep high in output O<sub>S</sub>.
  - 5. After applying 30mV between  $V_R$  and  $V_I$  and shorting between them, it is considered as a good one if standard value of IGT flows out of output  $O_{S_L}$
  - 6. After supply voltage applies 12V and output  $O_S$  is high-level, it is considered as a good one in the standard value of supply voltage and in the low-level of output  $O_S$ .
  - 7. Operating time is a time from applying fixed input till operating latch circuit in 0.047  $\mu\text{F}$  between  $O_D$  and GND.



## LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

#### TEST CIRCUITS





### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

High-Speed Leakage Circuit Breaker With UTC M54123L



Note: Gate current must be selected.

Please select voltage resistance by AC supply voltage

Note: The value of R1, R2, C4, and C5 should be chosen in order to keep at least 12V in Vs.

Please connect C4 (>1 $\mu$ F) and C2 (<1 $\mu$ F).

ZCT and load resistance  $R_L$  of ZCT are connected between input pin 1 and 2.

Protective resistance ( $R_P$ =100 $\Omega$ ) must be insurted.

RL and amplifier's output (in Pin 4) regulates sensitivity current

External capacitor C1 between pin 4 and GND is used for noise removal.

Please connect a varistor or a diode (2 pcs.) to ZCT in parallel, because of when large current is grounded in the primary side (AC line) of ZCT, the following situation can be abandoned: The wave form in the secondary side of ZCT is distorted and some signals do not appear in the output of amplifier.

Please connect capacitor (about 0.047µF) between pin 6 and pin 7.

Capacitor C6 between pin 1 and GND is about 0.047µF for removing noise.

Operating Time vs. Input Voltage



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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS





Vcc voltage generates by the constant voltage circuit in IC. This is measured not by M54123L but by a special element.



Bias Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Differential Amplifier Output Voltage, VoD

2.0

1.5

0.5

0

5

Ta=75°C

2<sup>5°</sup>C

6

වි 1.0

Differential Input Voltage  $riangle V_I = V_R - V_{IN} (mV)$ 

25°C

8

7

9

10

# LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

### ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Cont.)



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