

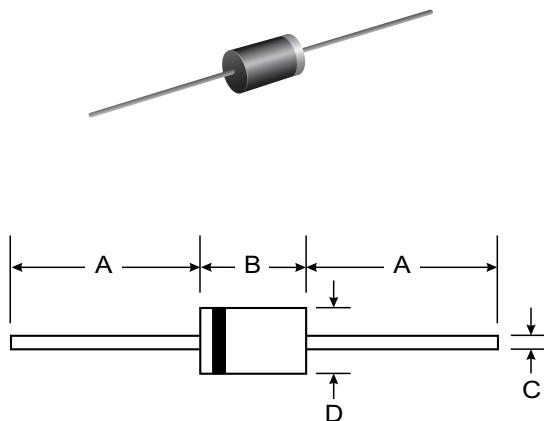
**VOLTAGE RANGE: 68 V**  
**POWER: 1500Watts**

#### Features

- Glass Passivated Die Construction
- 6.8V – 600V Standoff Voltage
- Uni- and Bi-Directional Versions Available
- Excellent Clamping Capability
- Fast Response Time
- Plastic Case Material has UL Flammability

#### Mechanical Data

- Case: DO-201AD Molded Plastic
- Terminals: Axial Leads, Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Polarity: Cathode Band or Cathode Notch
- Unidirectional – Device Code and Cathode Band
- Bidirectional – Device Code Only
- Weight: 1.20 grams (approx.)



DO-201AD		
Dim	Min	Max
A	25.40	—
B	7.20	9.50
C	1.00	1.20
D	4.80	5.30

All Dimensions in mm

#### Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics @T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Pulse Power Dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Note 1, 2, 5) Figure 3	PPPM	1500 Minimum	W
Peak Forward Surge Current (Note 3)	IFSM	200	A
Peak Pulse Current on 10/1000μS Waveform (Note 1) Figure 1	IPPM	See Table 1	A
Steady State Power Dissipation (Note 2, 4)	PM(AV)	5.0	W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>j</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to +175	°C

Note: 1. Non-repetitive current pulse, per Figure 1 and derated above T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C per Figure 4.

2. Mounted on 40mm<sup>2</sup> copper pad.

3. 8.3ms single half sine-wave duty cycle = 4 pulses per minutes maximum.

4. Lead temperature at 75°C = T<sub>L</sub>.

5. Peak pulse power waveform is 10/1000μS.

# 创亿电子

TYPE		Reverse Stand-Off Voltage	Breakdown Voltage Min. @ $I_T$	Breakdown Voltage Max. @ $I_T$	Test Current	Maximum Clamping Voltage @ $I_{PP}$	Peak Pulse Current	Reverse Leakage @ $V_{RWM}$
(UNI)	(BI)	$V_{RWM}$ (V)	$V_{BR\ MIN}$ (V)	$V_{BR\ MAX}$ (V)	$I_T$ (mA)	$V_c$ (V)	$I_{PP}$ (A)	$I_R$ (uA)
1.5KE68A	1.5KE68CA	58.1	64.6	71.4	1.0	92.0	16.5	5.0

Ratings and Characteristic Curves  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

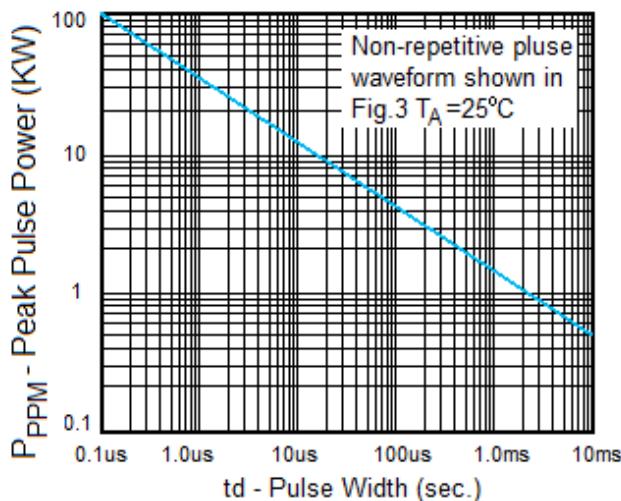


Fig. 1 Peak Pulse Power Rating

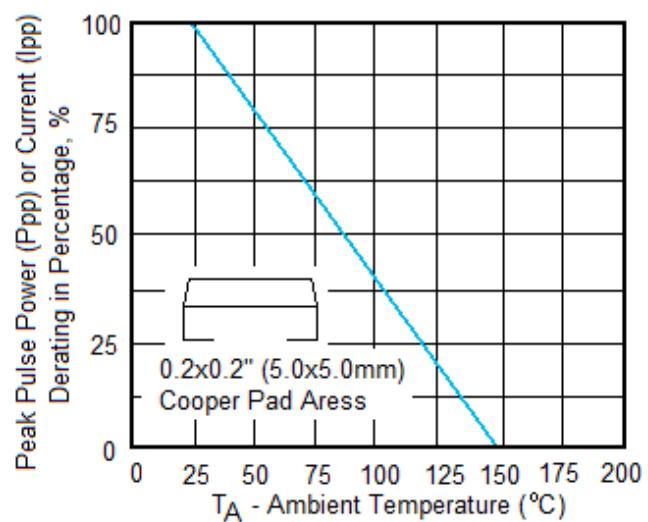


Fig.2 Pulse Derating Curve

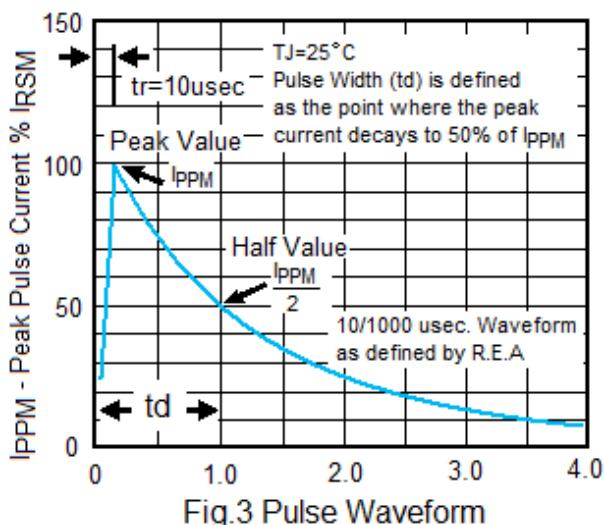


Fig.3 Pulse Waveform

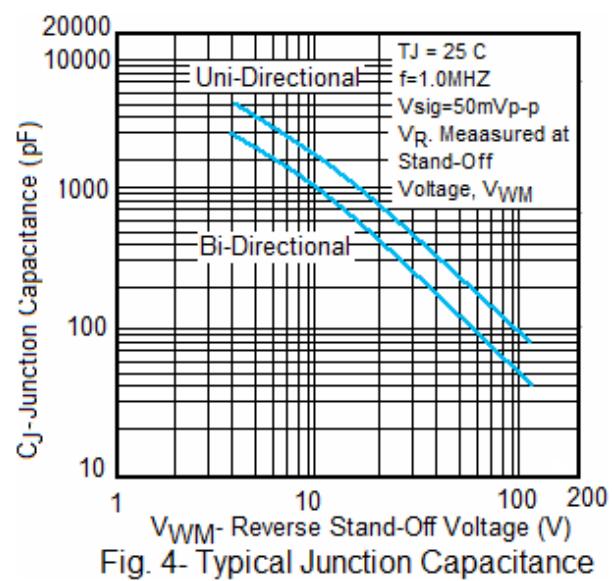


Fig. 4- Typical Junction Capacitance