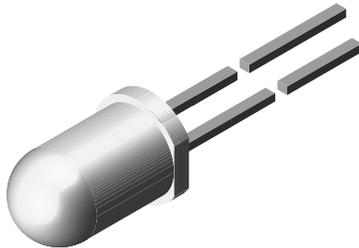


High Power Infrared Emitting Diode, 1450 nm, GaAlAs, MQW



94 8389

DESCRIPTION

CY-C5IR14 is an infrared, 1450 nm emitting diode in GaAlAs multi quantum well (MQW) technology with high radiant power and high speed molded in a blue-gray plastic package.

FEATURES

- Package type: leaded
- Package form: T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$
- Dimensions (in mm): \varnothing 5
- Peak wavelength: $\lambda_p = 1450$ nm
- High reliability
- High radiant power
- High radiant intensity
- Angle of half intensity: $\varphi = 15^\circ$
- Low forward voltage
- Suitable for high pulse current operation
- Good spectral matching with Si photodetectors
- Material categorization: For definitions of compliance please see www.chaoyuegd.com/doc?99912



RoHS
 COMPLIANT
 HALOGEN
FREE
GREEN
 (5-2008)

APPLICATIONS

- Infrared remote control units with high power requirements
- Free air transmission systems
- Infrared source for optical counters and card readers
- IR source for smoke detectors

PRODUCT SUMMARY

COMPONENT	I_e (mW/sr)	φ (deg)	λ_p (nm)	t_r (ns)
CY-C5IR14	170	15	1450	15

Note

- Test conditions see table "Basic Characteristics"

ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING CODE	PACKAGING	REMARKS	PACKAGE FORM
CY-C5IR14	Bulk	MOQ: 1000 pcs, 1000 pcs/bulk	T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$

Note

- MOQ: minimum order quantity

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Reverse voltage		V_R	5	V
Forward current		I_F	100	mA
Peak forward current	$t_p/T = 0.5, t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	I_{FM}	200	mA
Surge forward current	$t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	I_{FSM}	1.5	A
Power dissipation		P_V	160	mW
Junction temperature		T_j	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating temperature range		T_{amb}	-40 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	-40 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	$t \leq 5$ s, 2 mm from case	T_{sd}	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal resistance junction/ambient	J-STD-051, leads 7 mm soldered on PCB	R_{thJA}	230	K/W

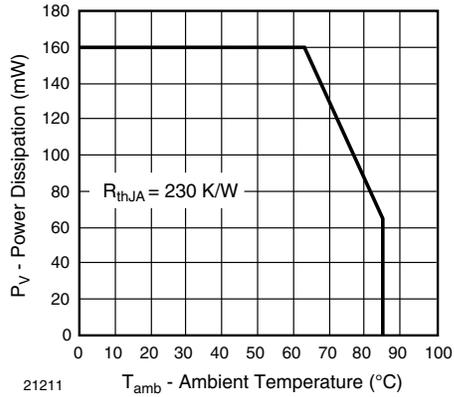


Fig. 1 - Power Dissipation Limit vs. Ambient Temperature

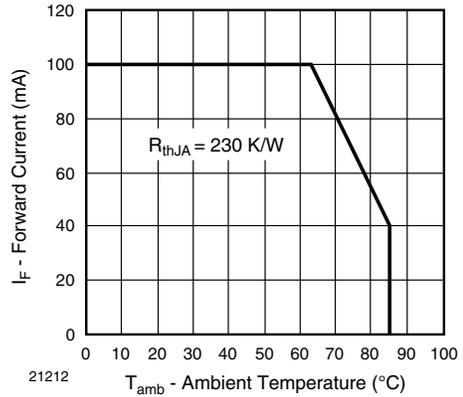


Fig. 2 - Forward Current Limit vs. Ambient Temperature

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Forward voltage	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	V_F		1.35	1.6	V
	$I_F = 1\text{ A}$, $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	V_F		2.2	3	V
Temperature coefficient of V_F	$I_F = 1\text{ mA}$	TK_{V_F}		-1.8		mV/K
Reverse current	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$	I_R			10	μA
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $E = 0$	C_j		40		pF
Radiant intensity	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	I_e	80	170	400	mW/sr
	$I_F = 1\text{ A}$, $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	I_e	650	1450		mW/sr
Radiant power	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$, $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	ϕ_e		40		mW
Temperature coefficient of ϕ_e	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$	TK_{ϕ_e}		-0.6		%/K
Angle of half intensity		φ		± 10		deg
Peak wavelength	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	λ_p		1450		nm
Spectral bandwidth	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	$\Delta\lambda$		30		nm
Temperature coefficient of λ_p	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	TK_{λ_p}		0.2		nm/K
Rise time	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	t_r		15		ns
Fall time	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	t_f		15		ns

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

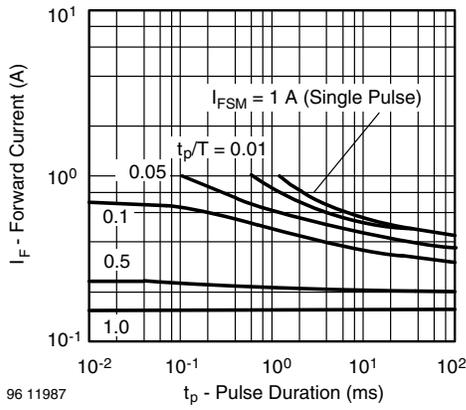


Fig. 3 - Pulse Forward Current vs. Pulse Duration

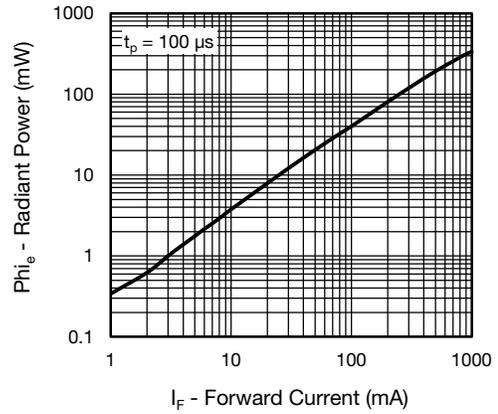


Fig. 6 - Radiant Power vs. Forward Current

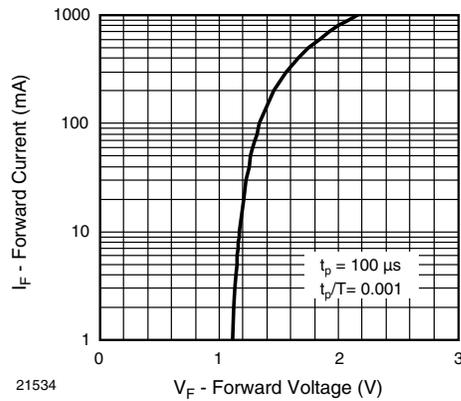


Fig. 4 - Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

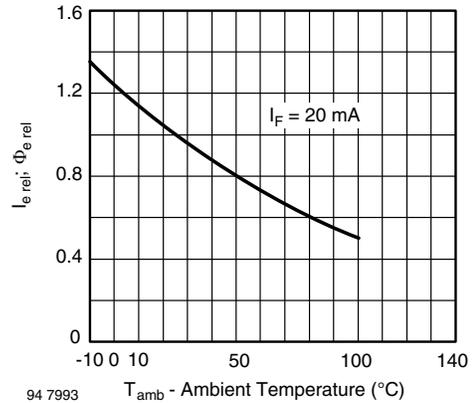


Fig. 7 - Rel. Radiant Intensity/Power vs. Ambient Temperature

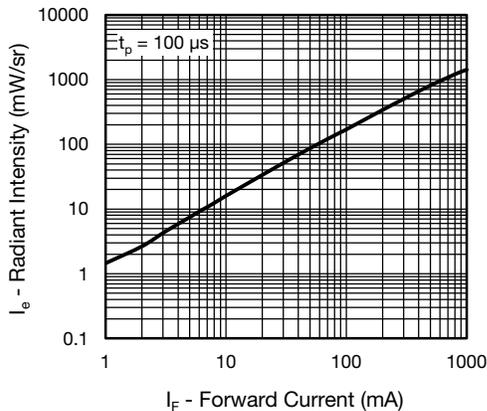


Fig. 5 - Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current

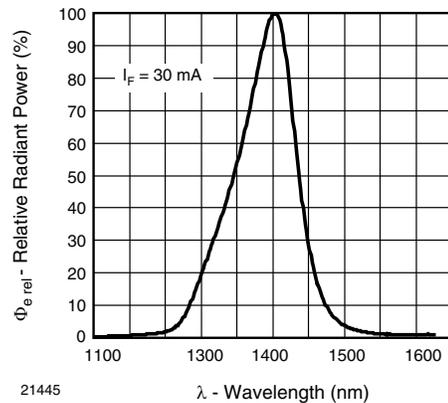


Fig. 8 - Relative Radiant Power vs. Wavelength

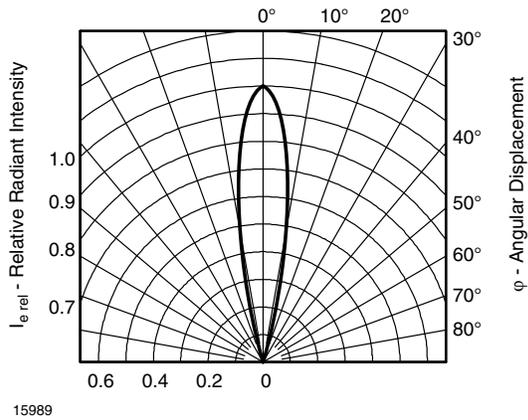
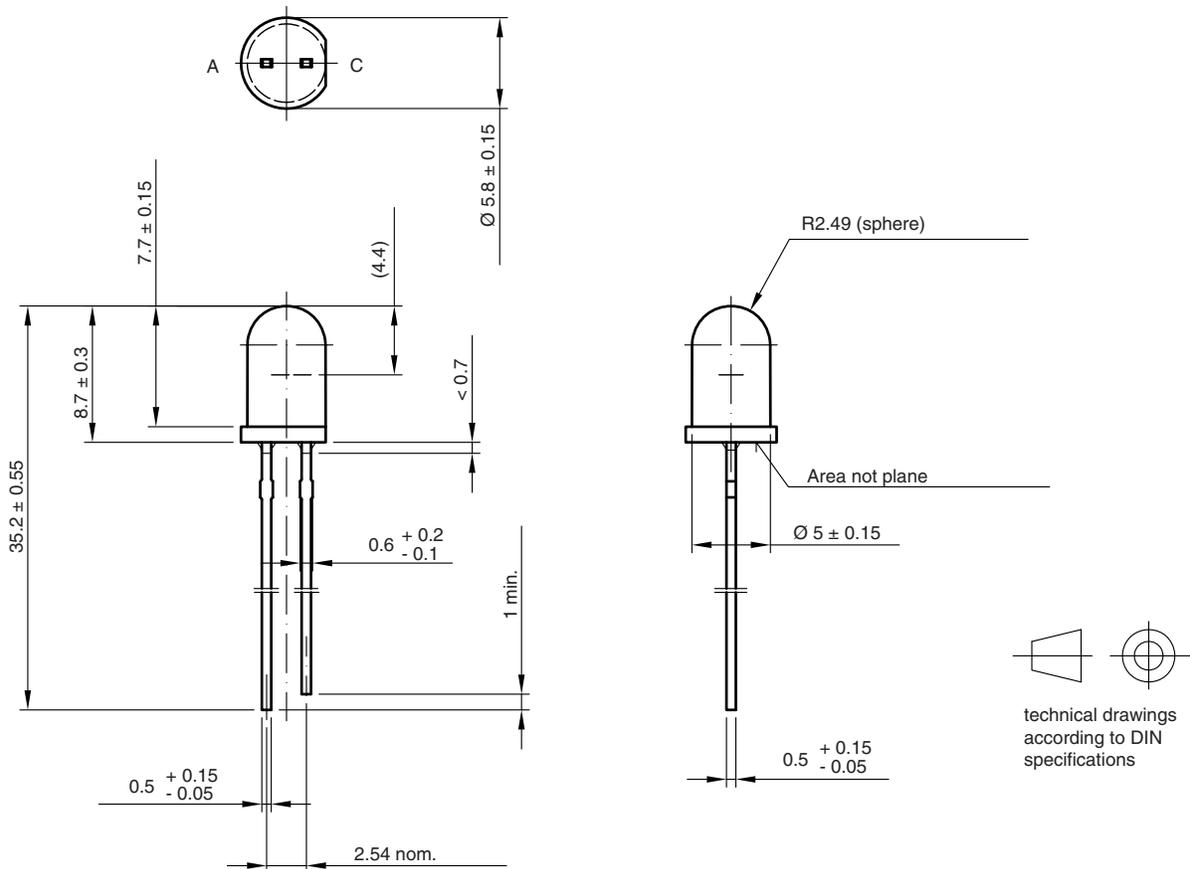


Fig. 9 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters



6.544-5259.08-4
Issue: 3; 19.05.09
14436