

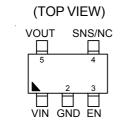
2μA I_Q, 300mA Low-Dropout Linear Regulator

General Description

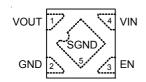
The RT9078 is a low-dropout (LDO) voltage regulator with enable function that operates from 1.2V to 5.5V. It provides up to 300mA of output current and offers low-power operation in miniaturized packaging.

The features of low quiescent current as low as $2\mu A$ and almost zero disable current is ideal for powering the battery equipment to a longer service life. The RT9078 is stable with the ceramic output capacitor over its wide input range from 1.2V to 5.5V and the entire range of output load current (0mA to 300mA).

Pin Configuration



TSOT-23-5



ZQFN-4L 1x1 (ZDFN-4L 1x1)

Features

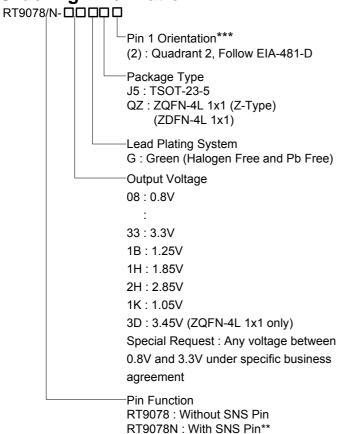
- 2µA Ground Current at no Load
- PSRR = 75dB at 1kHz
- Adjustable Output Voltage Available by Specific Application
- ±2% Output Accuracy
- 300mA (V_{IN} ≥ 1.7V) Output Current with EN
- Low (0.1μA) Disable Current
- 1.2V to 5.5V Operating Input Voltage
- Dropout Voltage: 0.15V at 300mA when V_{OUT} ≥ 3V
- Support Fixed Output Voltage 0.8V, 1.0V, 1.05V, 1.1V, 1.2V, 1.25V, 1.3V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 1.85V, 2.5V, 2.8V, 2.85V, 3V, 3.1V, 3.3V, 3.45V
- Stable with Ceramic or Tantalum Capacitor
- Current Limit Protection
- Over Temperature Protection
- TSOT-23-5 and ZQFN-4L 1x1 (ZDFN-4L 1x1) Packages Available

Applications

- Portable, Battery Powered Equipment
- Ultra Low Power Microcontrollers
- Notebook Computers



Ordering Information



Marking Information

For marking information, contact our sales representative directly or through a Richtek distributor located in your area.

Note:

Richtek products are:

- RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- ▶ Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

Functional Pin Description

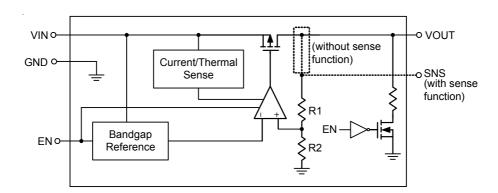
Pin No.		Pin Name	Pin Function	
TSOT-23-5	ZQFN-4L 1x1 (ZDFN-4L 1x1)	riii Naiile	Fill FullCuon	
1	4	VIN	Supply voltage input.	
2	2	GND	Ground.	
3	3	EN	Enable control input.	
4		SNS	Output voltage sense. (RT9078N only)	
4		NC	No internal connection.	
5	1	VOUT	Output of the regulator.	
	5 (Exposed Pad)	SGND	Substrate of chip. Leave floating or tie to GND.	

^{***}Empty means Pin1 orientation is Quadrant 1

^{**}Available for output target adjustment (Ex: RT9078N-08GJ5 with 0.8V reference level for output target adjustment)



Functional Block Diagram



Operation

Basic operation

The RT9078 is a low quiescent current linear regulator designed especially for low external components system. The input voltage range is from 1.2V to 5.5V.

The minimum required output capacitance for stable operation is 1µF capacitance after consideration of the temperature and voltage coefficient of the capacitor.

Output Transistor

The RT9078 builds in a P-MOSFET output transistor which provides a low switch-on resistance for low dropout voltage applications.

Error Amplifier

The Error Amplifier compares the internal reference voltage with the output feedback voltage from the internal divider, and controls the Gate voltage of P-MOSFET to support good line regulation and load regulation at output voltage.

Enable

The RT9078 delivers the output power when it is set to enable state. When it works in disable state, there is no output power and the operation quiescent current is almost zero.

Current-Limit Protection

The RT9078 provides current limit function to prevent the device from damages during over-load or shorted-circuit condition. This current is detected by an internal sensing transistor.

Over-Temperature Protection

The over-temperature protection function will turn off the P-MOSFET when the junction temperature exceeds 150°C (typ.), and the output current exceeds 80mA. Once the junction temperature cools down by approximately 20°C, the regulator will automatically resume operation.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

VIN, VOUT, SNS, EN to GND VOUT to VIN	
• Power Dissipation, P _D @ T _A = 25°C	0.07 10 0.07
TSOT-23-5	0.43W
ZQFN-4L 1x1 (ZDFN-4L 1x1)	0.44W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
TSOT-23-5, θ _{JA}	230.6°C/W
TSOT-23-5, θ _{JC}	21.8°C/W
ZQFN-4L 1x1 (ZDFN-4L 1x1), θ_{JA}	226°C/W
ZQFN-4L 1x1 (ZDFN-4L 1x1), θ_{JC}	43°C/W
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C
• Junction Temperature	150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to 150°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	
HBM (Human Body Model)	2kV
Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)	
• Input Voltage, VIN	1.2V to 5.5V

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{OUT} + 1 < V_{IN} < 5.5V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise specified)$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Fixed Output Voltage Rar	nge V _{OUT}		0.8		3.45	V	
DC Output Accuracy		I _{LOAD} = 1mA	-2		2	%	
SNS Reference Voltage (RT9078N-08GJ5 only)	for V _{REF}	I _{LOAD} = 1mA	0.784	0.8	0.816	V	
		$0.8V \le V_{OUT} < 1.05V$		0.7	0.97		
		$1.05V \leq V_{OUT} < 1.2V$		0.5	0.92	V	
		$1.2V \le V_{OUT} < 1.5V$		0.4	0.57		
		$1.5V \le V_{OUT} < 1.8V$		0.3	0.47		
Dropout Voltage (I _{LOAD} = 300mA) (Note	VDROP	$1.8V \leq V_{OUT} < 2.1V$		0.24	0.33		
(ILOAD - SOUTHA) (NOTE	(5)	2.1V ≤ V _{OUT} < 2.5V		0.21	0.3		
		$2.5V \leq V_{OUT} < 2.8V$		0.18	0.25	-	
		$2.8V \leq V_{OUT} < 3V$		0.16	0.23		
		3V ≤ V _{OUT}		0.15	0.2		
Dropout Voltage (I _{LOAD} = 200mA) (Note	vDROP	1.8V ≤ V _{OUT} < 2.1V		0.16	0.2	V	
Vcc Consumption Curren	ıt IQ	I_{LOAD} = 0mA, $V_{OUT} \le 5.5V$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{OUT} + V_{DROP}$		2	4	μΑ	



Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Shutdown GND Current (Note 6)			V _{EN} = 0V		-	0.1	0.5	μΑ	
Shutdown Leakage Current (Note 6)			V _{EN} = 0V, V _{OUT} = 0V		1	0.1	0.5	μΑ	
EN Input Current		I _{EN}	V _{EN} = 5.5V		1		0.1	μΑ	
			I _{LOAD} = 1mA	1.2\	$V \leq V_{IN} < 1.5V$	I	0.3	0.6	%
Line Regulation		ΔLINE		1.5\	$V \leq V_{IN} < 1.8V$		0.15	0.3	
				1.8\	/ ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 5.5V		0.13	0.35	
Load Regulation		∆LOAD	1mA < I _{LOAD} < 300mA			0.5	1	%	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio		PSRR	V_{IN} = 3V, I_{LOAD} = 50mA, C_{OUT} = 1 μ F, V_{OUT} = 2.5V, f = 1kHz			75		dB	
			450 Δ		V _{OUT} = 0.8V	1	38	1	\/5\/0
Output Voltage Noi	Outract Valle va Naisa				V _{OUT} = 1.2V	1	46	1	
Output Voltage Noi	se		100kHz, Vol		V _{OUT} = 1.8V	I	48	1	μVRMS
					V _{OUT} = 3.3V		51		
Output Current Lim	it	I _{LIM}	V _{OUT} = 90%V _{OUT} (Normal)		350	600		mA	
Enable Threshold	H-Level	VENH	V _{IN} = 5V		0.5	0.7	0.9	V	
Voltage	L-Level	VENL	V _{IN} = 5V		0.4	0.65	0.85	V	
Thermal Shutdown Temperature		T _{SD}	I _{LOAD} = 30mA, V _{IN} ≥ 1.5V			150		°C	
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis		ΔT _{SD}			1	20	1	°C	
Discharge Resistance			EN = 0V, V _{OUT} = 0.1V			80		Ω	

- **Note 1.** Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.
- Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured in the natural convection at T_A = 25°C on a two-layer Richtek Evaluation Board for ZQFN-4L 1x1 (ZDFN-4L1x1) Package.
 - θ_{JA} is measured at T_A = 25°C on a high effective thermal conductivity four-layer test board per JEDEC 51-7 for TSOT-23-5 Package.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.
- Note 5. The dropout voltage is defined as $V_{\text{IN}} V_{\text{OUT}}$, when V_{OUT} is 98% of the normal value of V_{OUT} . For the application under following condition :
 - $1.8V \leq V_{OUT} < 2.1V, \ I_{LOAD} = 200 mA, \ T_A = 85^{\circ}C, \ the \ maximum \ dropout \ voltage \ is \ guaranteed \ by \ design \ that \ not \ over \ 0.28V.$
- Note 6. The specification is tested at wafer stage and guaranteed by design after assembly.



Typical Application Circuit

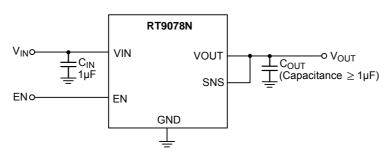


Figure 1. Application with Sense Function

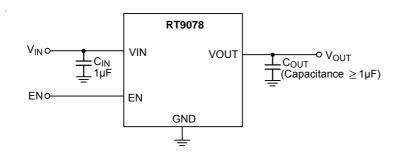


Figure 2. Application without Sense Function

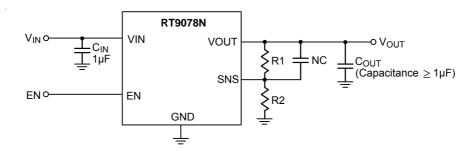
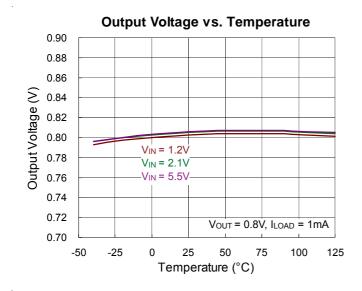
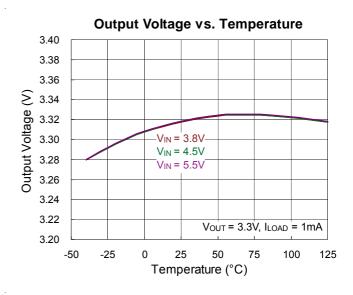


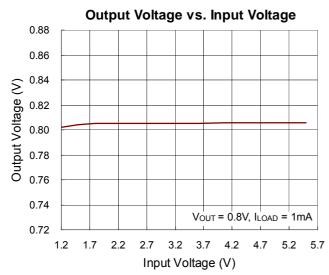
Figure 3. Adjustable Output Voltage Application Circuit

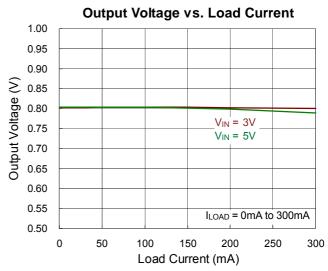


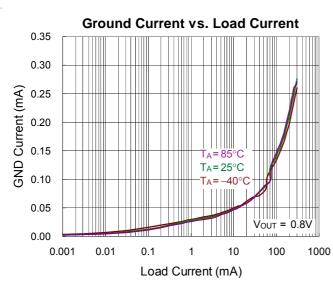
Typical Operating Characteristics

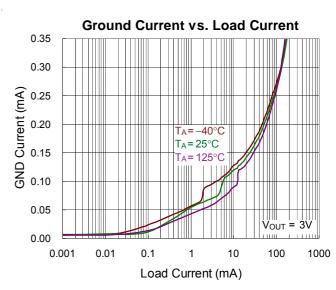






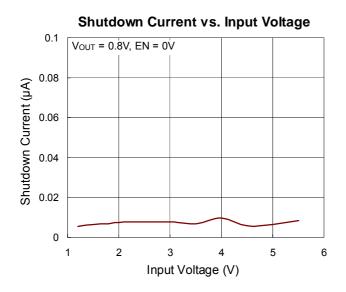


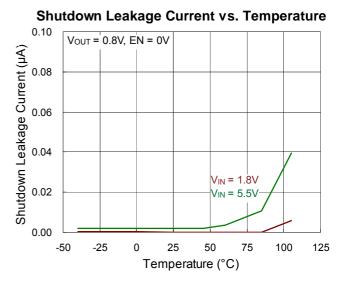


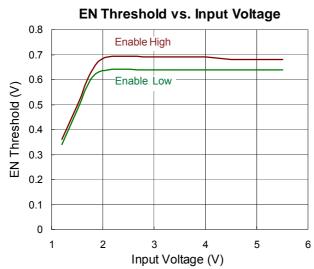


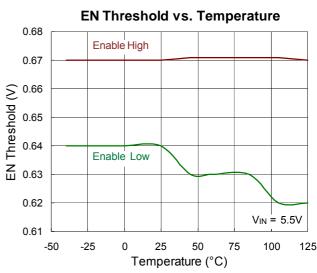
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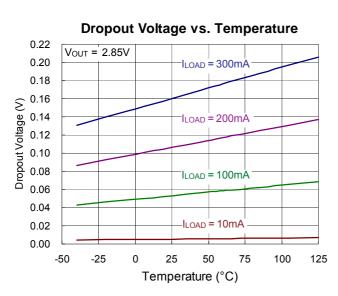


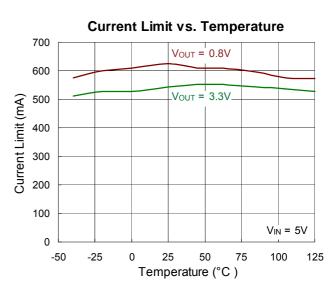




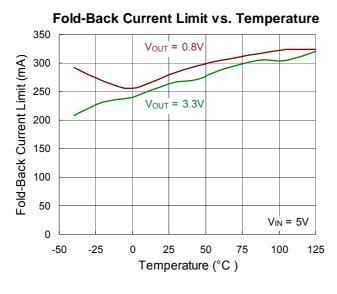


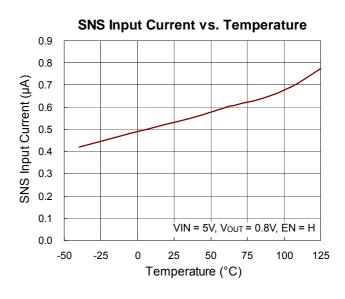


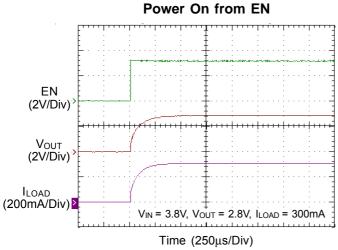


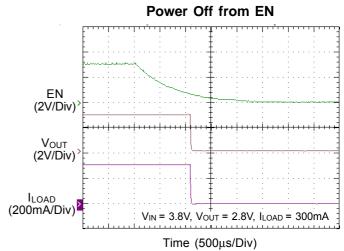


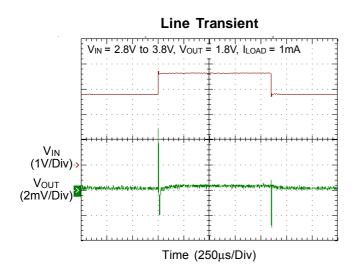


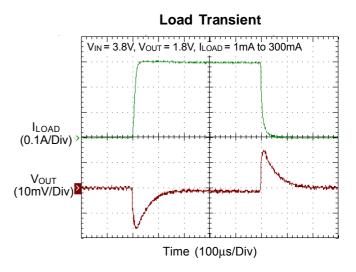






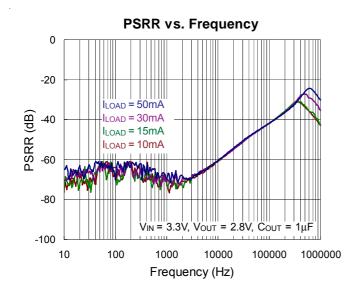


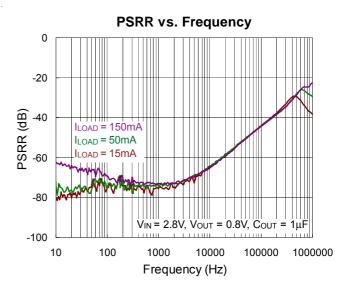


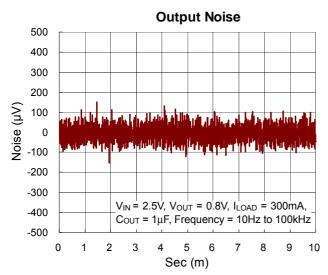


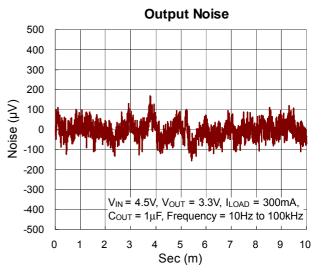
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Application Information

Like any low dropout linear regulator, the RT9078's external input and output capacitors must be properly selected for stability and performance. Use a $1\mu F$ or larger input capacitor and place it close to the IC's VIN and GND pins. Any output capacitor meeting the minimum $1m\Omega$ ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) and capacitance larger than $1\mu F$ requirement may be used. Place the output capacitor close to the IC's VOUT and GND pins. Increasing capacitance and decreasing ESR can improve the circuit's PSRR and line transient response.

Enable

The RT9078 has an EN pin to turn on or turn off the regulator. When the EN pin is in logic high, the regulator will be turned on. The shutdown current is almost 0μ A typical. The EN pin may be directly tied to V_{IN} to keep the part on. The Enable input is CMOS logic and cannot be left floating.

Adjustable Output Voltage Setting

Because of the small input current at the SNS pin, the RT9078N with SNS pin also can work as an adjustable output voltage LDO. Figure 3 gives the connections for the adjustable output voltage application. The resistor divider from VOUT to SNS sets the output voltage when in regulation.

The voltage on the SNS pin sets the output voltage and is determined by the values of R1 and R2. In order to keep a good temperature coefficient of output voltage, the values of R1 and R2 should be selected carefully to ignore the temperature coefficient of input current at the SNS pin. A current greater than $50\mu A$ in the resistor divider is recommended to meet the above requirement. The adjustable output voltage can be calculated using the formula given in equation 1 :

$$V_{OUT} = \frac{R1 + R2}{R2} \times V_{SNS} \tag{1}$$

where V_{SNS} is determined by the output voltage selections in the ordering information of the RT9078N. The maximum adjustable output voltage can be as high as input voltage deducted by the dropout voltage.

When we choose $51k\Omega$ and $16k\Omega$ as R1 and R2 respectively, and select a 0.8V output at SNS pin, the

adjustable output voltage will be set to around 3.35V. Its temperature coefficient in Figure 4 is still perfect in such kind of application.

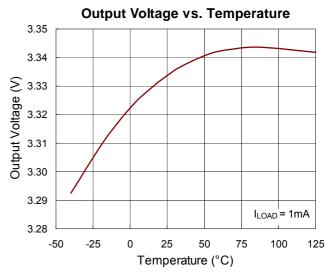


Figure 4. Temperature Coefficient of Adjustable Output Voltage

The minimum recommended $50\mu A$ in the resistor divider makes the application no longer an ultra low quiescent LDO. Figure 5 is another fine adjustable output voltage application can keep the LDO still operating in low power consumption. The fine tune range is recommended to be less than 50mV (R1 $\leq 91k\Omega)$ in order to keep a good temperature coefficient of the output voltage.

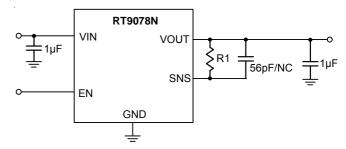


Figure 5. Fine Adjustable Output Voltage Application Circuit

There isn't extra current consumption in the above application. But the temperature coefficient of output voltage will be degraded by the input current at SNS pin. If the tuning range is larger than 50mV, a compensation capacitor (56pF) is required to keep the stability of output voltage. The fine adjustable output voltage is calculated using the formula given in equation 2:

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$$V_{OUT} = V_{SNS} + I_{SNS} \times R1$$
 (2)

where I_{SNS} is the input Current at SNS pin (typical 550nA at room temperature) and VSNS is determined by the output voltage selections in the ordering information of the RT9078N.

Current Limit

The RT9078 contains an independent current limiter, which monitors and controls the pass transistor's gate voltage, limiting the output current to 0.6A (typ.). The current limiting level is reduced to around 0.3A named fold-back current limit when the output voltage is further decreased. The output can be shorted to ground indefinitely without damaging the part.

Thermal Considerations

For continuous operation, do not exceed absolute maximum junction temperature. The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, PCB layout, rate of surrounding airflow, and difference between junction and ambient temperature. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by the following formula:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.

For recommended operating condition specifications the maximum junction temperature is 125°C and T_A is the ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is layout dependent. For TSOT-23-5 package, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is 230.6°C/W on a standard JEDEC 51-7 four-layer thermal test board. For ZQFN-4L 1x1 (ZDFN-4L 1x1) package, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is 226°C/W on a two-layer Richtek evaluation board. The maximum power dissipation at T_A = 25°C can be calculated by the following formula:

 $P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (230.6^{\circ}C/W) = 0.43W$ for TSOT-23-5 package

 $P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (226^{\circ}C/W) = 0.44W$ for ZQFN-4L 1x1 (ZDFN-4L 1x1) package

The maximum power dissipation depends on the operating

ambient temperature for fixed $T_{J(MAX)}$ and thermal resistance, θ_{JA} . The derating curve in Figure 6 allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power dissipation.

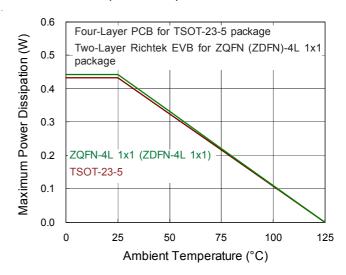


Figure 6. Derating Curve of Maximum Power Dissipation

Layout Consideration

For best performance of the RT9078, the PCB layout suggestions below are highly recommend:

- Input capacitor must be placed as close as possible to IC to minimize the power loop area.
- Minimize the power trace length and avoid using vias for the input and output capacitors connection.

Figure 7 and Figure 8 shows the examples for the layout reference which helps the inductive parasitic components minimization, load transient reduction and good circuit stability.

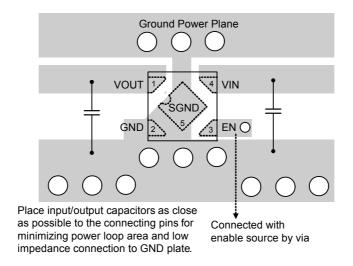


Figure 7. PCB Layout Guide for ZQFN-4L 1x1 package

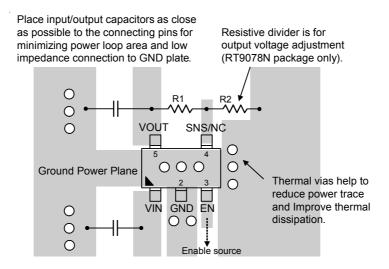
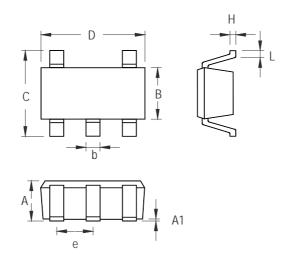


Figure 8. PCB Layout Guide for TSOT-23-5 package



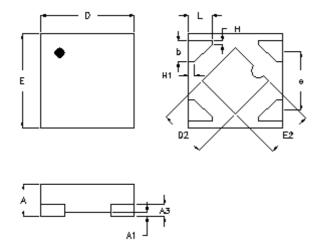
Outline Dimension

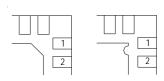


Cumb al	Dimensions	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min Max		Min	Max	
А	0.700	1.000	0.028	0.039	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
В	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071	
b	0.300	0.559	0.012	0.022	
С	2.591	3.000	0.102	0.118	
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122	
е	0.838	1.041	0.033	0.041	
Н	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010	
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024	

TSOT-23-5 Surface Mount Package







DETAIL A

Pin #1 ID and Tie Bar Mark Options

Note: The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

Symbol	Dimensions	In Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016	
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
А3	0.117	0.162	0.005	0.006	
b	0.175	0.275	0.007	0.011	
D	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043	
D2	0.450	0.550	0.018	0.022	
E	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043	
E2	0.450	0.550	0.018	0.022	
е	0.625		0.025		
L,	0.200	0.300	0.300 0.008		
Н	0.039		0.002		
H1	0.064		0.003		

Z-Type 4L QFN 1x1 Package

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